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Haskell, Arthur Jacob; Wurlitzer, Robert Edward

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THE EFFECT OF INITIAL DEFLECTION ON THE STRESS DISTRIBUTION IN A PANEL OF SHIP'S PLATING UNDER TENSILE LOAD

ARTHUR JACOB HASKELL AND ROBERT EDWARD WURLITZER 1953 Library U. S. Naval Postgraduate School Monterey, California





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MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
CAMBRIDGE, 39, MASSACHUSETTS

8 June 1953

From: LTJG A. J. HASKELL, USN (Nember of the Naval Construction and Engineering, NB5 Group, M.I.T.)

To : Superintendent, U. S. Naval Postgraduate School

Via: Commanding Officer

Subj: Thesis pages; forwarding of

Ref: (a) Ltr from Sr. Member, Naval Construction and Engineering, NB3 Group, M.I.T. of 28 May 1953, with CO, USNAU, MIT, first-endorsement NCl/1 Pl1-3(Th)(NB3) Ser 398 of 28 May 1953 (Restricted)

Encl: (1) 2 sets of 13 superseding pages for 2 copies of theses (total of 26 pages)

1. Reference (a) submitted among others two copies of a thesis entitled "The Effect of Initial Deflection on the Stress Distribution in a Panel of Ship's Plating under Tensile Load", prepared by LTJG's A. J. Haskell and R. E. Wurlitzer, USN. It is requested that enclosure (1), thesis pages numbered as follows, be inserted in the two copies of the above-named thesis and that the pages thereby superseded be destroyed:

Page 18
Figure XIII, Page 22
Figure XXXIII, Page 44
Figure XXXIV, Page 45
Figure XXXV, Page 46
Figure XXXVI, Page 47
Figure XXXVII, Page 48
Figure XXXVIII, Page 49
Figure XXXIX, Page 50
Figure XL, Page 51
Page 55
Page 56
Page 60

A. J. HASKELL Lieutenant (jg), USN

FIRST ENDORSEMENT

NC1/1, Pl1-3(Th)(NB3), Ser 442 9 June 1953

From: Commanding Officer

To : Superintendent, U. S. Naval Postgraduate School

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THE RFFECT OF INITIAL DEFLECTION

ON THE STRESS DISTRIBUTION IN A PANEL

OF SHIP'S PLATING UNDER TRESILE LOAD

by

ARTHUR JACOB HASKELL
Lieutenant Junior Grade, U. S. Navy
B.S., United States Naval Academy
(1947)

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SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT
OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF
MAYAL ENGINEER

at the

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

May 1953



ABSTRACT

THE EFFECT OF INITIAL DEFLECTION ON THE STRESS DISTRIBUTION IN A PANEL OF SHIP'S PLATING UNDER TENSILE LOAD

by

Arthur J. Haskell, lieutenant Junior Grade, U. . Navy

Robert E. Wurlitzer, Lieutenant Junior Grade, U. S. Navy

Submitted to the Department of Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering on 25 May 1953 in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Naval Engineer.

The object of this work was to commence an investigation whose ultimate aim would be to quantitatively relate the maximum stress in a ship's panel under uniform tension to the amount of deflection initially present in that panel. The results of such an investigation may provide information related to ship failure and may further provide plating deflection criteria for shipbuilders.

The method of testing was as follows:

1. An $18^{\circ} \times 6^{\circ} \times 1/8^{\circ}$ stiffened panel, representative of ship's plating, was constructed and welded to pulling members adapted to fit a 300,000 pound tensile testing machine. One of the two panels tested was plane, the other had deflection roughly equal in magnitude to the plate thickness.

2. SR-4 rectangular rosette strain gages were utilized to obtain the strain pattern on both sides of the plate.

3. The samples were then tested, strain readings taken at loads from 20,000 to 140,000 pounds at 20,000 pound increments.

Calculations were performed to obtain the pattern of principal strains existing on the plates. The test results were then modified to represent a condition of uniform strain along the edge.

The results showed that the points of maximum deflection of the distorted plate supported very little of the load, while very high

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stresses existed near the stiffeners. This did not appear to be the case for the plane panel. It was considered that the results of the two tests conducted did not yield sufficient information to quantitatively relate stress distribution and initial deflection.

Recommendations for future work included the following suggestions:

1. Construction and testing of more samples of varying amounts of deflection and aspect ratio.

2. Investigation of the possibility of modifying the design of the pulling members to obtain a more uniform load condition at the edge.

3. Integration of stress curves at edge and center of plate

to verify test data.

4. Eventually preparation of plots of maximum deflection to plate thickness ratio versus ratio of maximum stress to uniform stress along plate edge.

Thesis Supervisor: John Harvey Evans
Title: Associate Professor of Naval Architecture

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Cambridge Massachusetts May 25, 1953

Secretary of the Faculty
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Cambridge 39, Massachusetts

Dear Sir:

In accordance with the requirements for the Degree of Naval Engineer, we submit herewith a thesis entitled, "The Effect of Initial Deflection on the Stress Distribution in a Panel of Ship's Plating under Tensile Load".

Respectfully yours,



ACKNOWLEDGHERT

The authors wish to acknowledge their indebtedness to

Professor J. H. Evans for his helpful advice and criticism

and to those members of the Mechanical Engineering, and

Raval Architecture and Marine Engineering Departments with
out whose cooperation this thesis could not have been written.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

I	ISTRODUCTION	
11	PROGEDURZ	
	2.1 Design of Test Section	
	2.2 Design of Pulling Members 8	
	2.3 Joining Test Section and Pulling Members 8	
	2.4 Fabrication 9	
	2.5 Contour Measuring Device 9	
	2.6 Preparation of Panel 1 and Equipment for test 11	
	2.7 Test of Panel 1	
	2.8 Preparation and Test of Panel 2	
	2.9 Stress-Strain Curve	
	2.10 Nethod of Analysis	
III	RESULTS	
	3.1 Results of Test on Panel 1	
	3.2 Results of Test on Panel 2	
-		
IA	DISCUSSION OF RESULTS	
	4.1 Surface Strain Considerations	
	4.2 Boving of Transverse Stiffeners	
	4.3 Discussion of Uniform Strain Curves	
-		
Y	COMCLUSIONS	
AI	RECOMMENDATIONS	
TII	APPENDIX	
	Appendix A - Test Data	
	Appendix B - Calculations of Principal Strains 71	
	Appendix G - Results of Rosette Calculations 10	
	Appendix D - References	

Invitation for a local

4				•	×		۰	٠	*				•						9		,			٥	20	323	75)					I
75.	*			6		•				٠	4	٠	۰	۰			۰					9							d			EE
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LIST OF FIGURES

II Test Section and Pulling Members	Panel		•			7
IV Contour Measuring Device	Pan		•	•	•	
	Panel	ol				10
V Location of Strain Gages on Unstiffened Side of I	nel		1			10
		1			•	12
VI Location of Strain Gages on Stiffened Side of Par						13
VII Switching Unit						15
VIII Hydraulic Testing Machine Control Panel					•	16
IX Sample Mounted in Machine						17
X Contour Map of Panel 2						19
XI Transverse Section through Panel 2				•	•	30
XII Location of Strain Gages on Unstiffened Side of 1	Pane	1	3			21
XIII Location of Strain Gages on Stiffened Side of Pag	lei	2				22
XIV Stress-Strain Curve for Steel of Test Panel						24
XV Strain versue Location for Panel 1 at 40,000 pour	ad ?	los	ad			26
XVI Strain versus Location for Panel 1 at 120,000 por	ind	10)8(1.		27
XVII Strain versus Location for Panel 2 at 40,000 pour	ad I	Los	ıd			28
XVIII Strain versus Location for Panel 2 at 120,000 por	bai	10)8(1.		39
XIX Cross-Curve at Station 4 for Panel 1						30
XX Cross-Curve at Station 6 for Panel 1						31
XXI Cross-Curve at Station 8 for Panel 1						32
XXII Cross-Curve at Station 12 for Panel 1						33
XXIII Gross-Curve at Station 16 for Fanel 1						34
XXIV Cross-Curve at Station 18 for Panel 1						35
XXV Cross-Ourve at Station 20 for Panel 1						36
XXVI Cross-Curve at Station 5 for Panel 2						
XXVII Cross-Curve at Station 7 for Panel 2						38
XXVIII Cross-Curve at Station 9 for Panel 3						39
XXIX Cross-Curve at Station 12 for Panel 2						
XXX Cross-Curve at Station 14 for Panel 2						
XXXI Oross-Curve at Station 17 for Panel 2						

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The	TYOU
Committee of the contract of the contract of	THYES
The	
Ob	REFE
Dr	332
The same of the time and the same of the s	IIII

LIST OF FIGURES (continued)

IIXXX	Cross-	- a	TLAG 1	at Station 19 for Panel 2	43
XXXIII	Panel	1	with	Uniform Strain of 500 micro-inches per inch in Edge	44
XXXIA	Panel	1	with	Uniform Strain of 1000 micro-inches per inch in Edge	45
XXXX	Panel	1	with	Uniform Strain of 1500 micro-inches per inch in Edge	46
IAXXX	Panel	1	with	Uniform Strain of 2000 micro-inches per inch in Edge	47
IIVXXX	Panel	2	vith	Uniform Strain of 500 micro-inches per inch in Edge	48
XXXXIII	Panel	2	with	Uniform Strain of 1000 micro-inches per inch in Edge	49
XXXIX	Panel	2	with	Uniform Strain of 1500 micro-inches per inch in Edge	50
XL	Panel	3	with	Uniform Strain of 2000 micro-inches per inch in Edge	51

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vi.	4			and and a make the to a series of the state	PITTER
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			4	sident-state ocht to obsett erntlet eibe a feret	XLENA
0.			9	parleul - subjection of the state of the sta	well again the

LIST OF TABLES

I	Original Data Panel 1				•			63
II	Original Data Panel 2				•			67
III	Calculation of Frincipal Strains Panel 1, 20,000 pound load		•					73
IA	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 1, 40,000 pound load							74
٧	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 1, 60,000 pound load							76
AI	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 1, 80,000 pound load							78
IIV	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 1, 100,000 pound load							80
AIII	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 1, 120,000 pound load							82
IX	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 1, 140,000 pound load							84
X	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 2, 20,000 pound load							86
XI	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 2, 40,000 pound load							88
XII	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 2, 60,000 pound load							90
XIII	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 2, 80,000 pound load							92
XIA	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 2, 100,000 pound load							
XY	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 2, 120,000 pound load							
XVI	Calculation of Principal Strains Panel 2, 140,000 pound load							
XVII	Results of Rosette Calculations for							
TILLA	Results of Rosette Calculations for	Pa	nel	2				103

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601			e		٠		a a		9	bishing of Principal Strates	21
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I INTRODUCTION

structures in recent years have led to many investigations into the causes of these failures. On page 10 of reference (1) it was concluded that, "The fractures in welded ships were caused by notches and by steel which was notch sensitive at operating temperatures.

When an adverse combination of these occurs the ship may be unable to resist the bending moments of normal service". Notches, whose presence is considered necessary to initiate failure may be caused in several ways. Notches resulting from fabrication or inadvertently built into the design (as at hatch corners) have been previously considered. High stress concentrations in a localised area of ship's plating may cause a local fracture which may form the notch needed to initiate failure.

A theory advanced to the authors by Professor J. H. Evans, of
Massachusetts Institute of Technology relates the variation in stress
concentration to the amount of initial bulge in the panel between
stiffeners of a section of ship plating. Suppose, for example, initial
bulge exists in a section of a transversely framed ship's hull. In
addition let us assume that the section is in tension (as a section of
the bottom shell would be with the ship sagging). The section of the
plating containing the bulge will be unable to assume its apportioned
share of the load until the deflection is removed. The section of the
plating adjacent to the longitudinal numbers will therefore receive and
maintain a disproportionately high part of the load. It is conceivable
that the high stresses developed could cause cracking, and subsequent

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failure, in this region before the distorted section began to carry its portion of the load.

Several investigations have included observations which tend to substantiate the foregoing ideas. The authors' research has not disclosed any work which relates initial deformation to stress distribution. The Admiralty Ship Welding Committee reports of the full scale tests on the Neverita, Newcombia, Ocean Vulcan, and Clan Alpine are reviewed by Turnbull in reference (2). The findings of interest to this report are well summarized in Figure I, (reproduced from reference 2). The stresses in the way of the longitudinal stiffeners of the welded ship for both hogging and sagging are much greater than the stresses clear of that stiffening. Note that this is not as true for the case of the riveted ship. The report states: "The unfairness of the bottom plating between frames clear of the longitudinal stiffening in the welded Ocean Vulcen was in general about double that of the riveted sister ship". Thus the difference in stress from the center of the panel to the stiffeners would be expected to be less in the riveted ship than in the case of the welded ship.

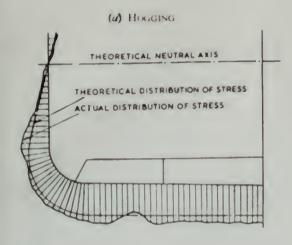
These observations indicate that it is probably true that initial distortion has an effect on stress concentration. That this effect is great enough to initiate ship failure has not been determined. The idea motivating the authors was to commence an investigation whose ultimate aim would be to quantitatively relate the maximum stress in a ship's plate under uniform tension to the amount of bulge initially present in that plate. It is felt that the results of this investigation

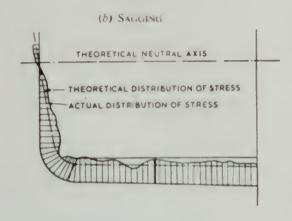
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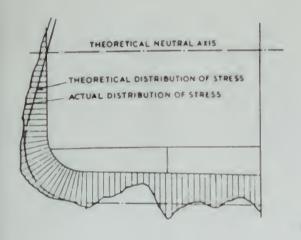
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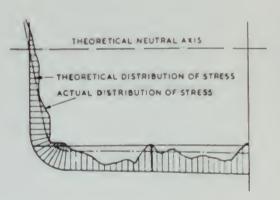
Distribution of longitudinal stresses for bottom shell plating near amidships for merchant vessels.





RIVETED SHIP





WELDED SHIP



may provide information related to ship failure and may further provide plating deflection criteria for shipbuilders.

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II PROCEDURE

2.1 Design of Test Section

The design and construction of the samples together with the selection of the testing machine were the first problems faced. It was considered desirable to test a sample representative of ship's stiffened plating. The design of the test section was governed by several practical considerations. The thinnest plate that it was considered practical to weld by the conventional continuous process was 1/8 inch thick. The longitudinal stiffeners were selected to provide adequate stiffness with the minimum cross-sectional area. The width of the sample, 24 inches, was then determined by the 300,000 pound capacity of the tensile testing machine available. The fracture load of the machine was limited to 225,000 pounds. This corresponds to an average stress of 60,000 p.s.i. for the sample as designed. Longitudinal stiffeners were then placed 18 inches apart. The distance between transverse stiffeners was set at 6 inches to give an aspect ratio of 3:1 inside the stiffeners, considered to be a representative value.

The specimen constructed for testing is illustrated in Figures II and III. It consists of the test panel to which are welded the pulling members. The 12" x 24" test panel is constructed of 1/8 inch medium tensile steel, minimum tensile strength 60,000 p.s.i., maximum carbon content 0.31%, Federal Specification N-48-5-5, Grade N. The transverse angles are 1\frac{1}{2}" x 2\frac{1}{2}" x 3/16" and the intercostal longitudinal angles are 1-3/8" x 7/8" x 3/16". The angle material is Federal

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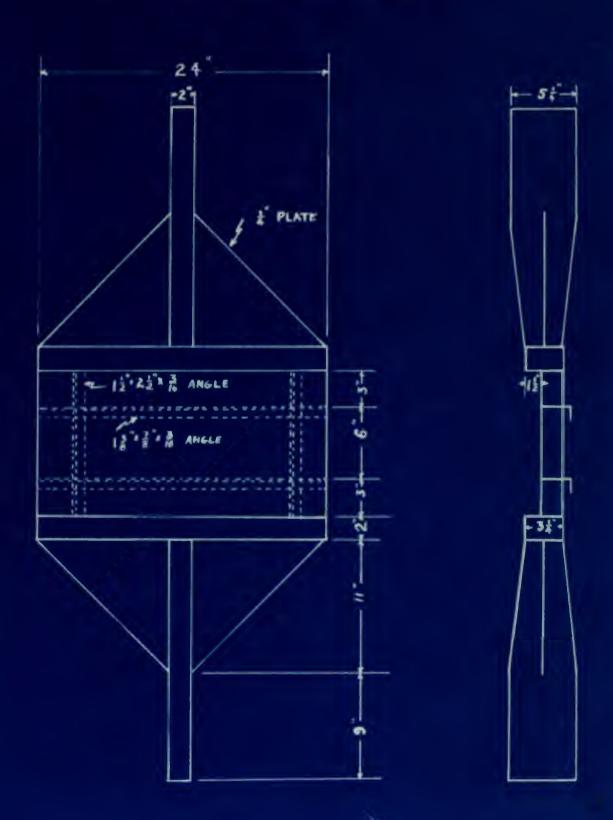
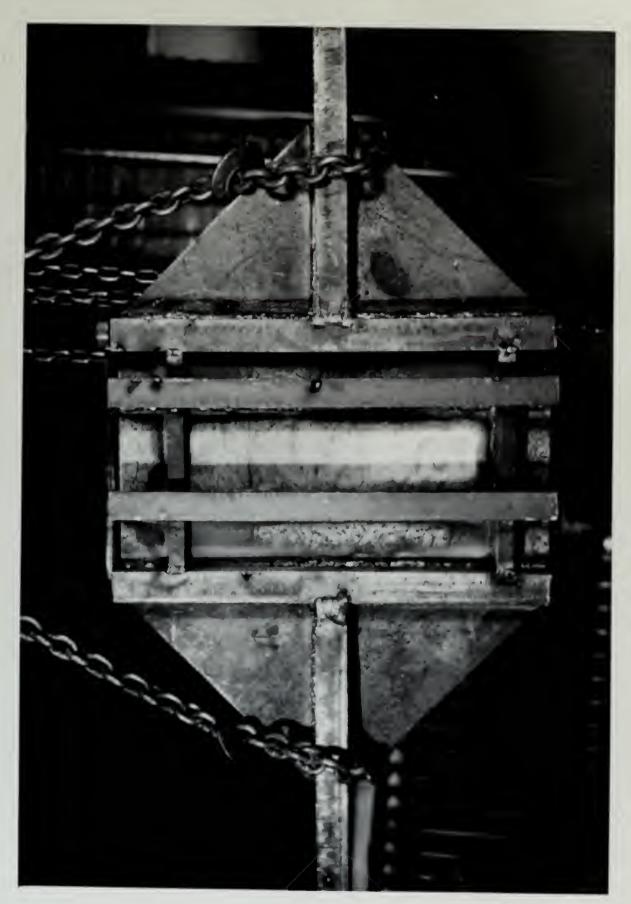
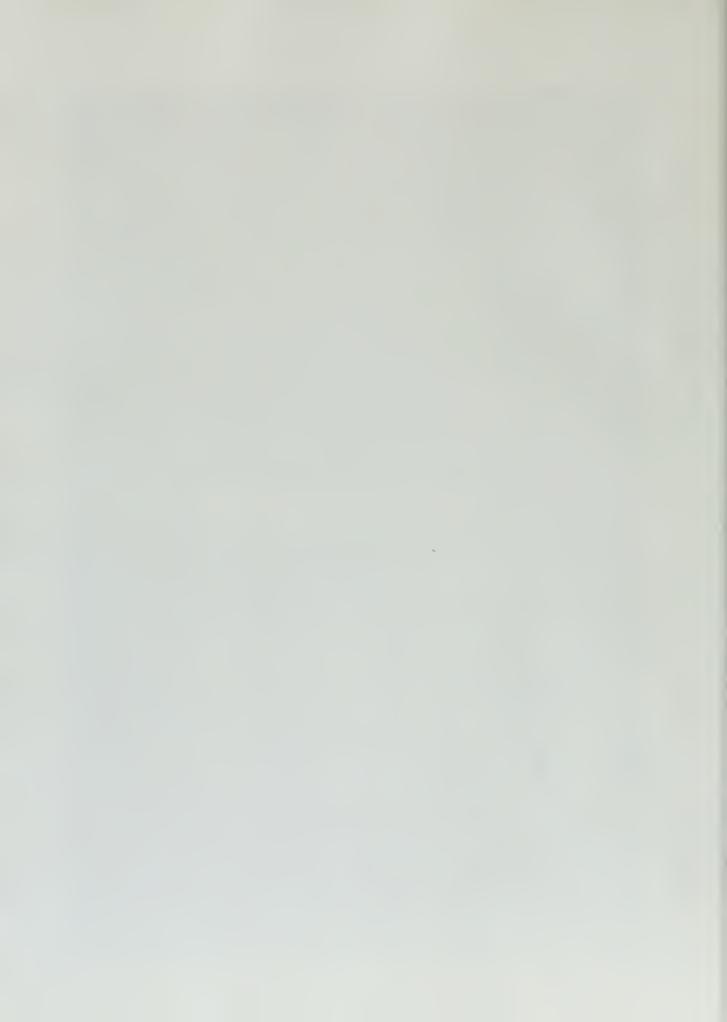


FIGURE III
Test Section and Pulling Members





Specification M-46-8-1, Grade M. Type A, hot-rolled carbon steel, minimum tensile strength 60,000 p.s.i.

2.2 Design of the Pulling Members

Adapting the specimen to be fitted into the jaws of the testing machine and at the same time providing a condition approaching uniform tension along the length of the test section were the controlling factors in the design of the pulling members. The design of these units included the following features:

- 2.2.1 A 24 inch long, 2 inch thick steel plate is welded to the specimen. This relatively thick plate was selected to help transform the essentially point load of the machine to a uniform tensile load at the sample.
- 2.2.2 1/4 inch gusset plates were fitted to assist in obtaining the uniform tension desired.
- 2.2.3 The 5½" x 2" dimensions at the pulling member head gave adequate cross-sectional area to transmit loads up to 300,000 pound limit of the machine. This area was reduced as the vertical member approached the sample. This safely reduced the weight of the pulling members, since the lost area was supplied by the gusset plates.
- 2.2.4 The pulling members were constructed of the same material as the 1/8 inch plate.

2.3 Joining Test Section and Pulling Members

The design provided for a welded joint between test section and pulling members. The connection was made so that the neutral axis of

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the pulling member coincided with the neutral axis of the platestiffener combination. This was done to eliminate bending as much as was possible.

2.4 Fabrication

The construction of the samples was undertaken by the Shipfitter Shop of the Boston Naval Shippard, Boston, Massachusetts. The fabrication process used for construction of the undistorted sample was as follows. The sample was dogged down and the weld deposited around the inside of the stiffeners using a block and backstep sequence. The same process was repeated around the outside of the stiffeners. It was originally decided to attempt to introduce distortion into the samples by varying the welding sequence. It was found that the unsupported length between transverse stiffeners was not great enough to allow distortion of the depth desired. It was finally decided to heat a sample with an oxy-acetylene torch. By heating and air cooling the center section of the specimen it was possible to introduce the desired amount of distortion in the plating. It is estimated that the sample did not exceed a temperature of 1700° F during the process, so that it is considered that the metallurgical structure of the steel did not change from its previous condition.

2.5 Contour Measuring Device

In order to measure the distortion of the samples a contour measuring device was constructed. (See Figure IV). It consists of four brass legs whose vertical height may be adjusted by means of threaded

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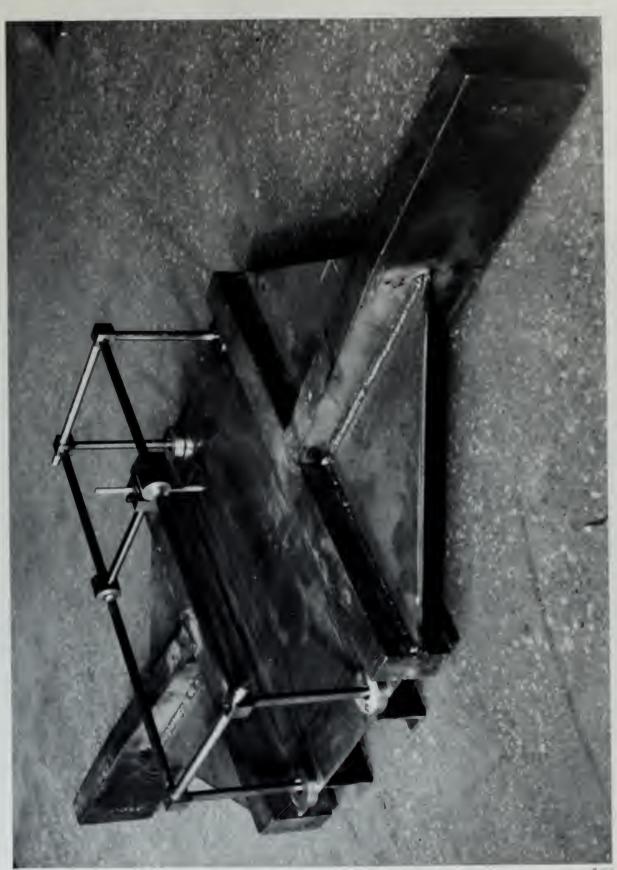
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FIGURE IV
Contour Measuring Device



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base pieces. On the cylindrical supports between the legs rides a horizontal carriage whose position can be varied along the length of these supports. On the carriage is a holder for a dial-gage which can be moved back and forth on the carriage. The measuring process consists of first adjusting the plane of the measuring device parallel to the theoretical plane including the four points of intersection of the stiffeners on the unstiffened side (henceforth referred to as the reference plane). This can be done as long as the plane has not twisted. The amount of distortion in the panel between stiffeners is then measured. A contour map can then be prepared with the data obtained.

2.6 Preparation of Panel 1 and Equipment for Test

It was decided to use a relatively plane sample for the first test. The panel selected, henceforth referred to as Panel 1, was determined to be within \pm 0.003 inches of the reference plane.

The strain gages selected to measure the plate strains were Baldwin SR-4 Type AR-1. These are rectangular (45°) resettes, whose component gage lengths are 13/16 inch. Resettes were selected because it was desired to determine the angle between the axis of principal strain and the axis of pull. The location of the resettes is depicted in Figures V and VI. The gage locations on the stiffened side are drawn as if the panel were transparent and an observer were looking through from the unstiffened side. The gage locations were selected to attempt to obtain an over-all picture of the strain distribution. Gages on the edge were located to determine if uniform tension along the edge was obtained and if symmetry about the center of the panel was realizable. Particular interest in the nature of the strains near the stiffeners is reflected by

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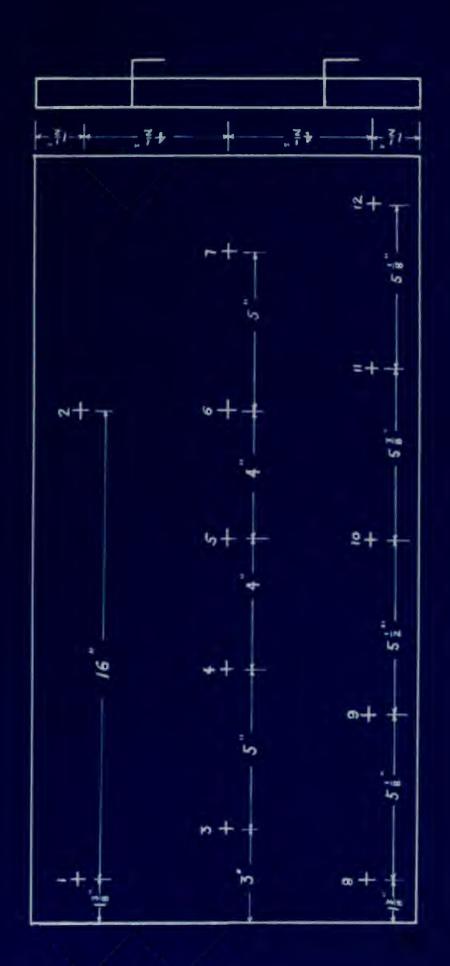
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FIGURE I

PANEL ONE OF SIDE UNSTIFFENED NO GAGES LOCATION OF STRAIN



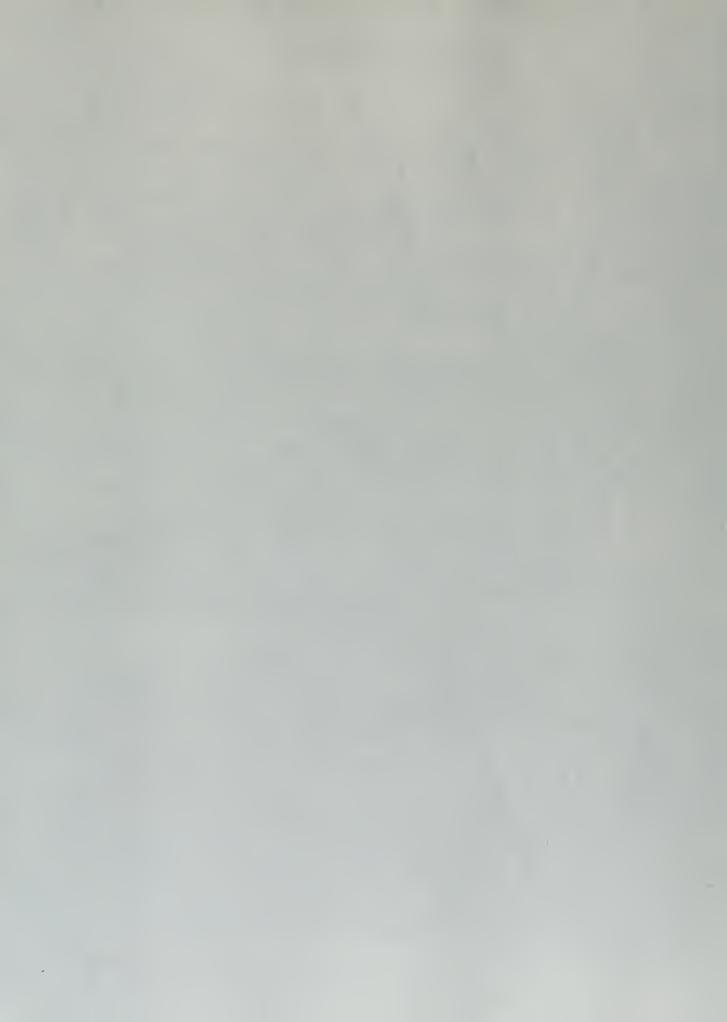
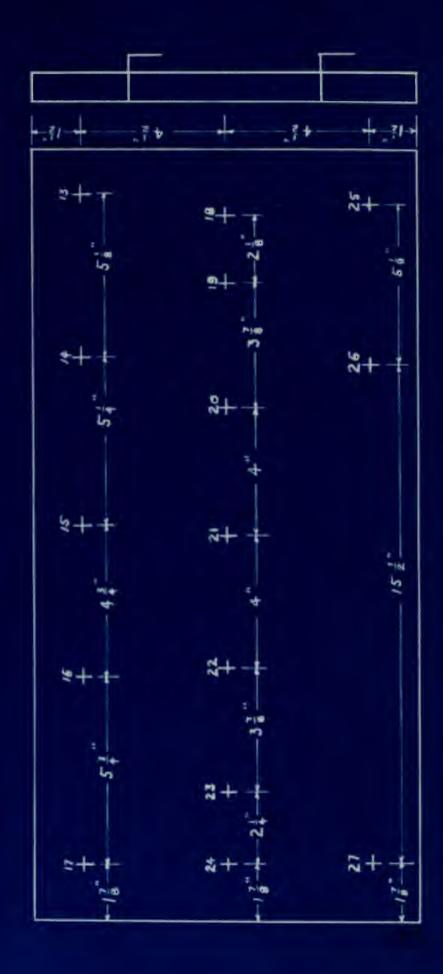
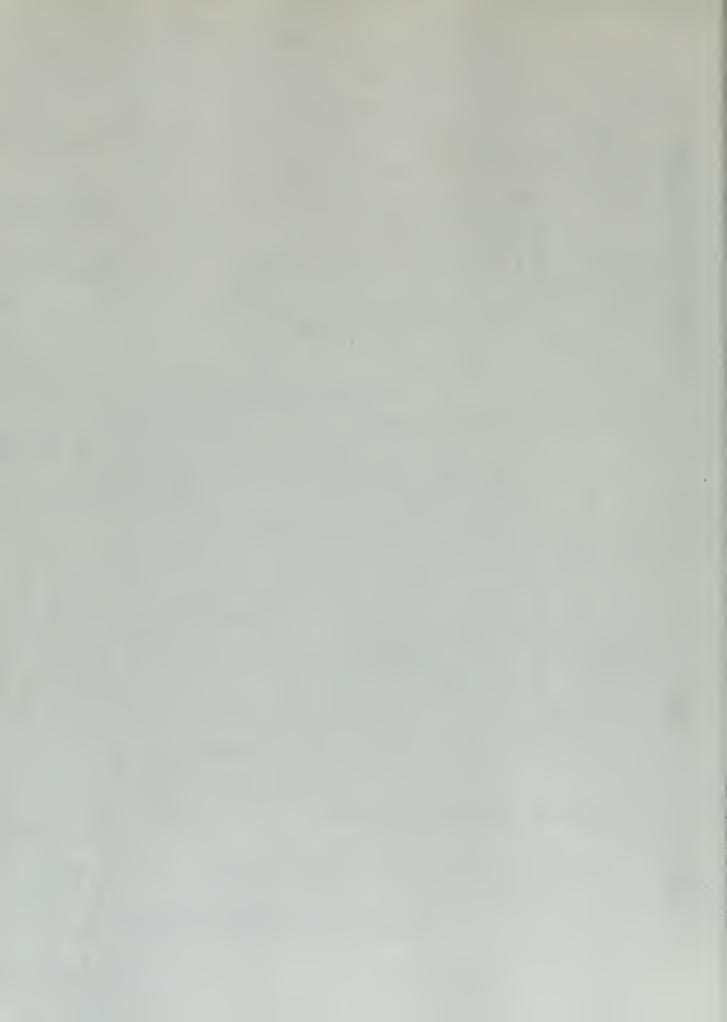


FIGURE I

PANEL ONE ON STIPPENED SIDE OF THE UNSTIFFEHED FROM LOCATION OF STRAIN GAGES PANEL LOOKING THROUGH



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the locations of gages 3, 7, 24, 23, 19, and 18.

The question of obtaining rapid, reliable, readings on the strain indicator unit (a Baldwin SR-4 Indicator Box, Type K) was the next problem faced. The 27 resettee necessitated 81 readings. The only switching unit available capable of handling that number of gages was a retary-switch unit. Variable contact resistance was found to exist during preliminary testing. The magnitude of this variable resistance introduced errors too large to be tolerated (in some cases resistance changes measured several hundred micro-inches per inch). A switching unit (Figure VII) was constructed consisting of 41 double-throw, single-pole, copper knife switches of 25 ampere rating. These switches reproduced readings within 10 micro-inches per inch during preliminary tests.

2.7 Test of Panel 1

The machine upon which this test and the test of Panel 2 was conducted was a Southwark-Emery hydraulic type testing machine, capacity 300,000 pounds, N. I. T. Serial 105. The control panel for this machine is shown in Figure VIII. The sample mounted in the machine is pictured in Figure IX.

The following procedure was employed for the test of Panel 1.

- 2.7.1 The sample was cycled by raising the load to 5000 pounds and returning to zero load until consecutive zero readings were repeated.
- 2.7.2 The load was raised to 20,000 pounds and the readings on all gages recorded. This procedure took about 25 minutes.

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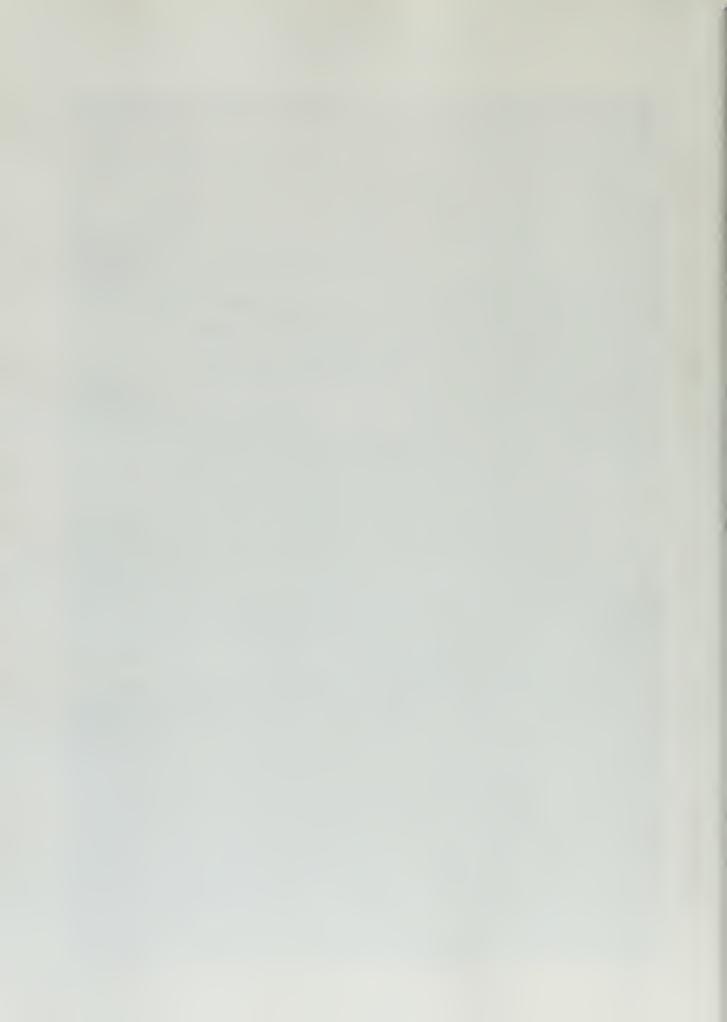
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FIGURE VII
Switching Unit



FIGURE VIII
Testing Machine Control Panel





2.7.3 Readings were repeated at loads of 40,000, 60,000, 80,000, 100,000, 120,000, and 140,000 pounds.

2.7.4 The load was slowly increased until the sample fractured.

The following visual observations were noted during this test:

- 2.7.5 At 155,000 pounds load the sample began to creep noticeably and it was no longer possible to take a set of strain gage readings.
- 2.7.6 As the load increased the prisontal portion of the pulling members bowed noticeably, the siddle section of the pulling caber experiencing greater deflection than the ends.
- 2.7.7 The transverse stiffeners bowed considerably at 196,000 pounds. The bowing was such that the edge of the stiffener welded to the plate was concave.
- 2.7.8 The welded eaces of the longitudinal stiffeners were also bowed concavely. The free eaces of the plate bowed in the operation.
- 2.7.9 At 207,000 pounds the sample failed, the failure apparently starting at a note. located on the free edge of the plate.

2.8 Preparation and Test of Panel 2.

Panel 2 was a sample distorted by the heating process reviously described. Figure I represents a contour map of the sample. Figure II is a transverse section through the center of Panel 2.

The strain gase locations on Fanel 2 were altered as a result of the experience gained in conducting the first test. The gage configuration is shown in Figures XII and XIII. The important changes are:

- 2.8.1 More gages were placed on both sides of the test section to obtain a better picture of the strain gradient.
- 2.8.2 Gages were placed on both sides of one edge of the same to get a better picture of the edge loading.
- 2.8.3 Six SR-4, Type A-1 uniaxial gages were placed on the or itudinal tiffeners.

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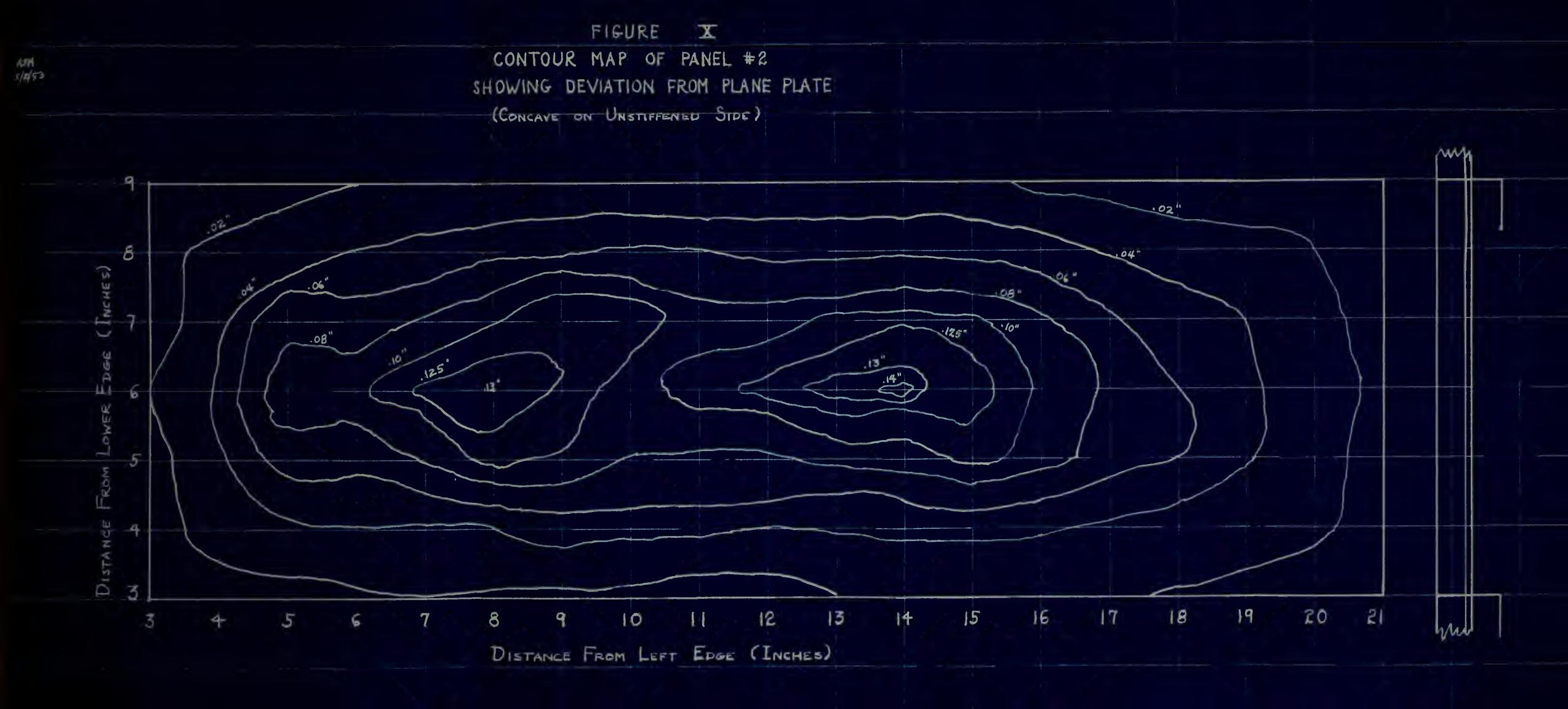
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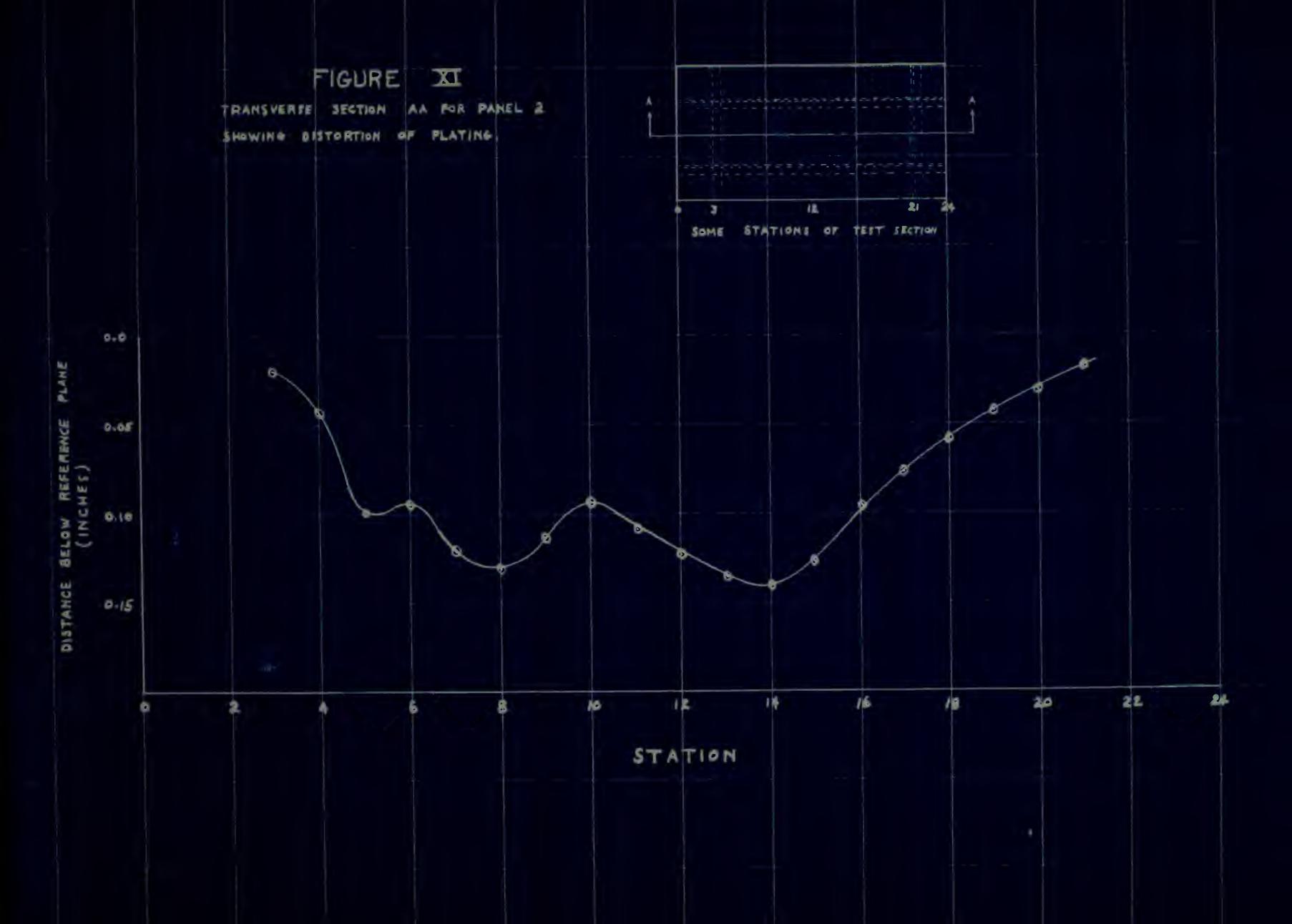
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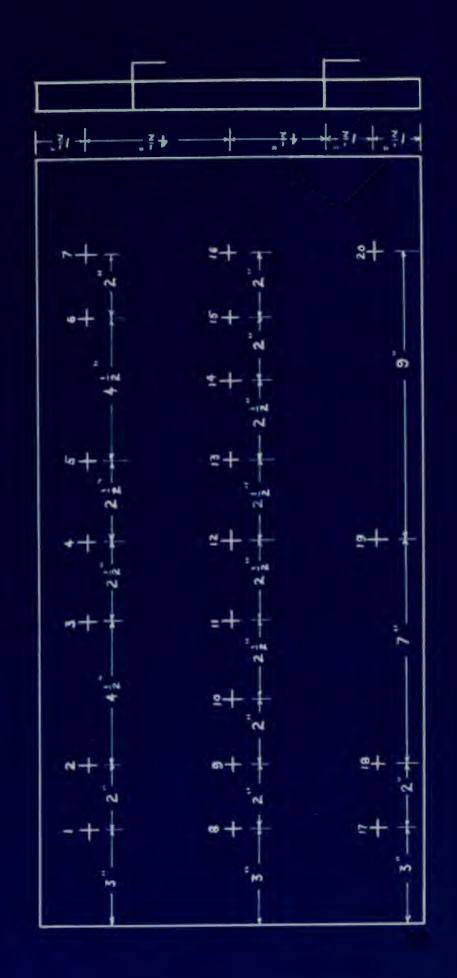
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FIGURE XII

PANEL TWO. OF SIDE LOCATION OF STRAIN GAGES ON UNSTIFFENED



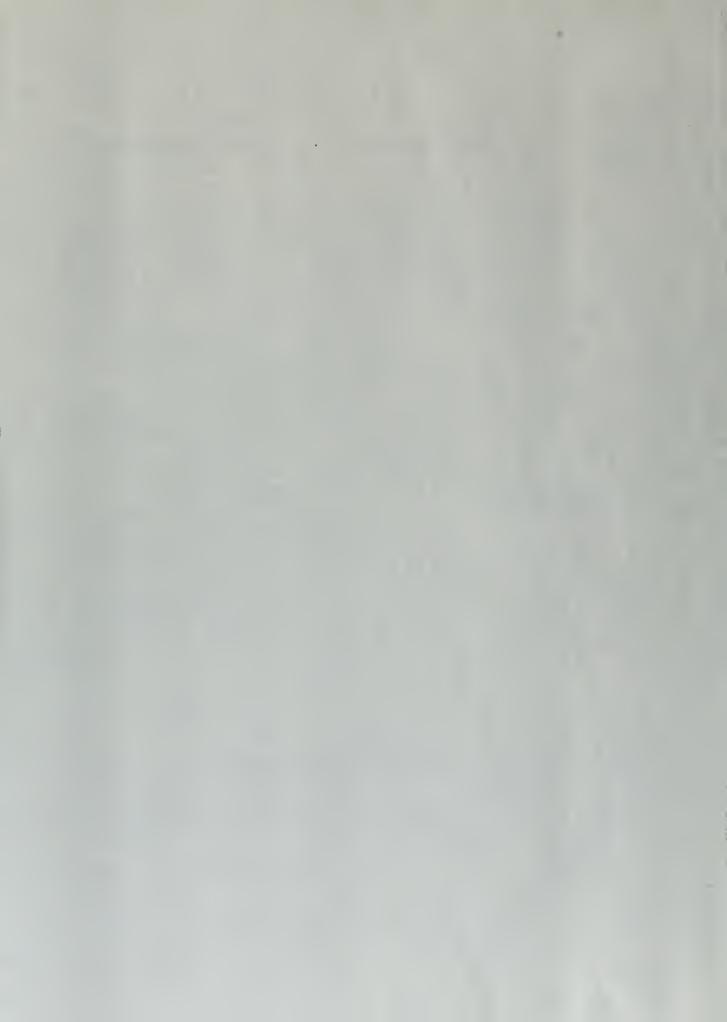
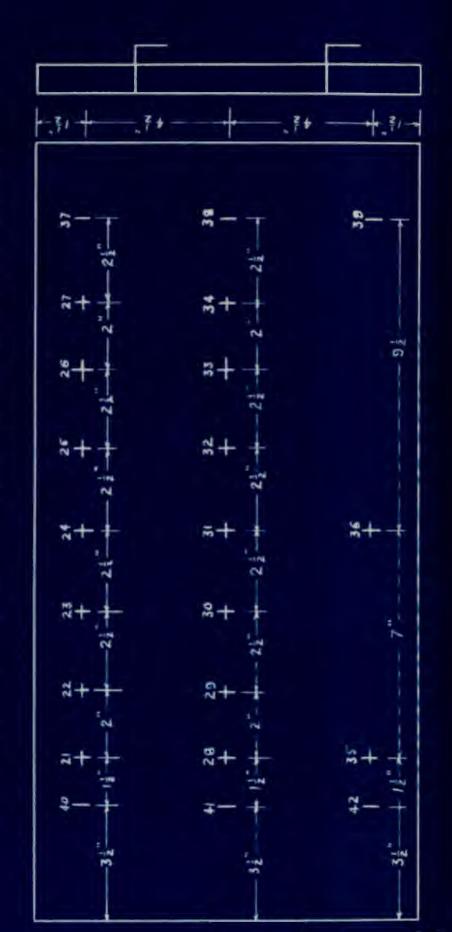
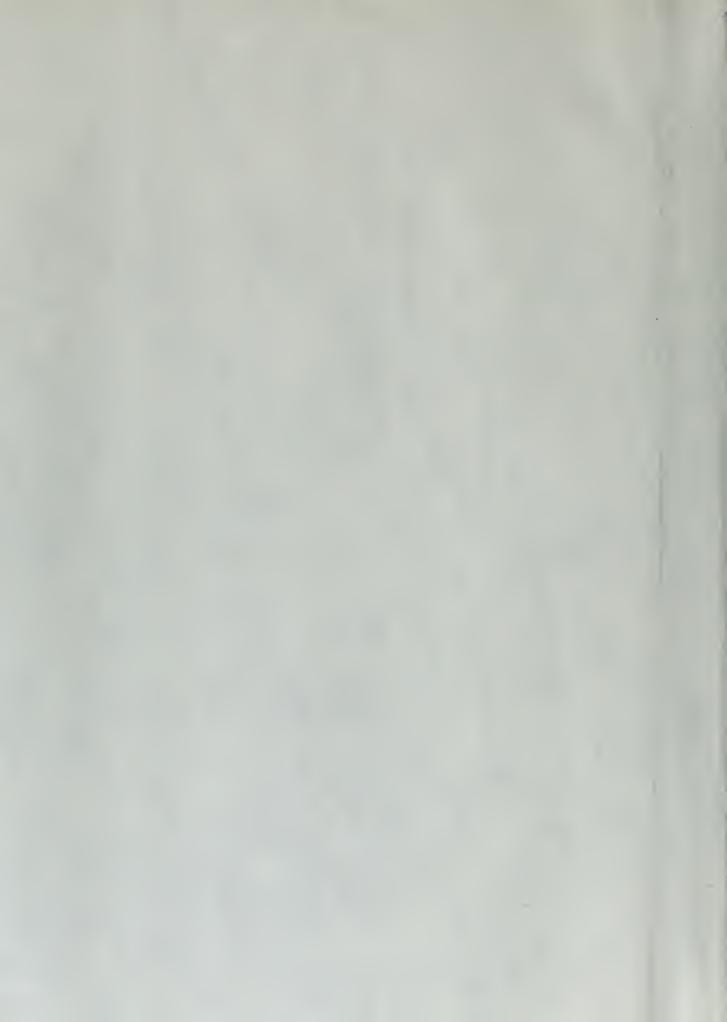


FIGURE XIII

LOCATED ON THE FLAMSE OF THE LONGITUDINAL STIFFENERS. LOCATION OF STRAIN GAGES ON STIFFENED SIDE OF PANEL TWO SIDE, GAGES LOOKING THROUGH PAREL FROM THE UNSTIFFENED WERE 37- 42





The procedure identically followed the procedure of paragraph 2.7.

The following visual observations were made:

- 2.8.4 The specimen started to creep at about 155,000 pounds.
- 2.8.5 The distortion of the horizontal portion of the pulling members and transverse stiffeners was not as great as for Panel 1.
- 2.8.6 Failure occurred at 209,000 pounds along the weld between pulling member and plate.

2.9 Stress-Strain Curve

A stress-strain curve (Figure XIV) for the material of the plate was prepared utilizing a standard tensile specimen for 1/8 inch steel plate, as found as Figure 2 on page 376 of reference (3).

2.10 Nothod of Analysis

The method of analysis for both samples was identical. The object of the procedure used was to obtain a stress picture at the center of the section with a uniform tensile load on the edge. The following steps were taken:

2.10.1 Rosette calculations for magnitude and direction of principal strains were obtained from the test data (see Appendix, Tables I and II).

(A strain of 9460 micro-inches per inch should be added to all readings proceeded by "A"). The sequence calculations appear in Tables III through XVI of the Appendix. Results of the calculations showing magnitude and direction of principal strains are included as Tables XVII and XVIII of the Appendix.

2.10.2 A plot of principal strains versus stations was then made.

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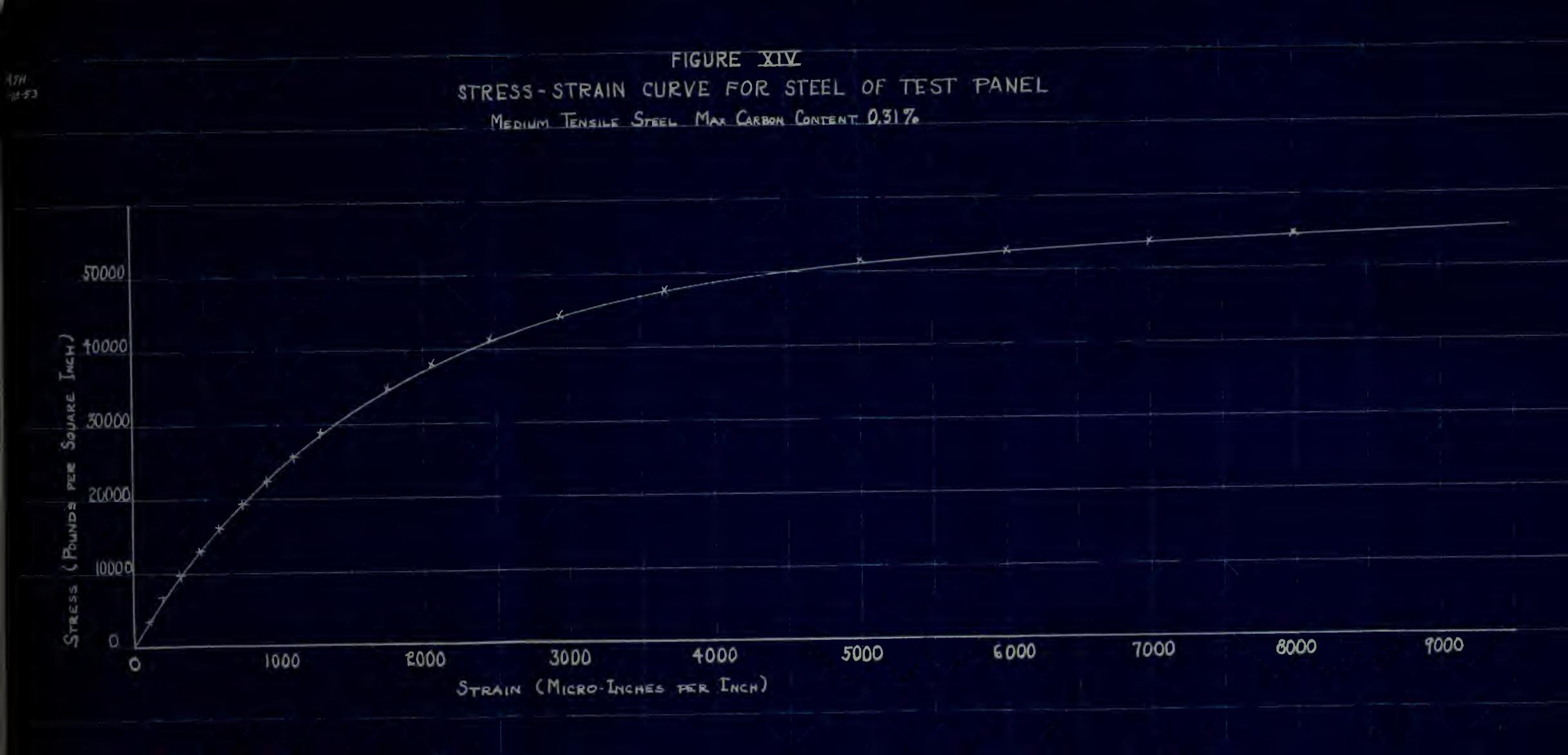
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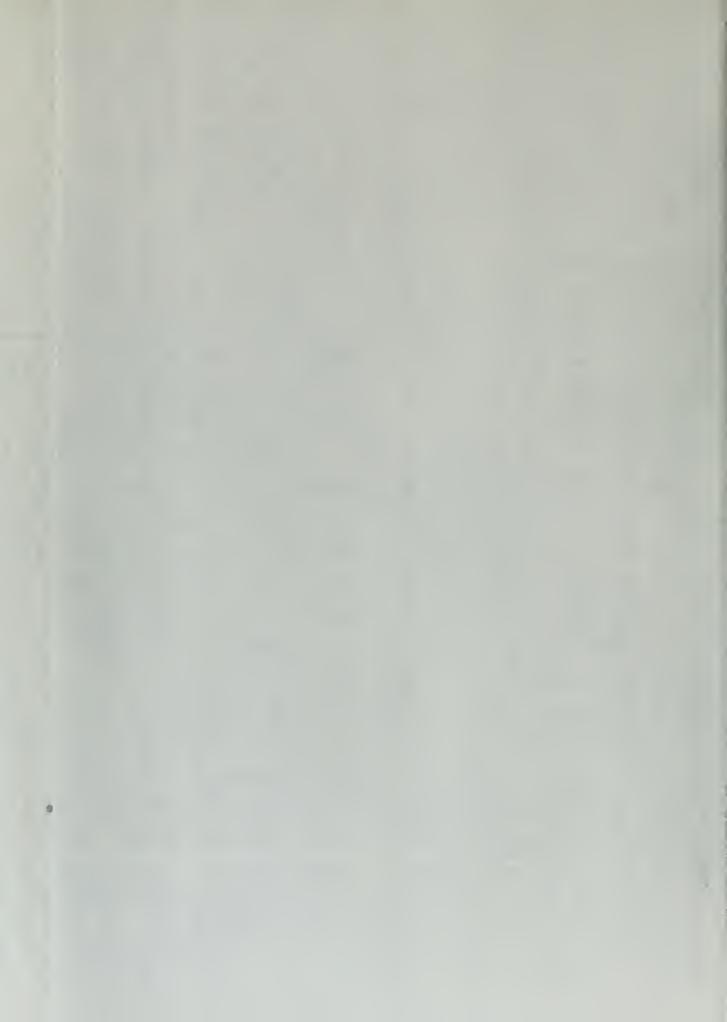
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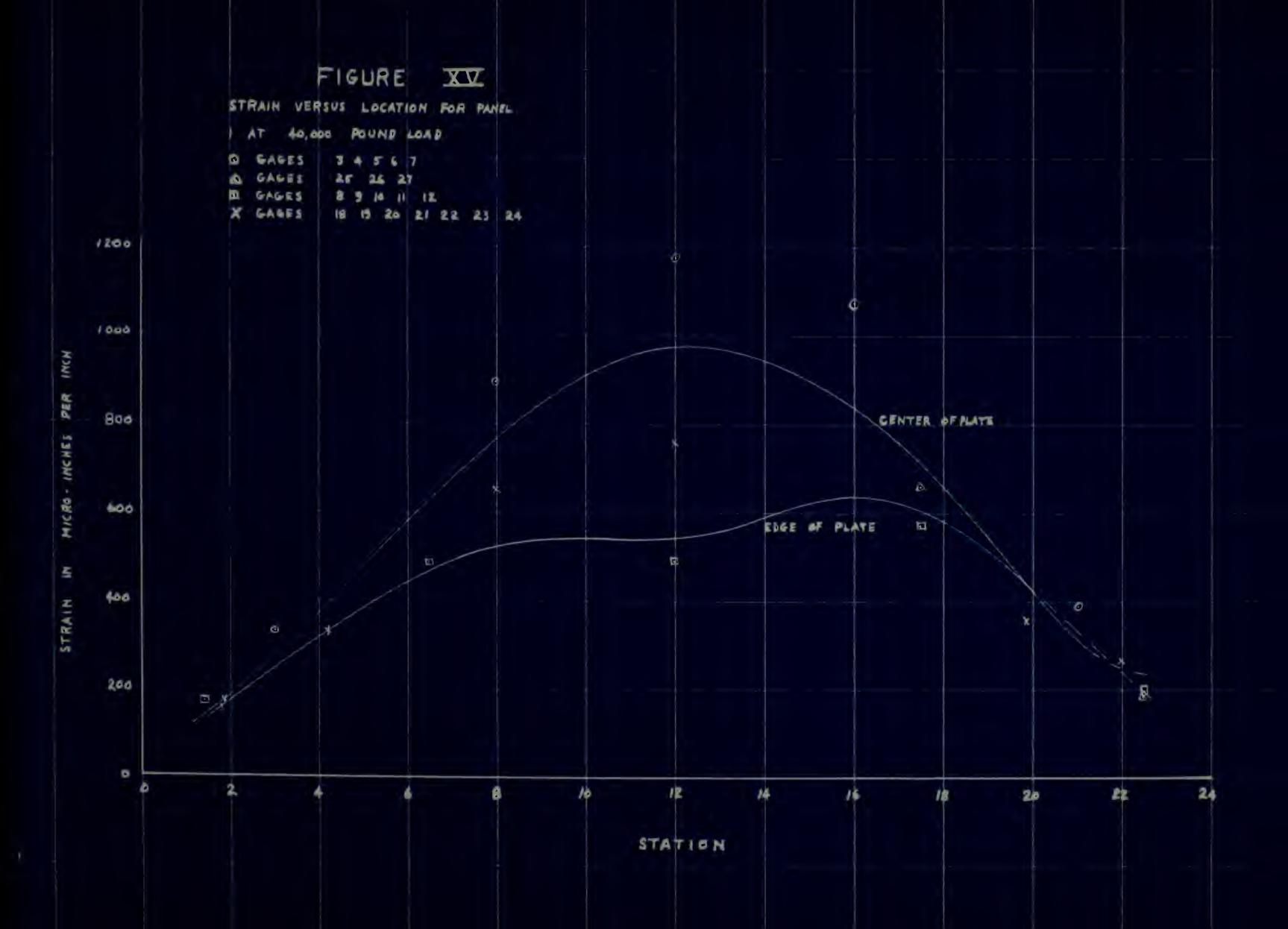
The number of a station is defined as the distance in inches from the left edge of the panel with the flanges of the transverse stiffeners pointing downward as an observer looks at and through the unstiffened side. A curve was then drawn using the arithmetic mean of strain readings on opposite sides of the panel. Figures XV and XVI represent typical curves for loads of 40,000 and 120,000 pounds on Panel 1. Figures XVII and XVIII are the curves for the same loads on Panel 2.

2.10.3 Next the cross-curves (Figures XIX - XXXII) for seven stations on each plate were prepared. The points for a particular station were obtained by plotting mean strain at that station versus the load at which that strain occurred. The strains used were the values read from the plots of paragraph 2.10.2. Two curves for each station were then drawn; one depicting edge strain versus load, the other center of plate strain versus load. These curves were faired in to minimize errors made in the construction of the curves of paragraph 2.10.2.

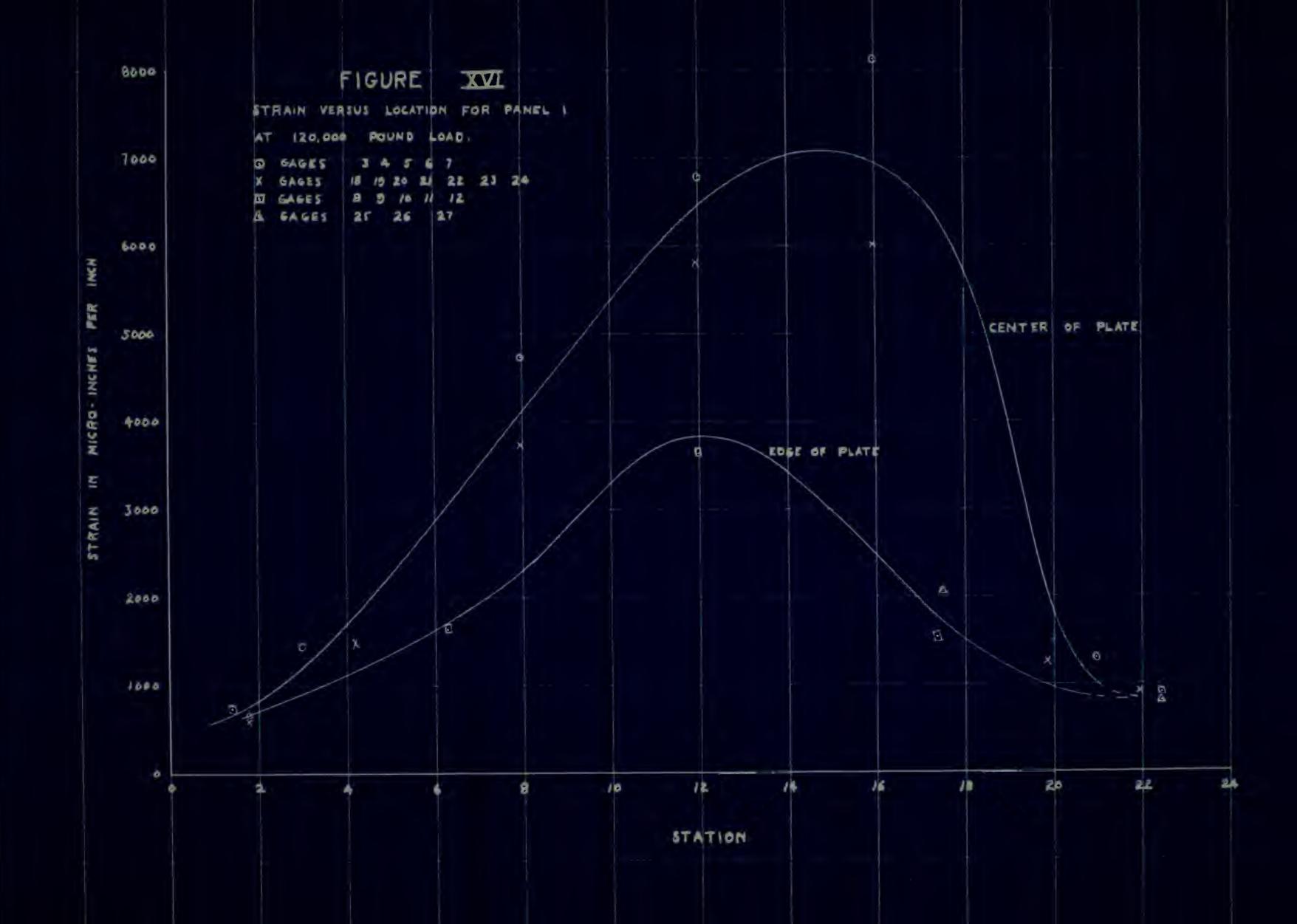
2.10.4 It was now possible to construct the stress and strain pattern at the center of the plate for a uniform tensile loading on the edge. Uniform strains of 500, 1000, 1500, and 2000 micro-inches per inch were selected. For each station the corresponding center of plate strain was plotted against station number. The resulting curve represented center of plate strain for uniform strain at the edge. The stress pattern was then plotted from the stress-strain relationship of Figure XIV. The uniform tension curves are included as Figures XXXIII - XXXVI for Panel 1 and Figures XXXVII - XL for Panel 2.

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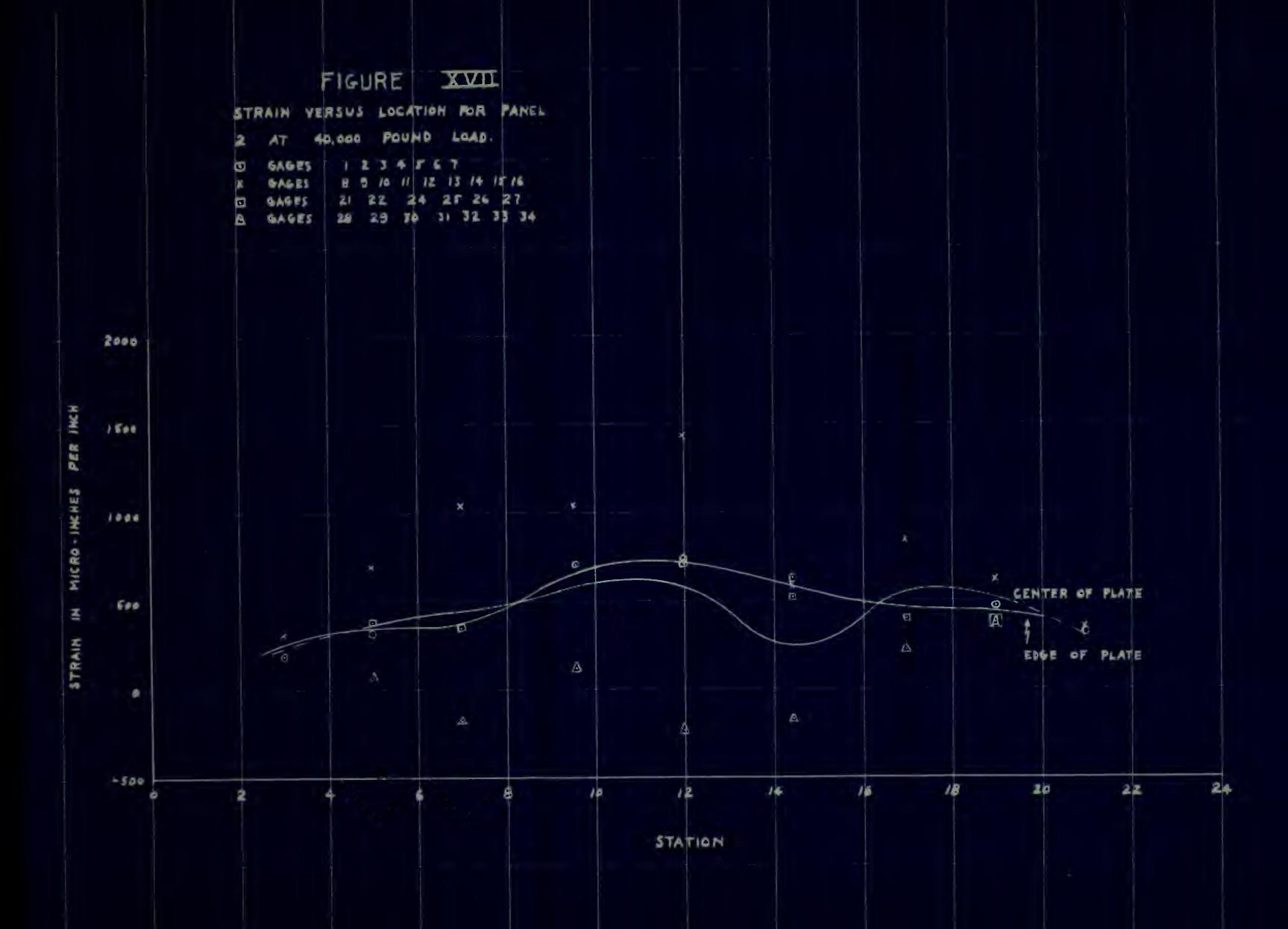
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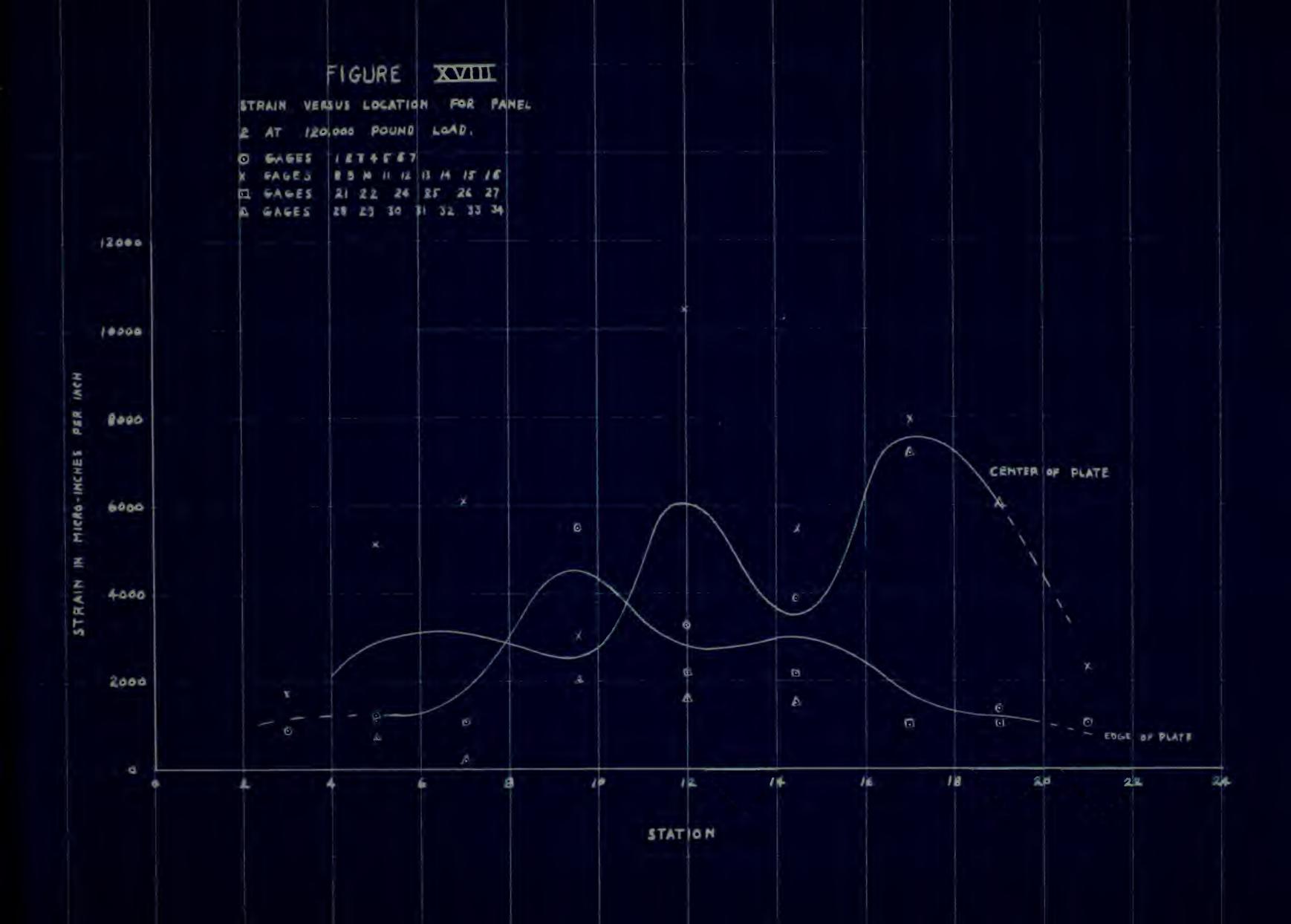




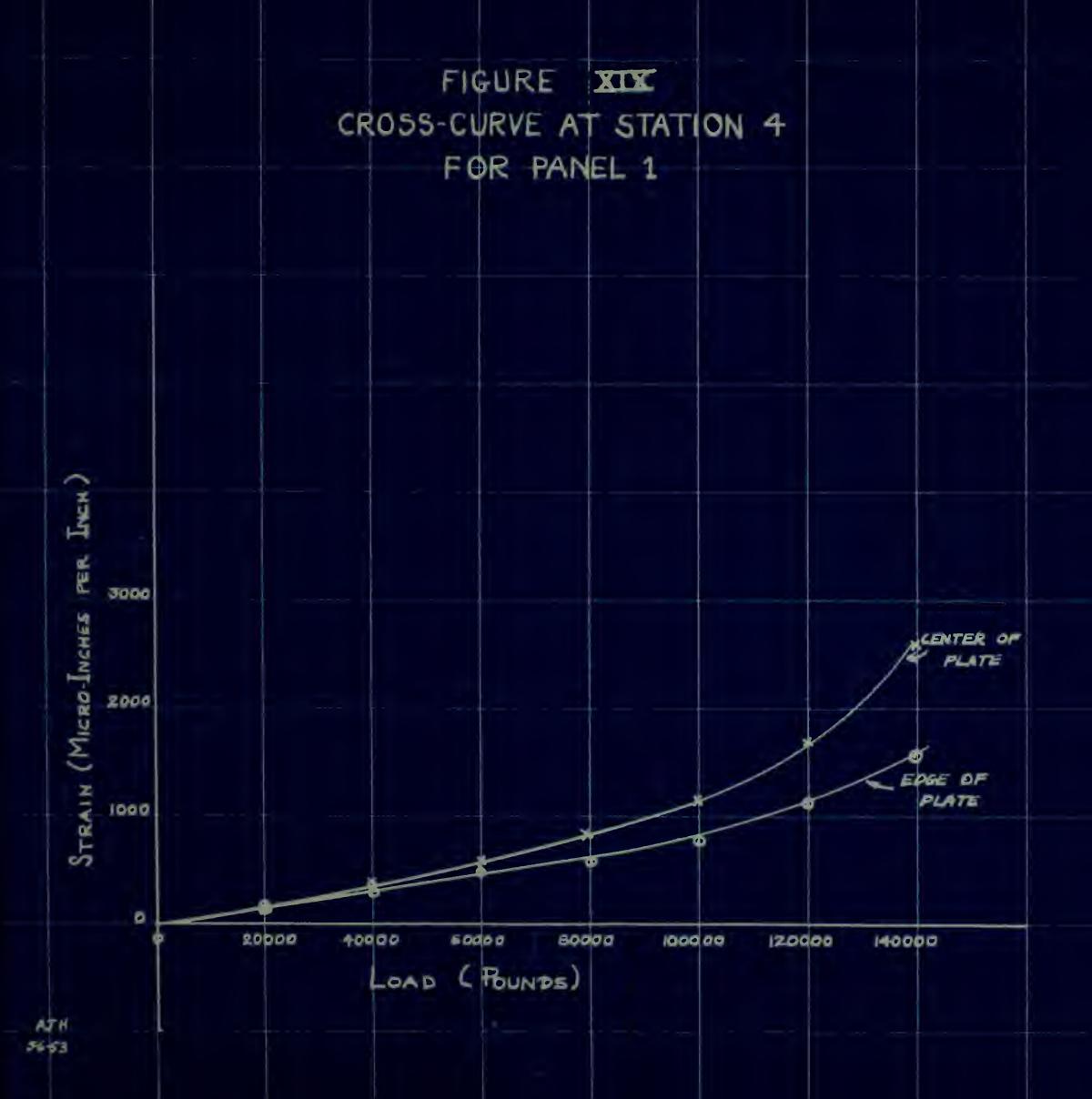
















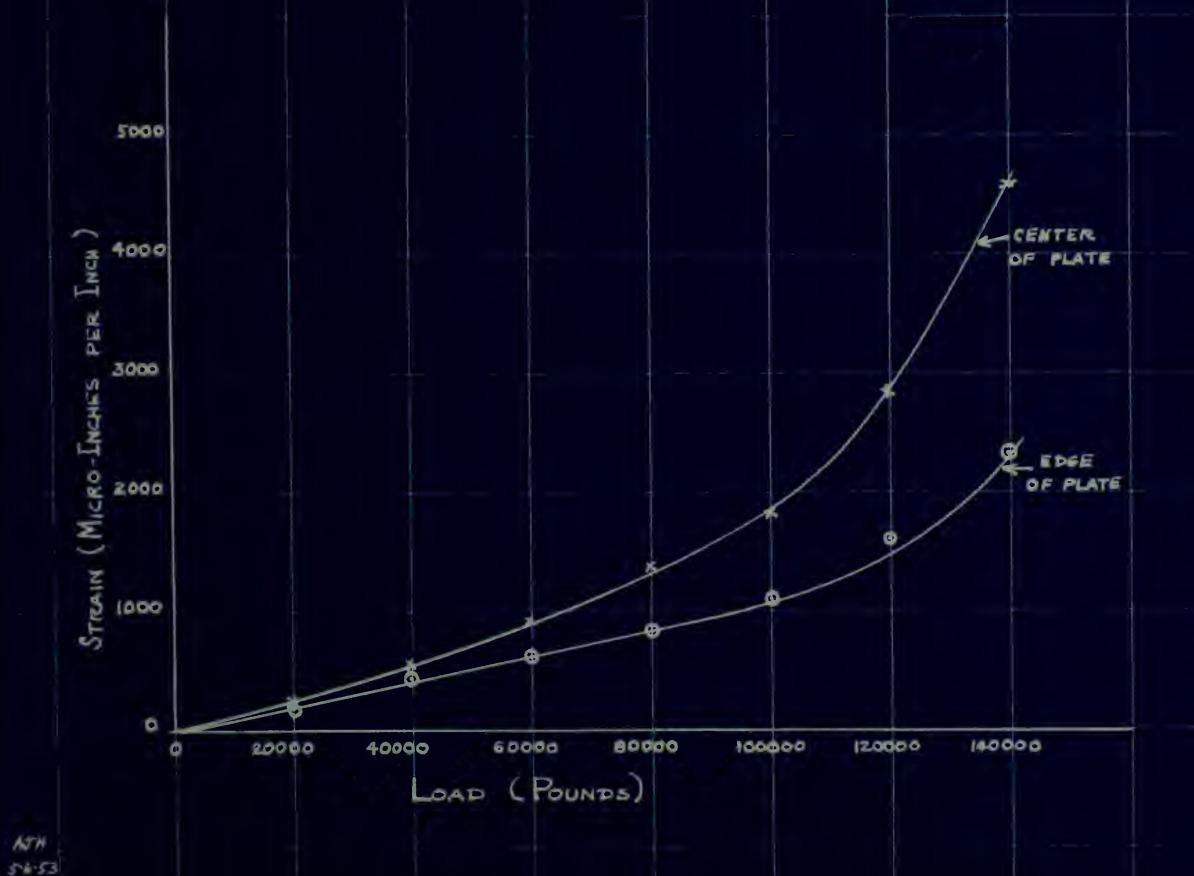
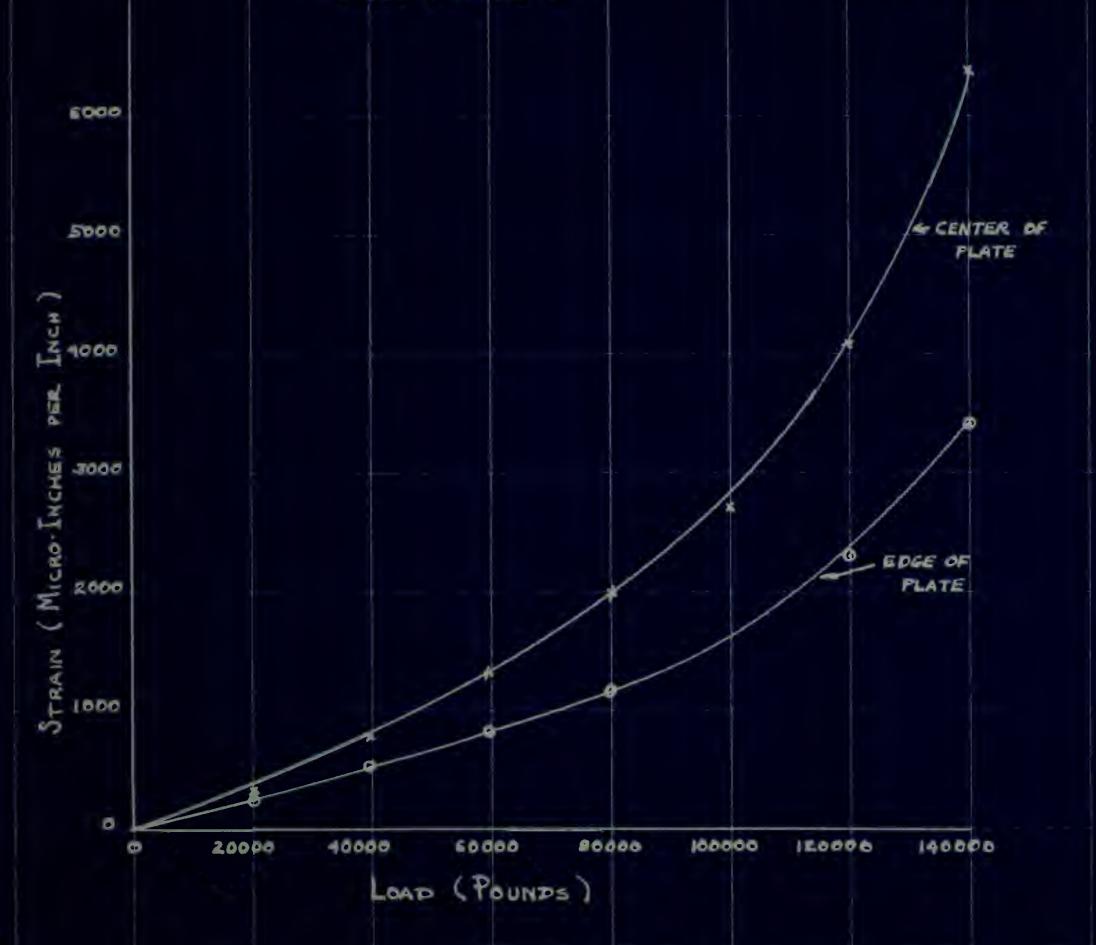
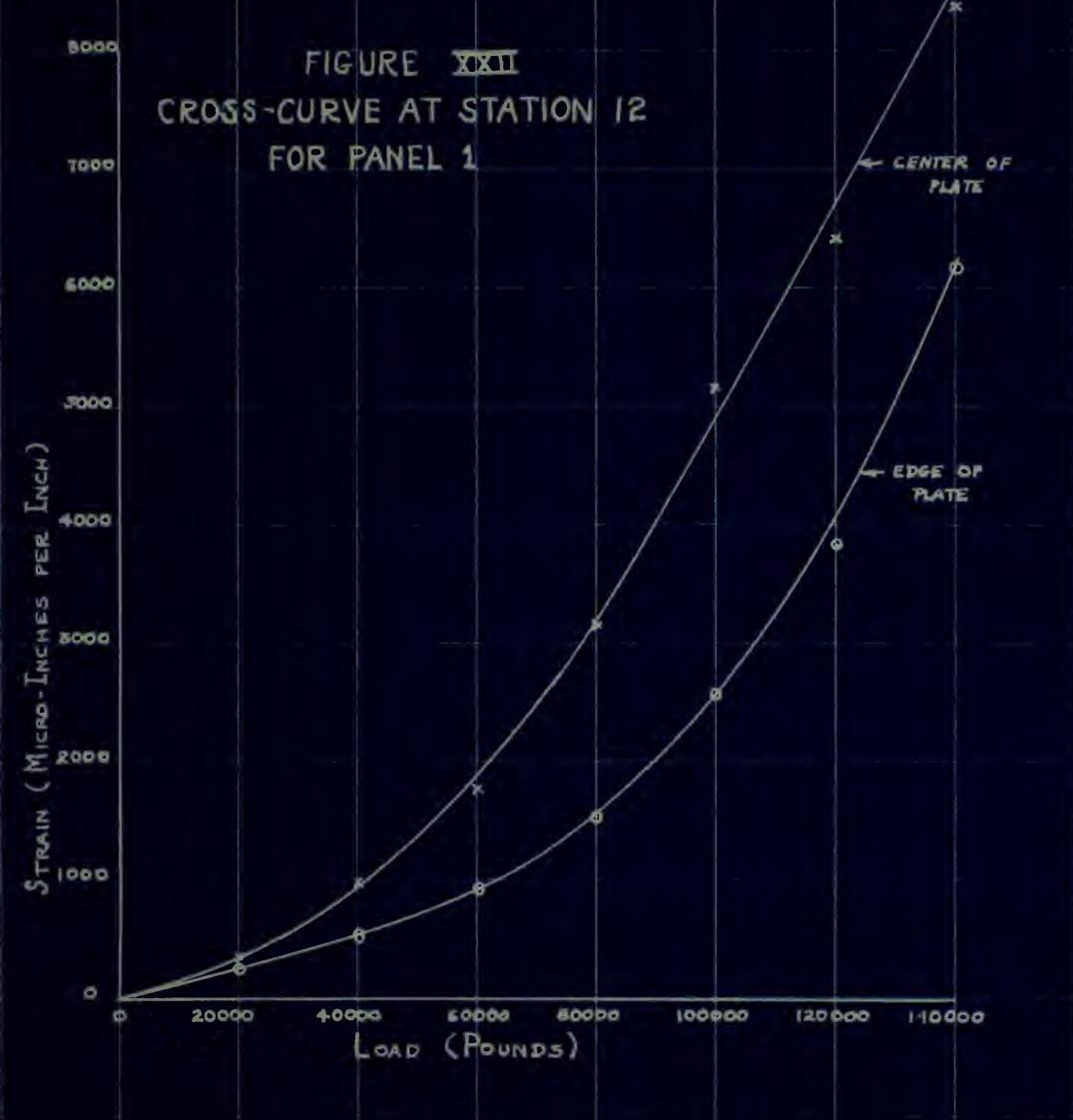




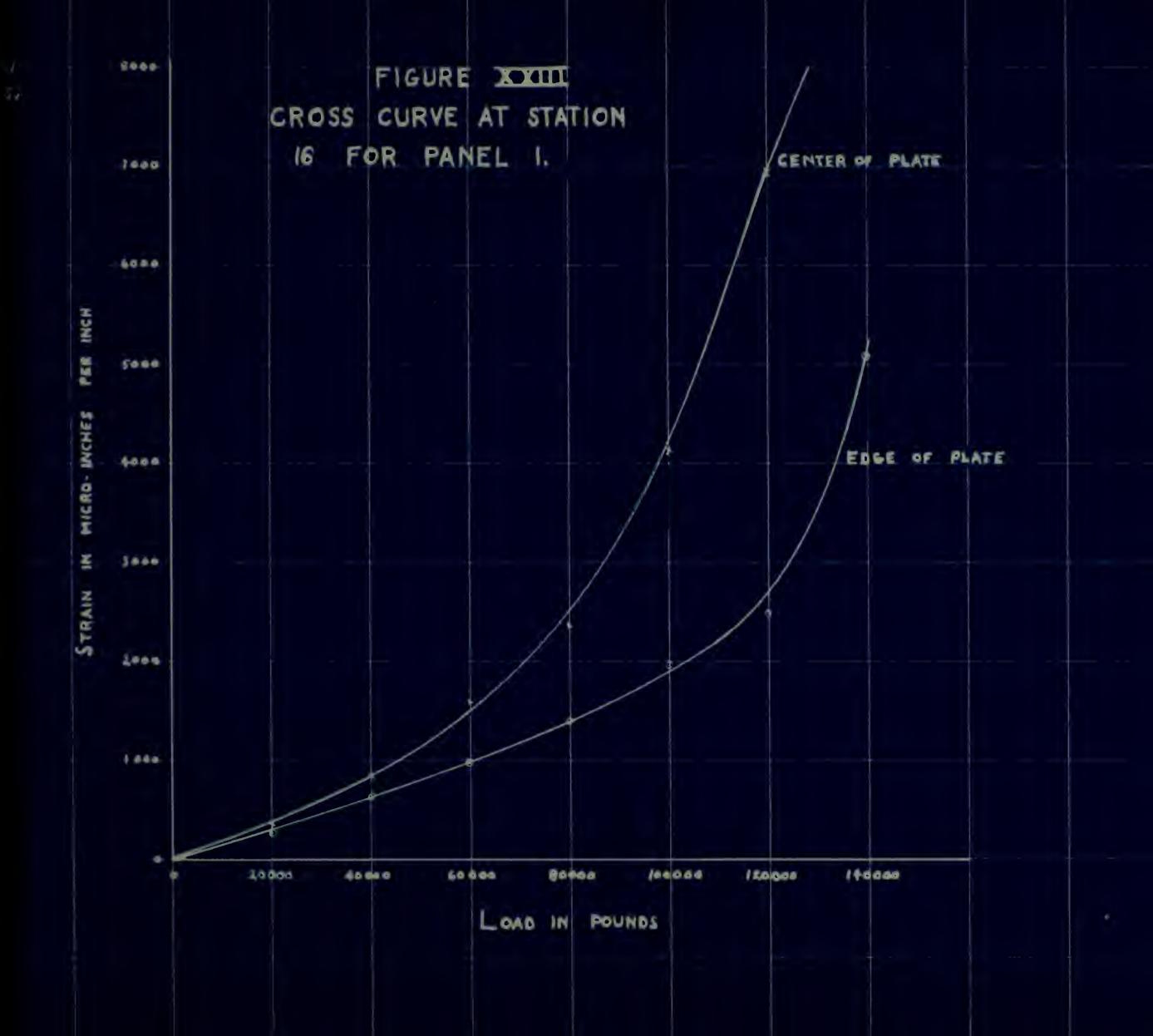
FIGURE XXI
CROSS-CURVE AT STATION 8
FOR PANEL 1



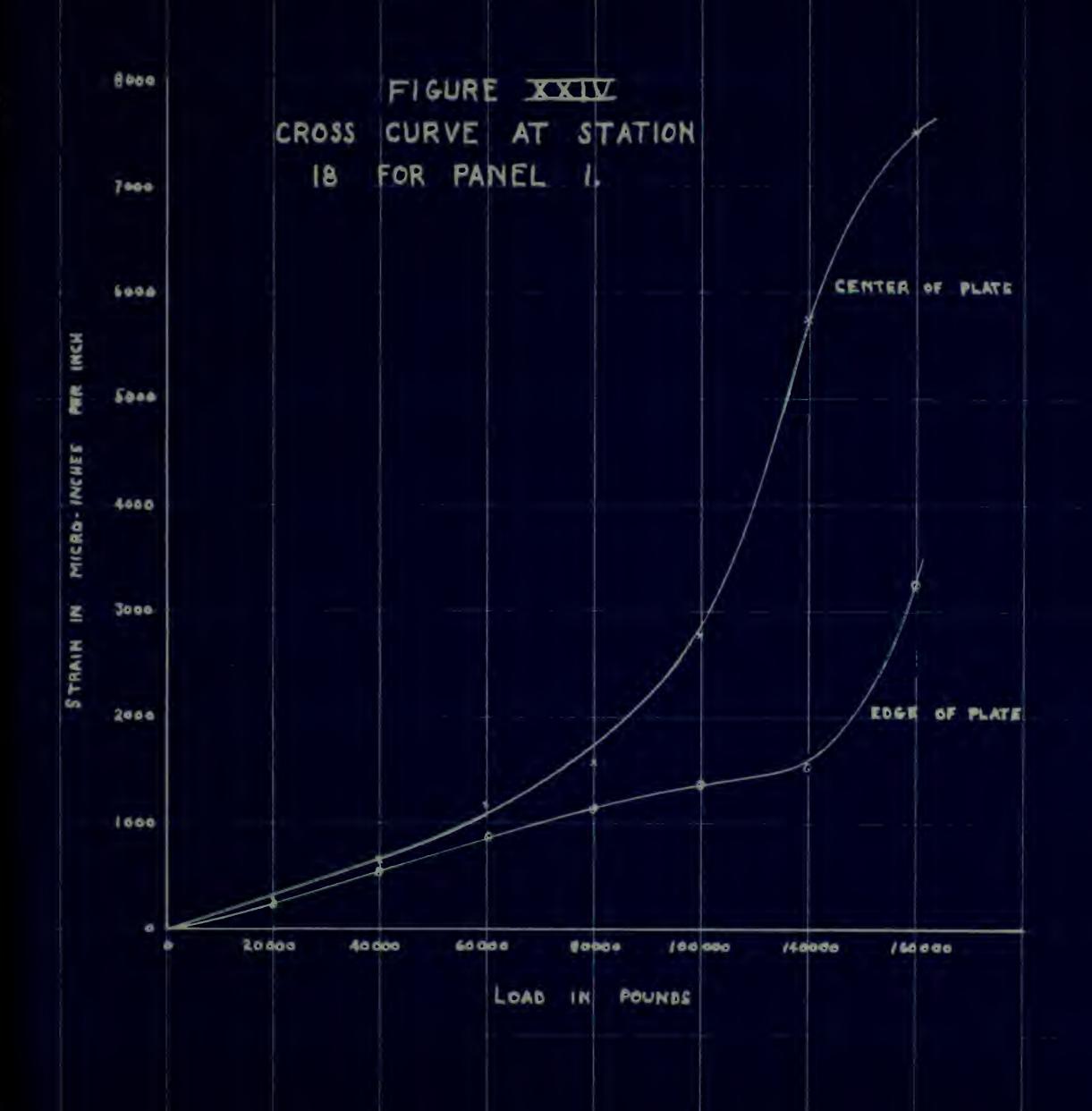




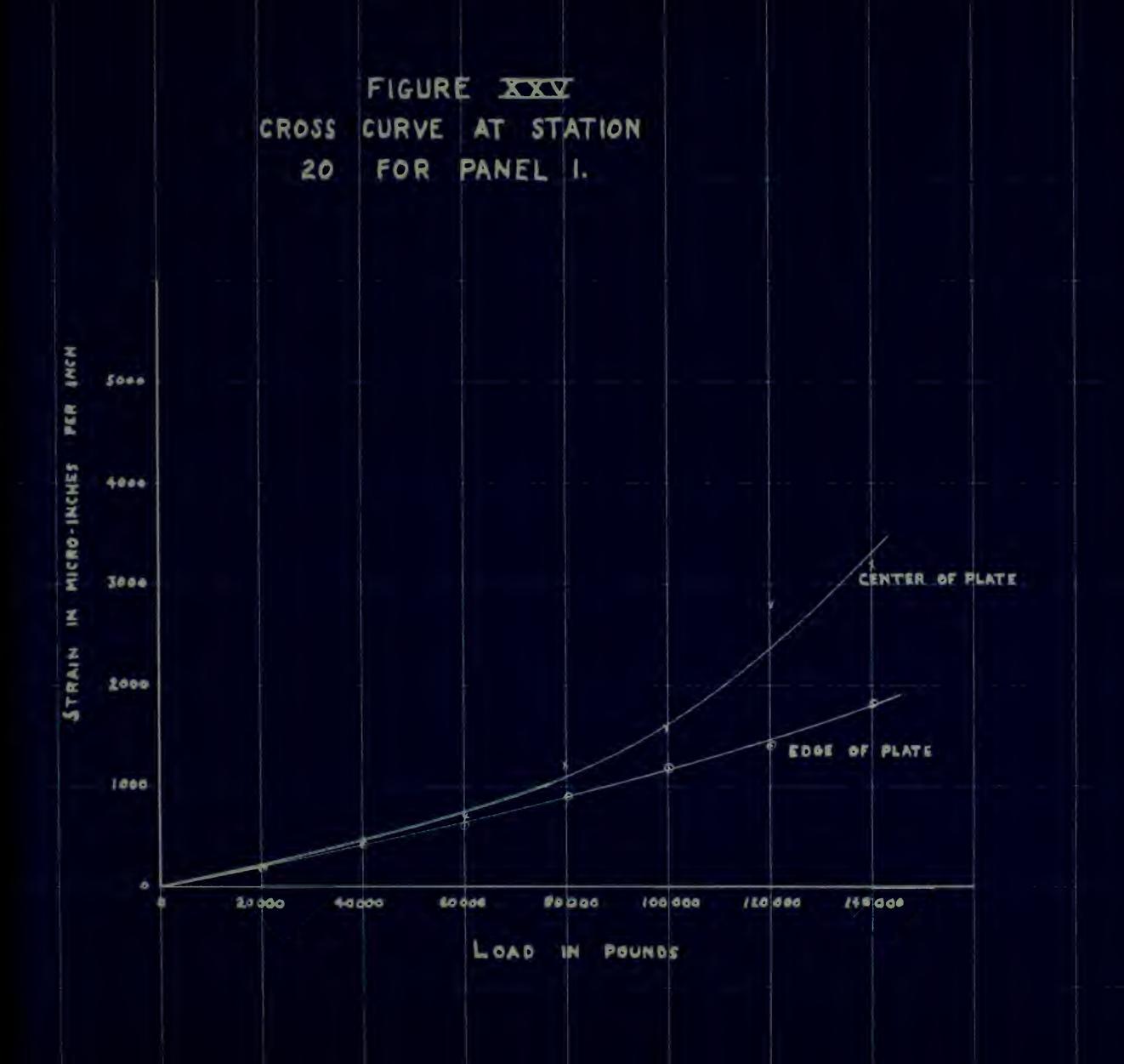




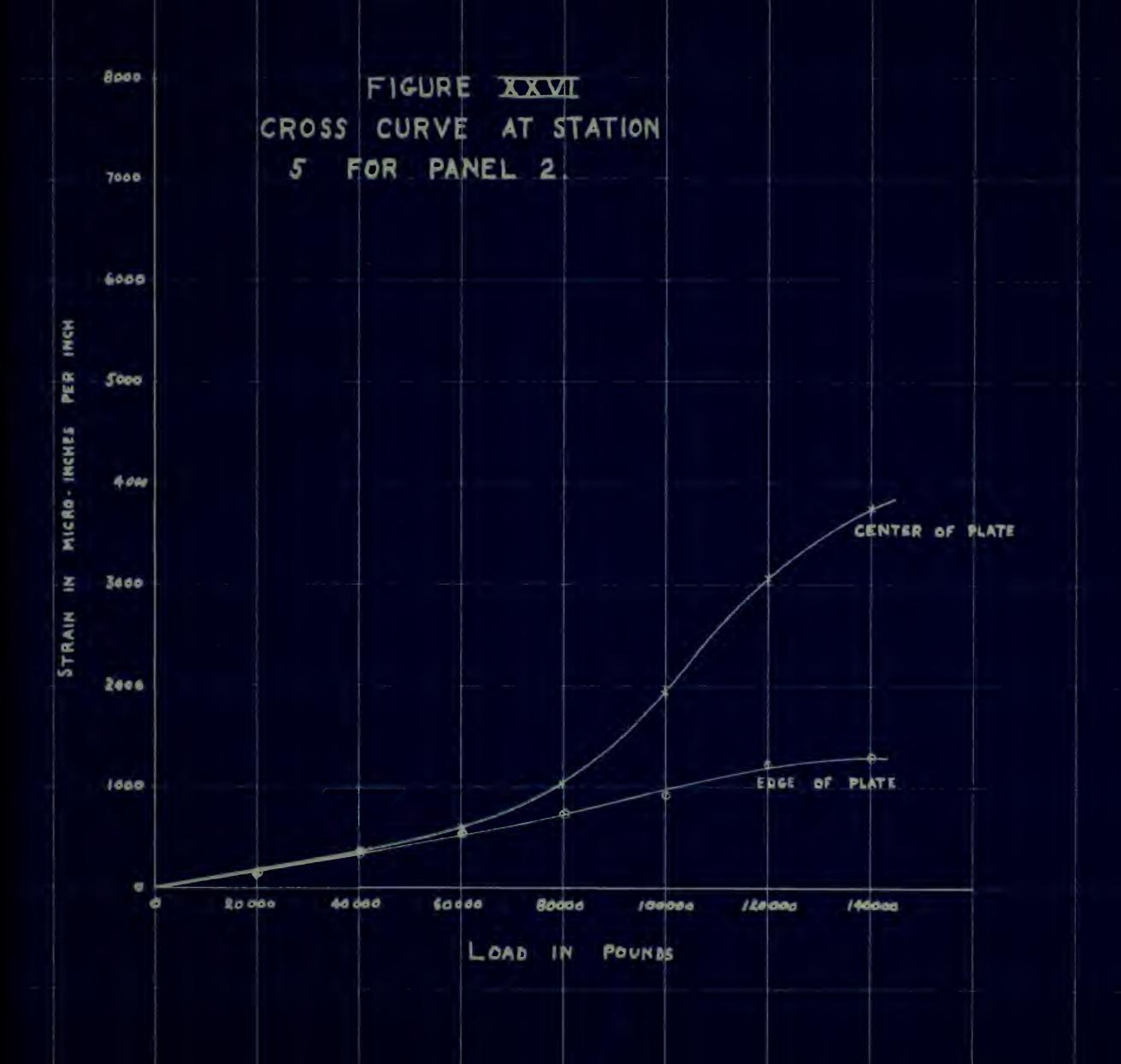




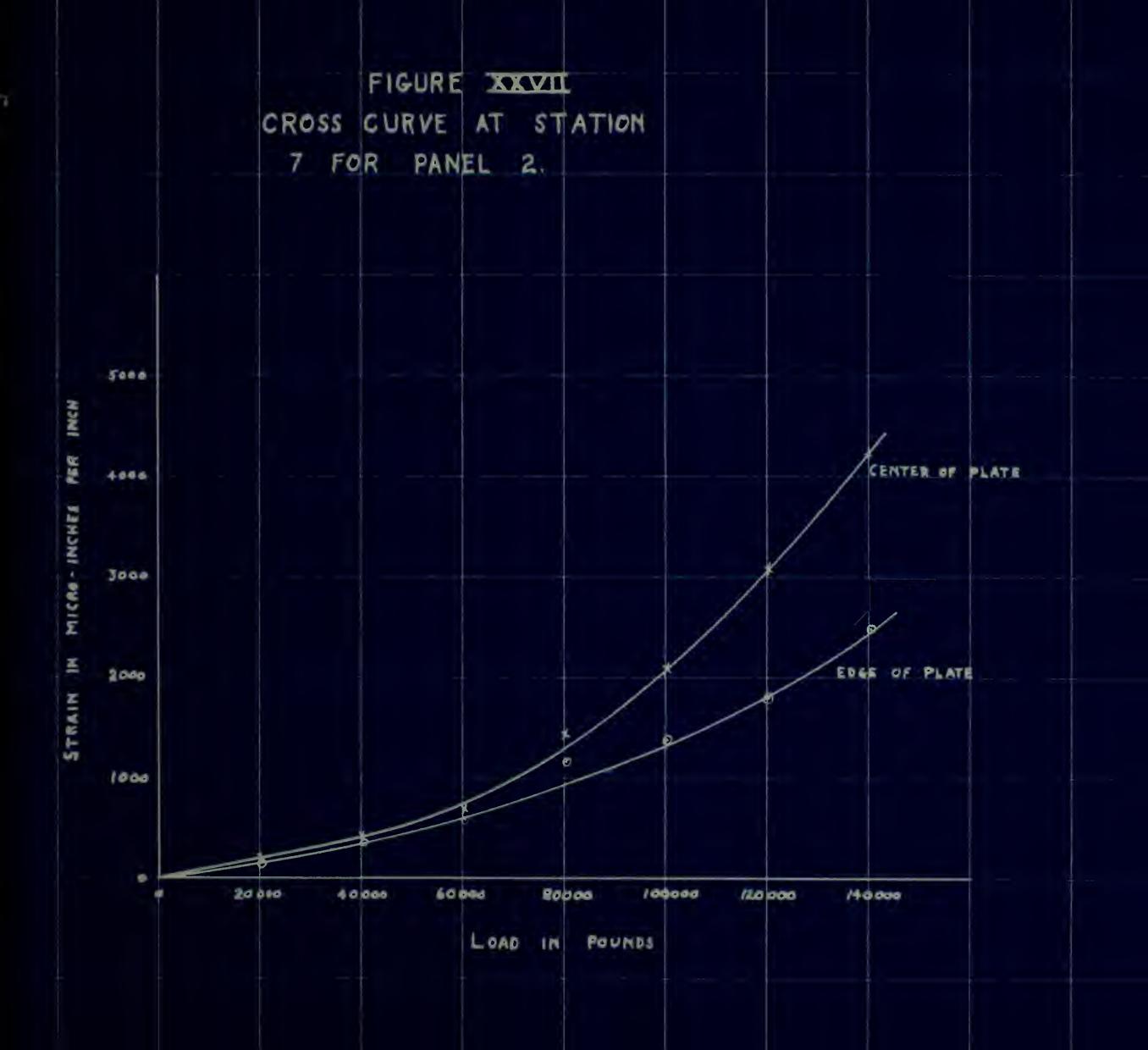




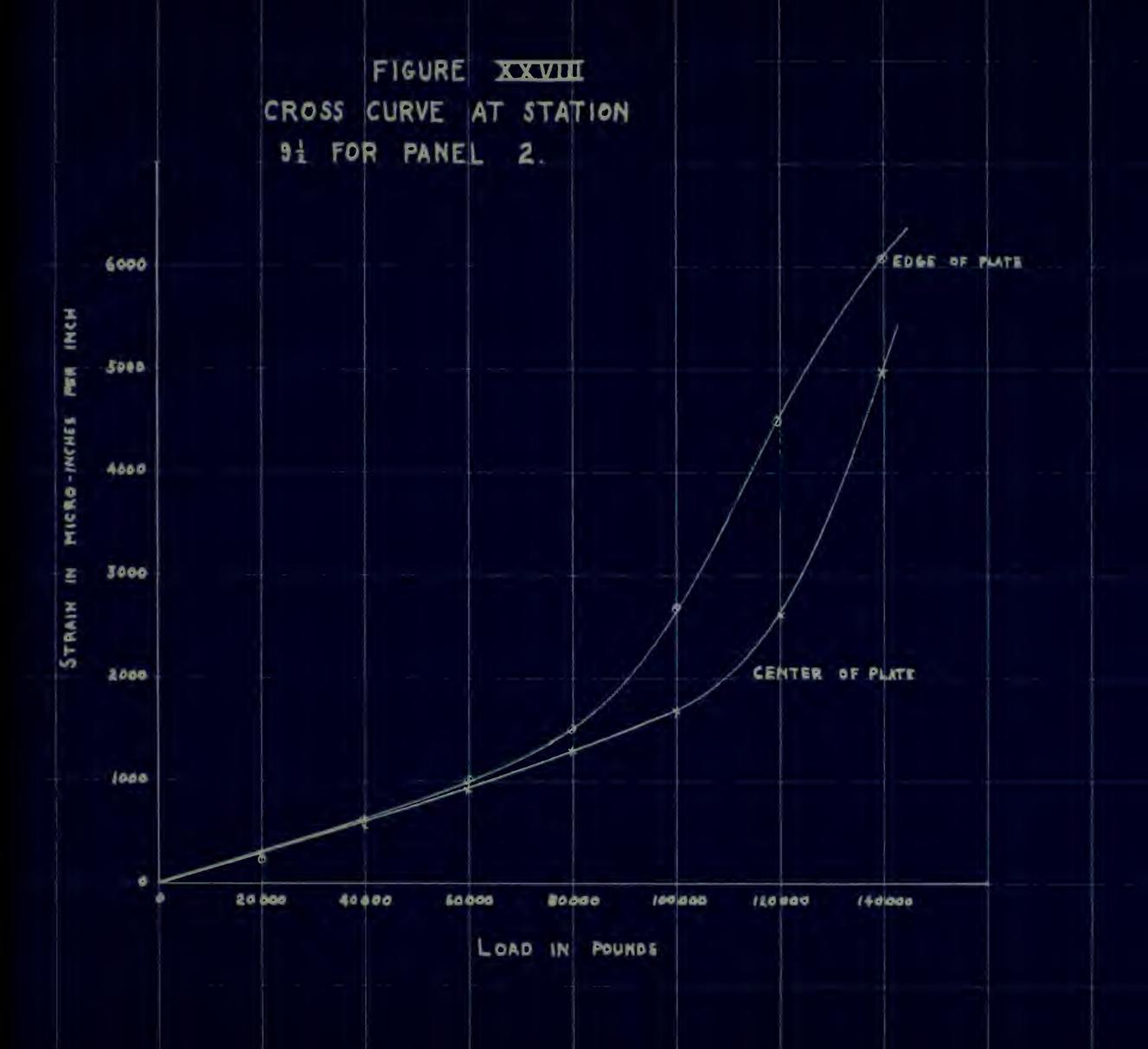




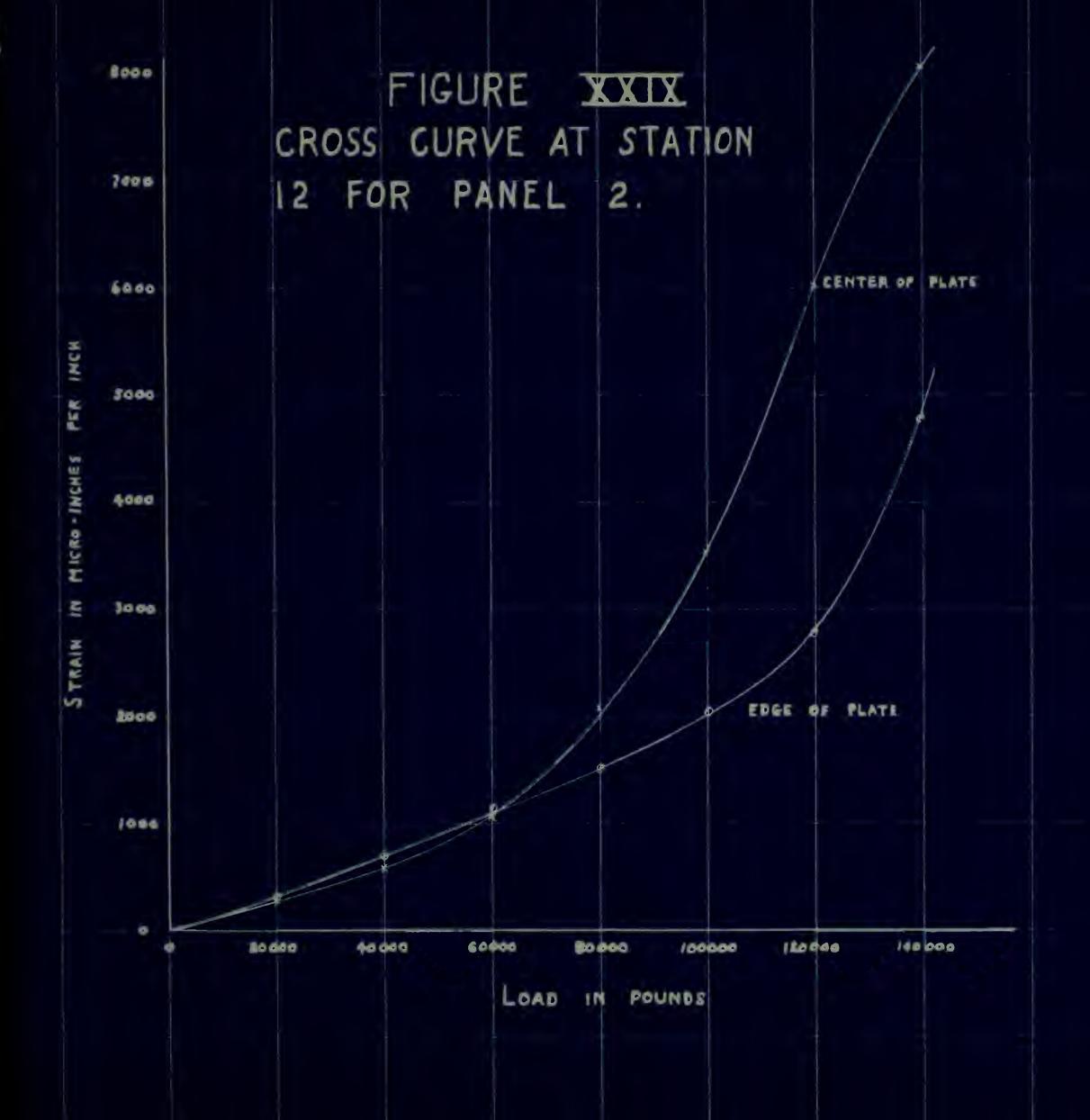




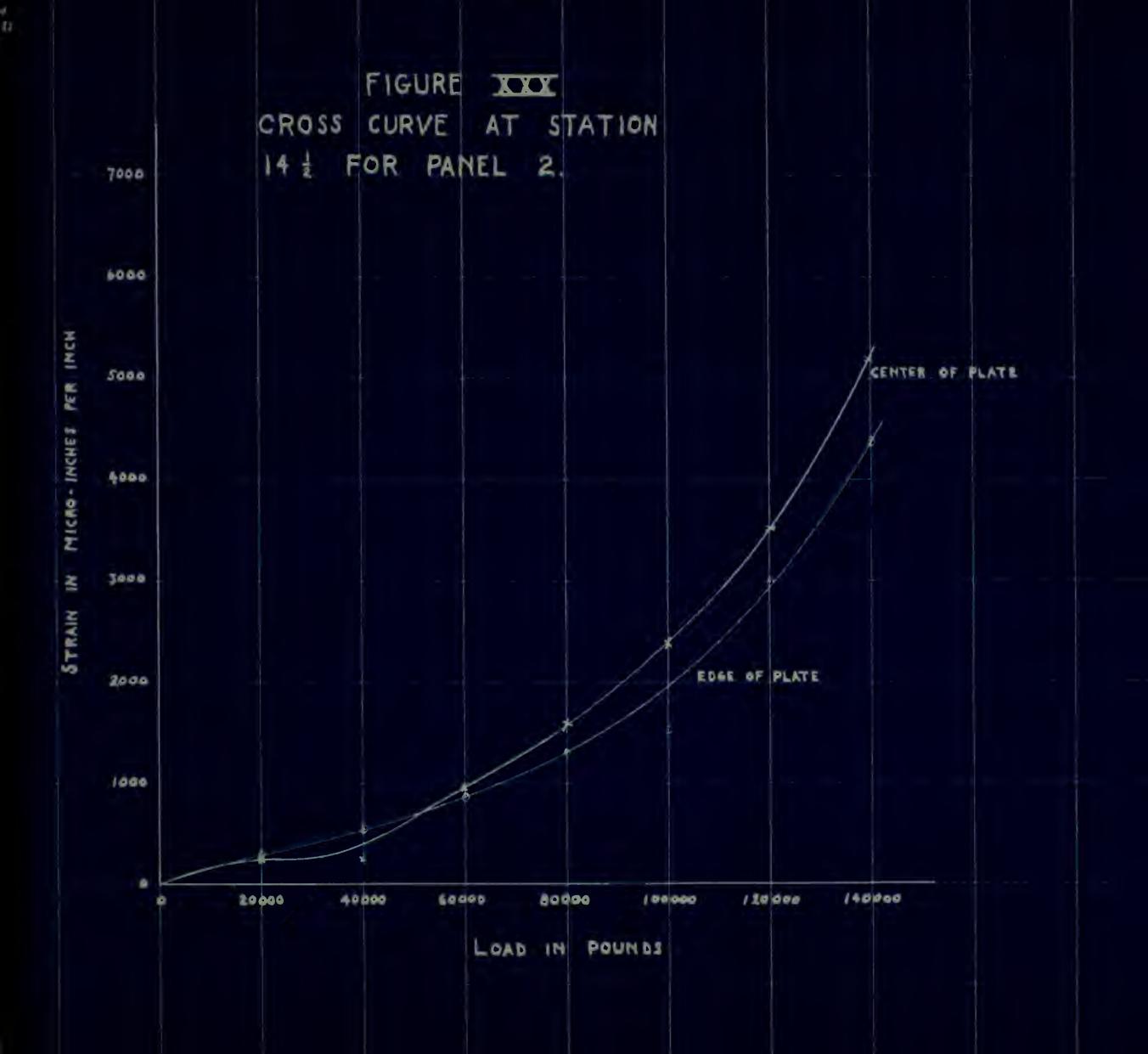




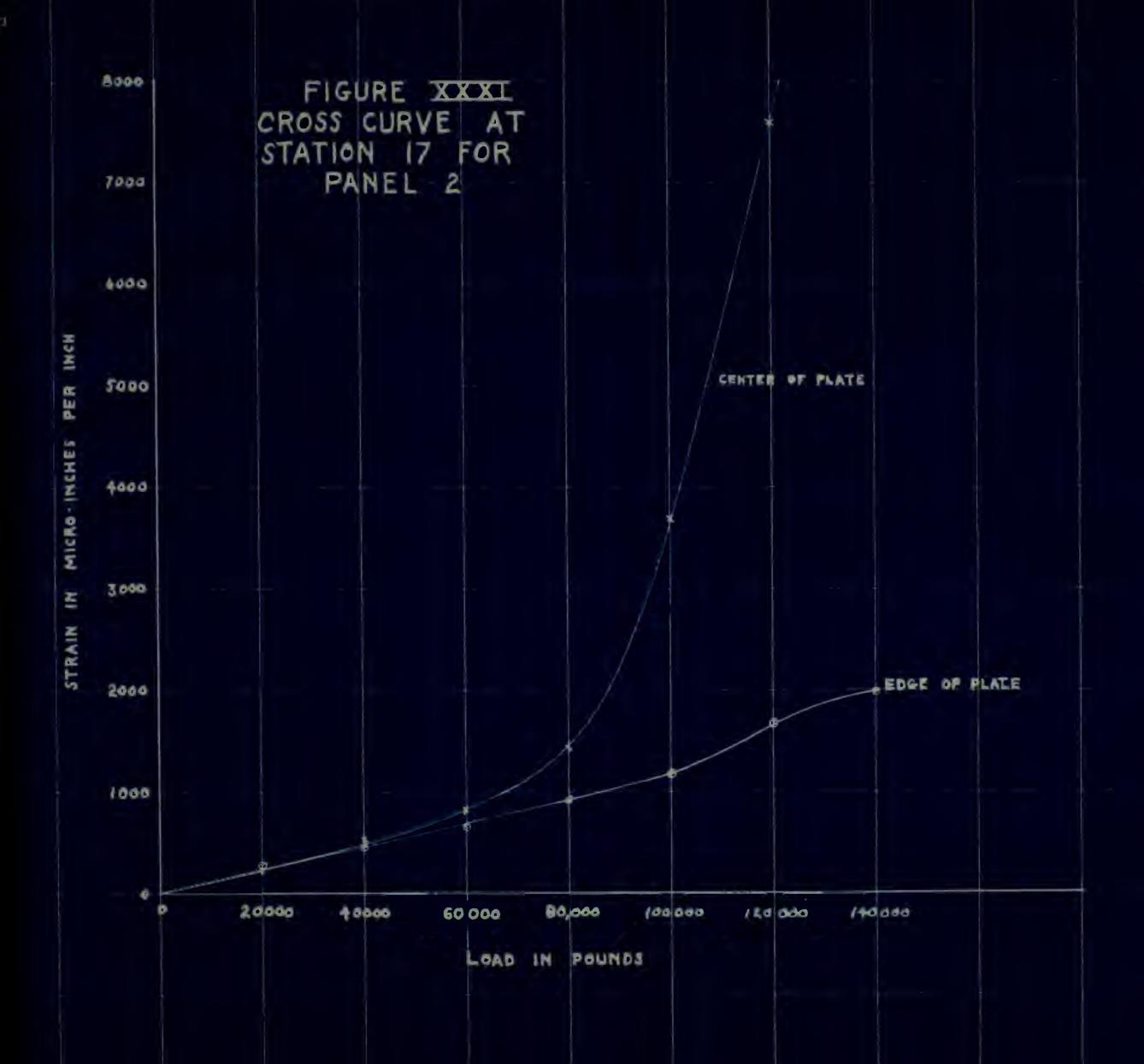












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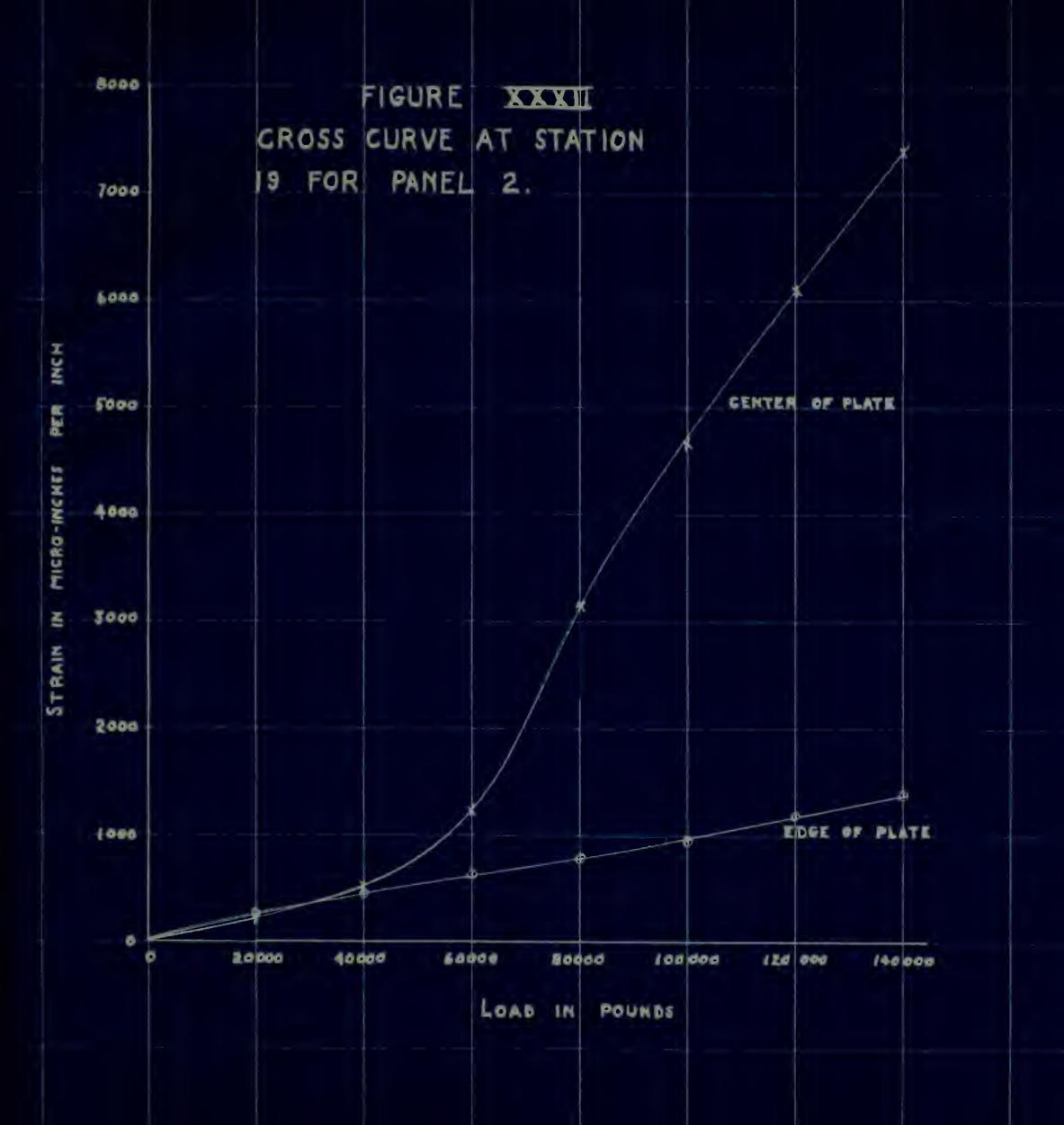
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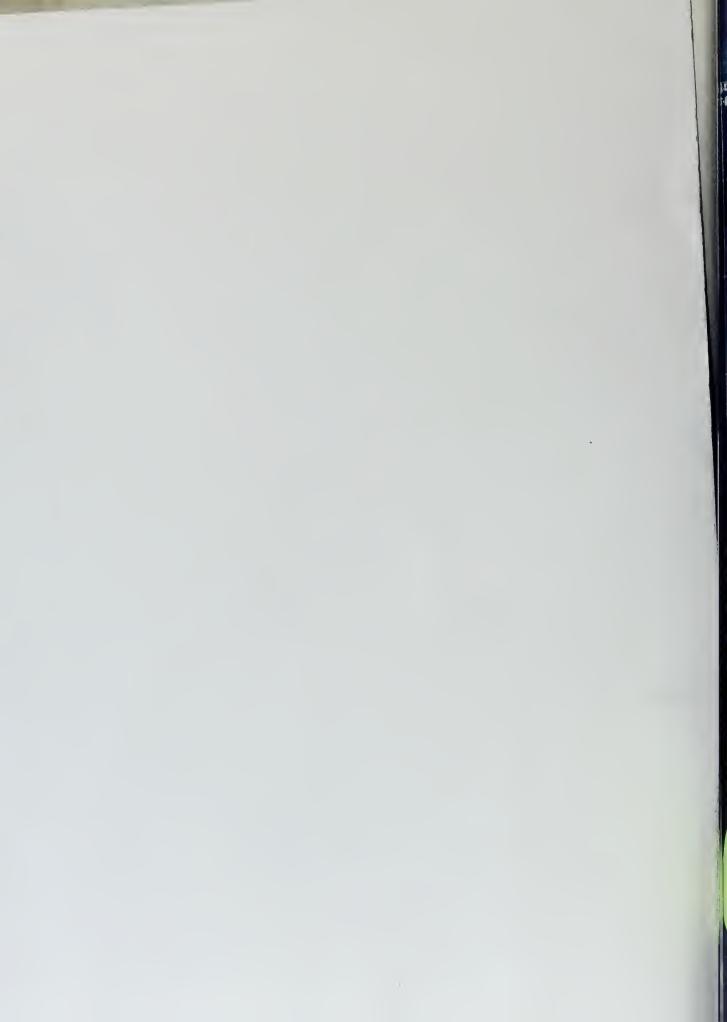
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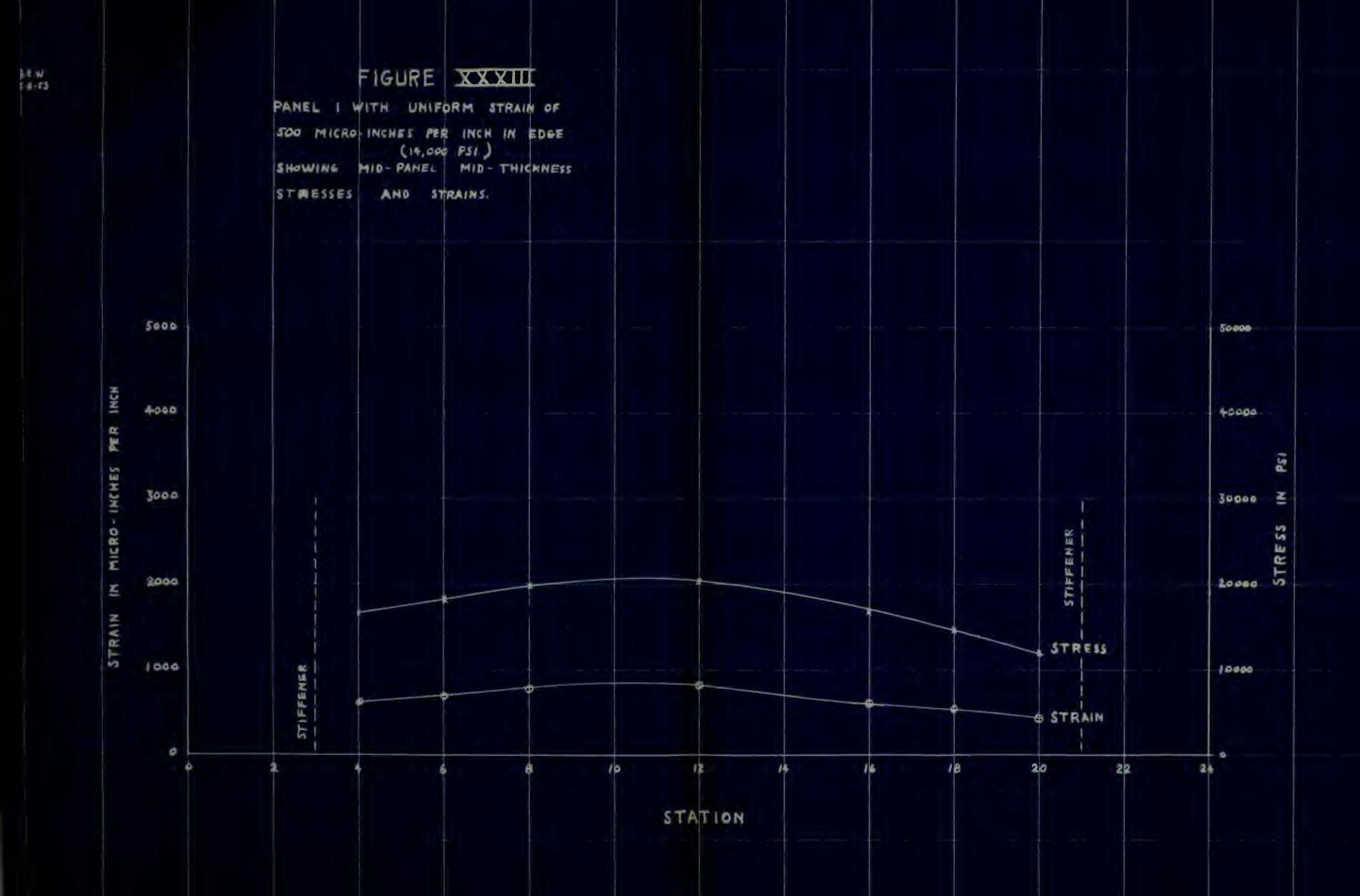
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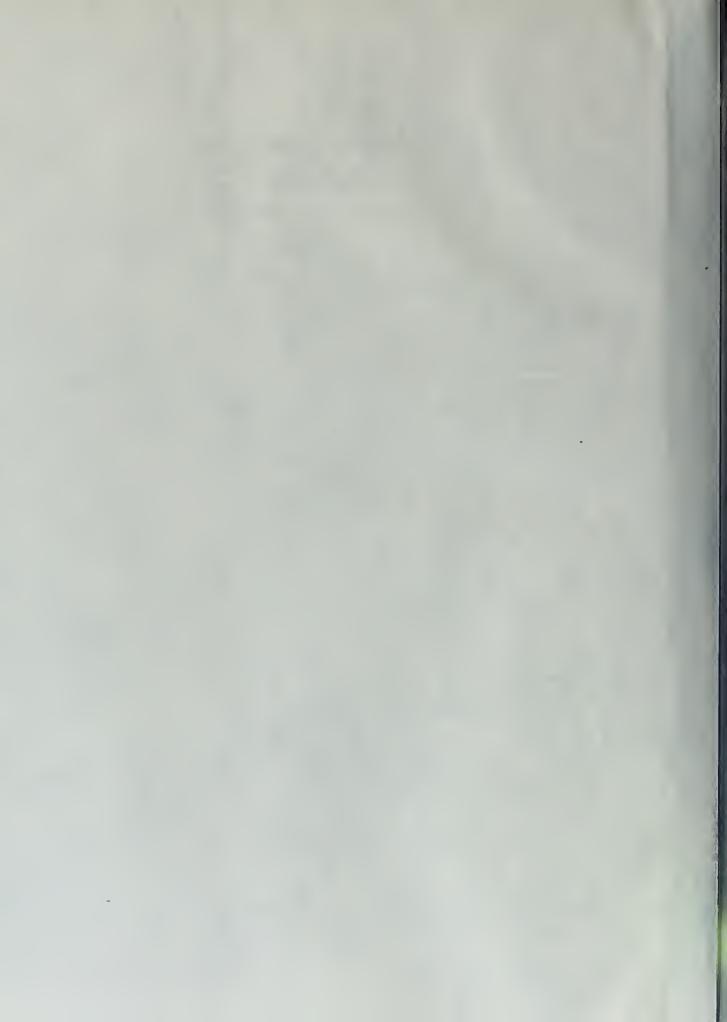
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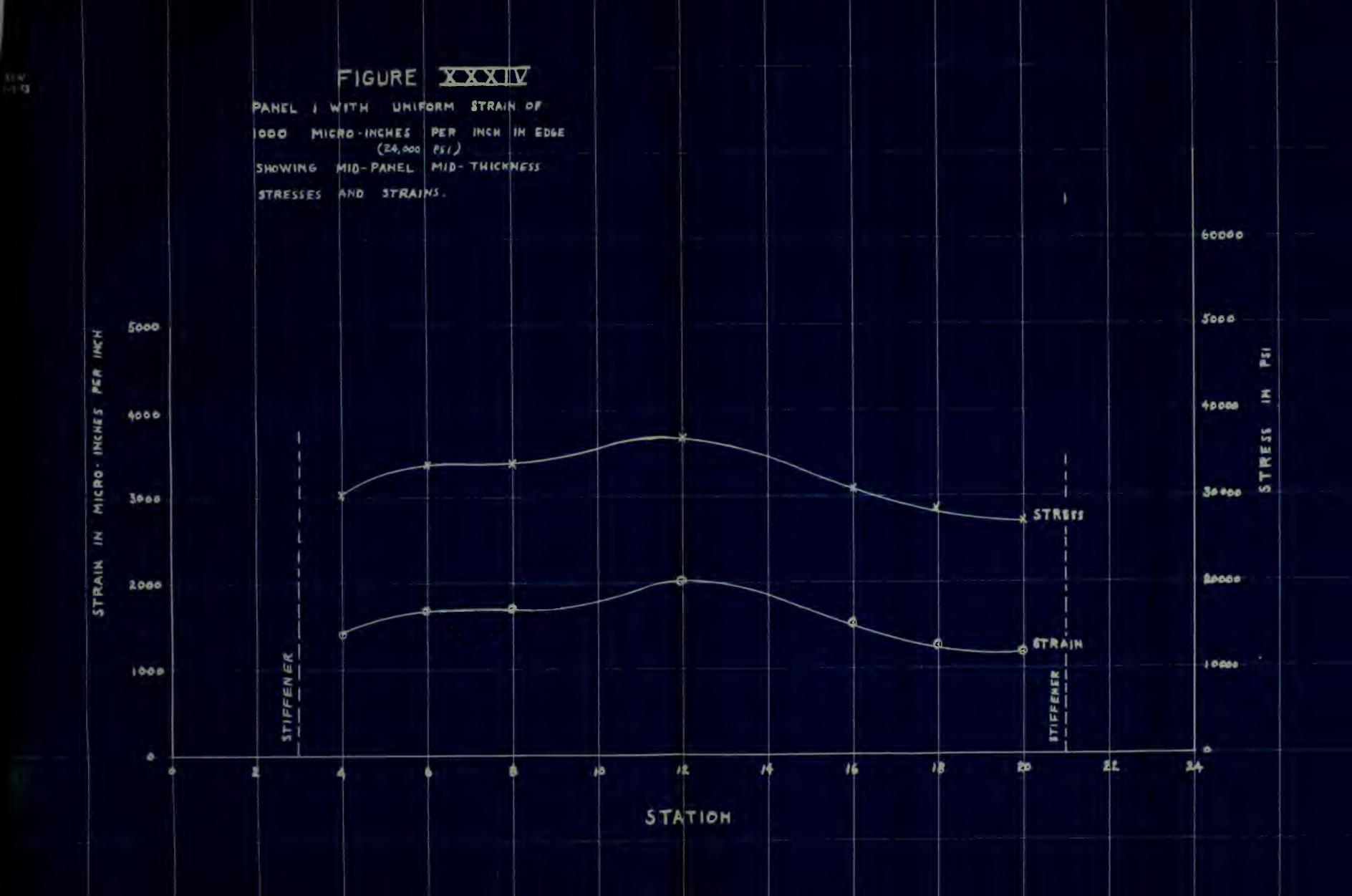
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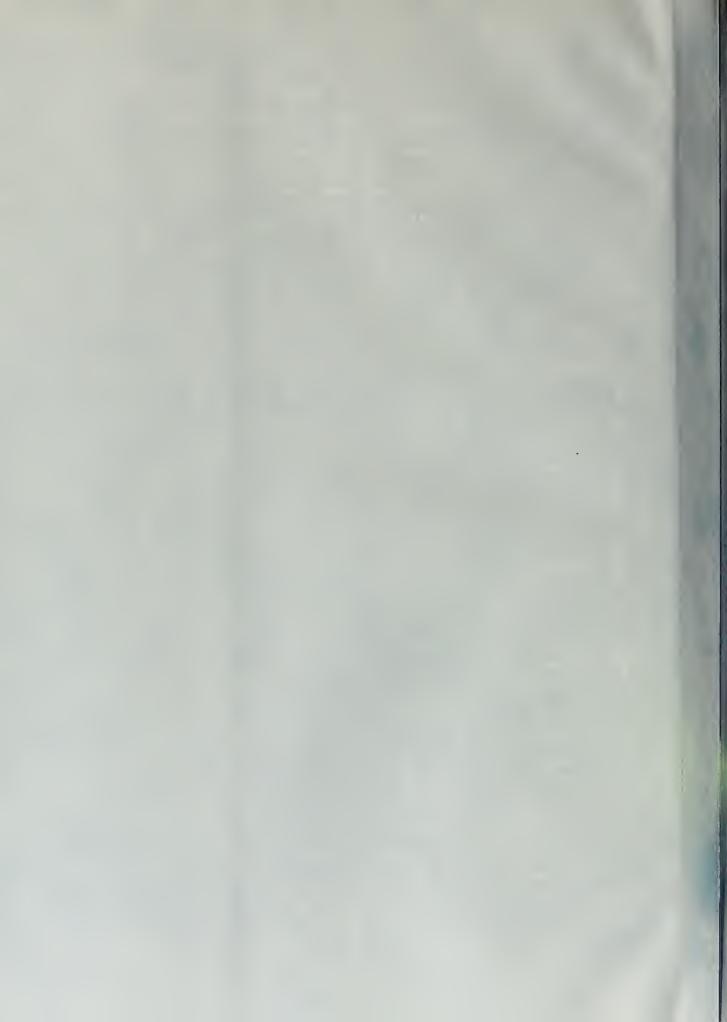


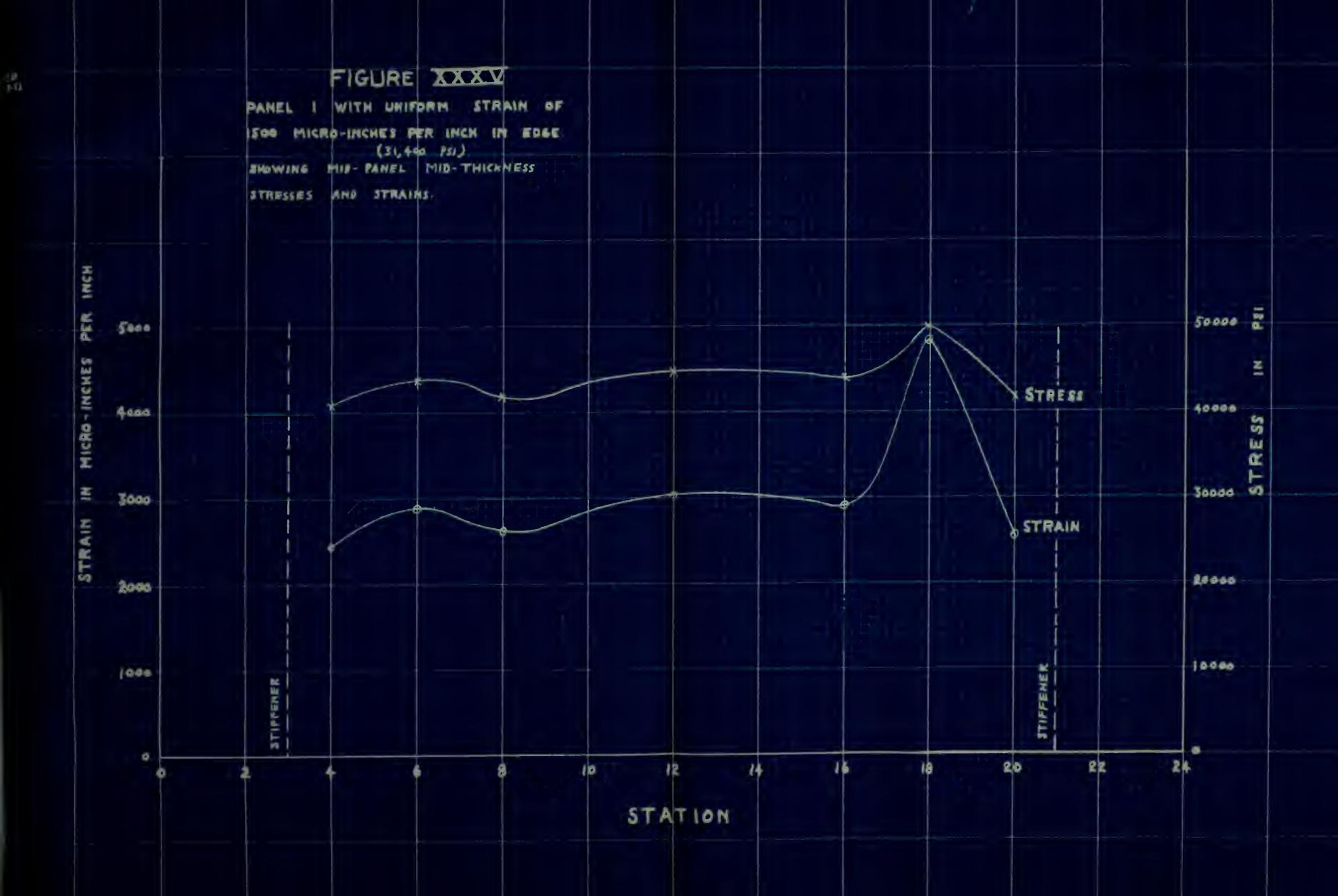


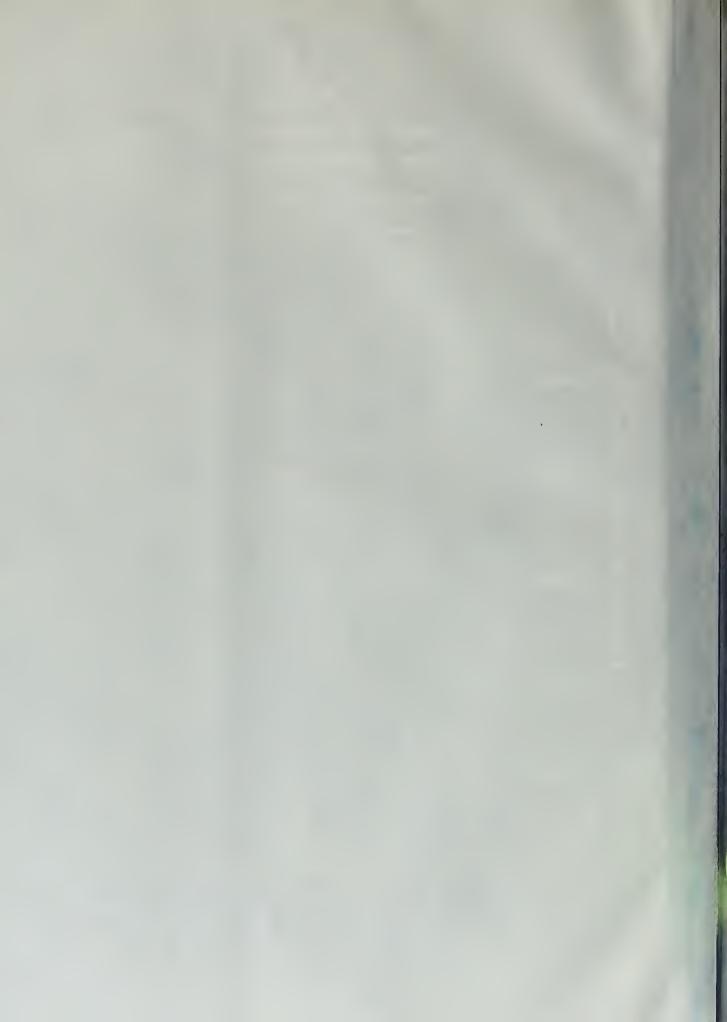


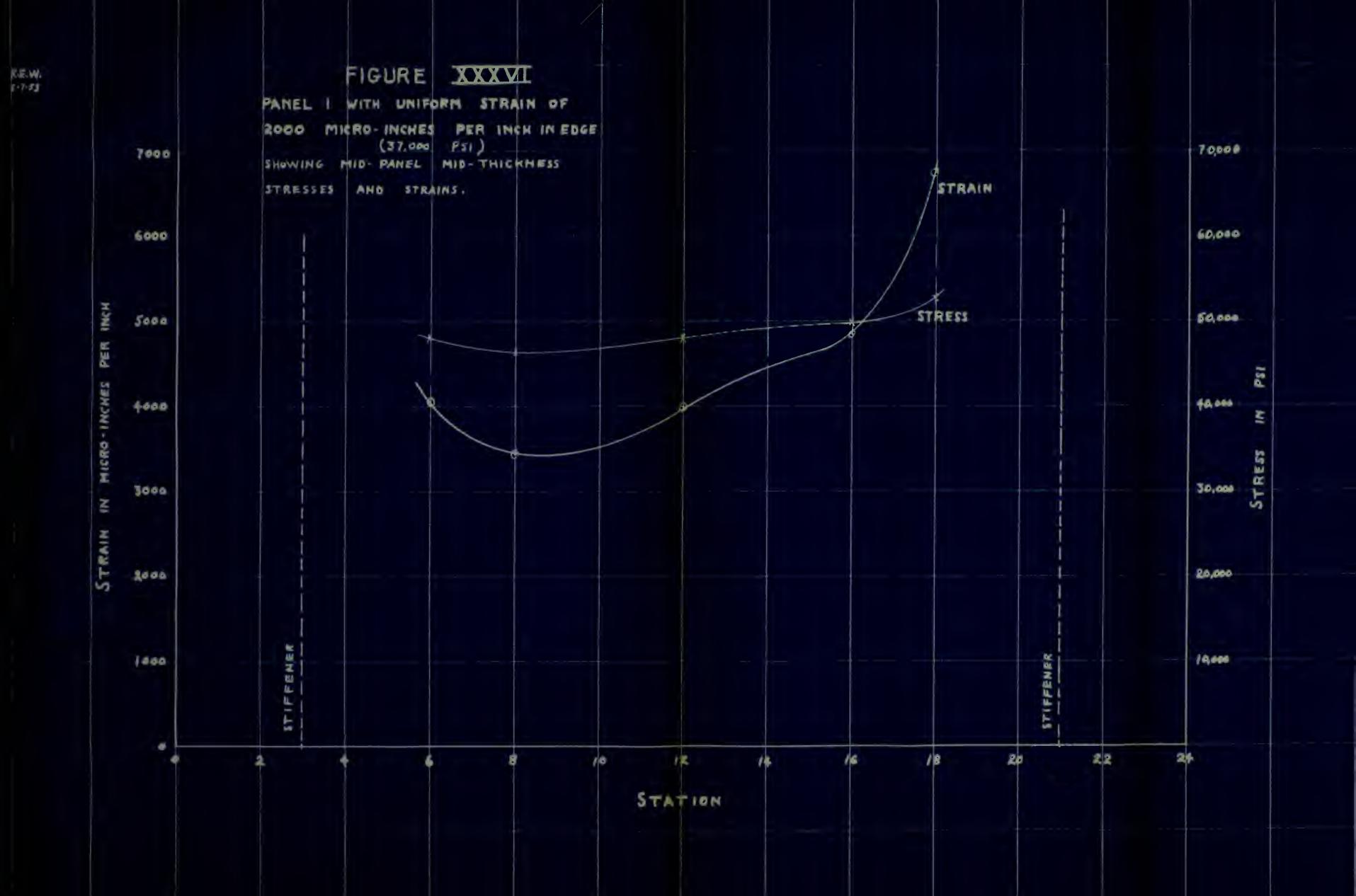


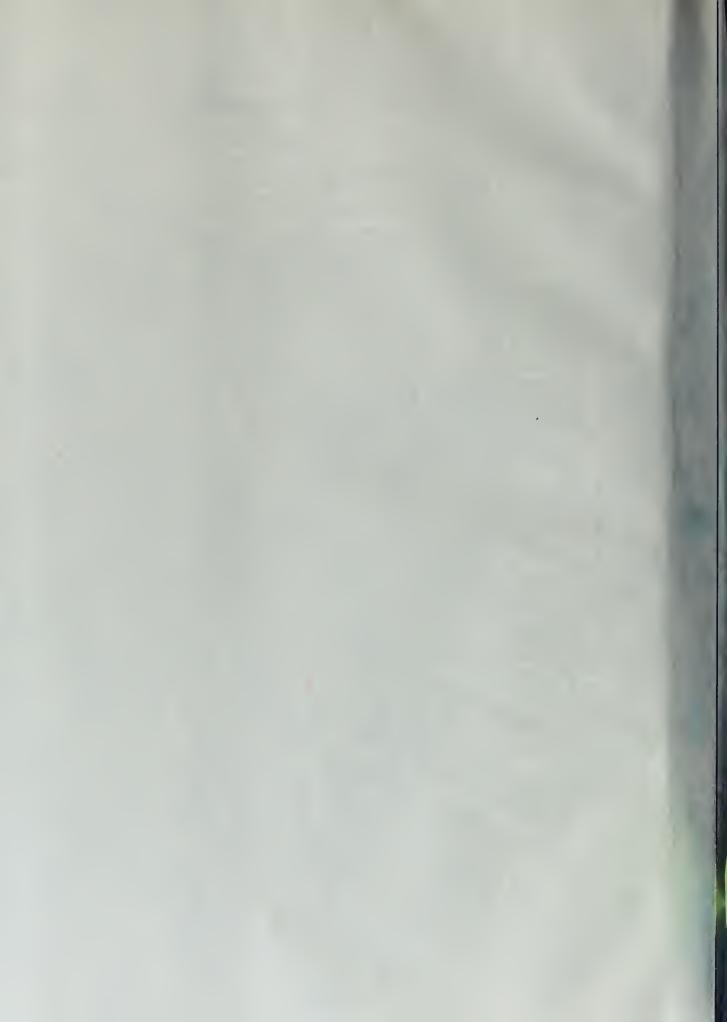


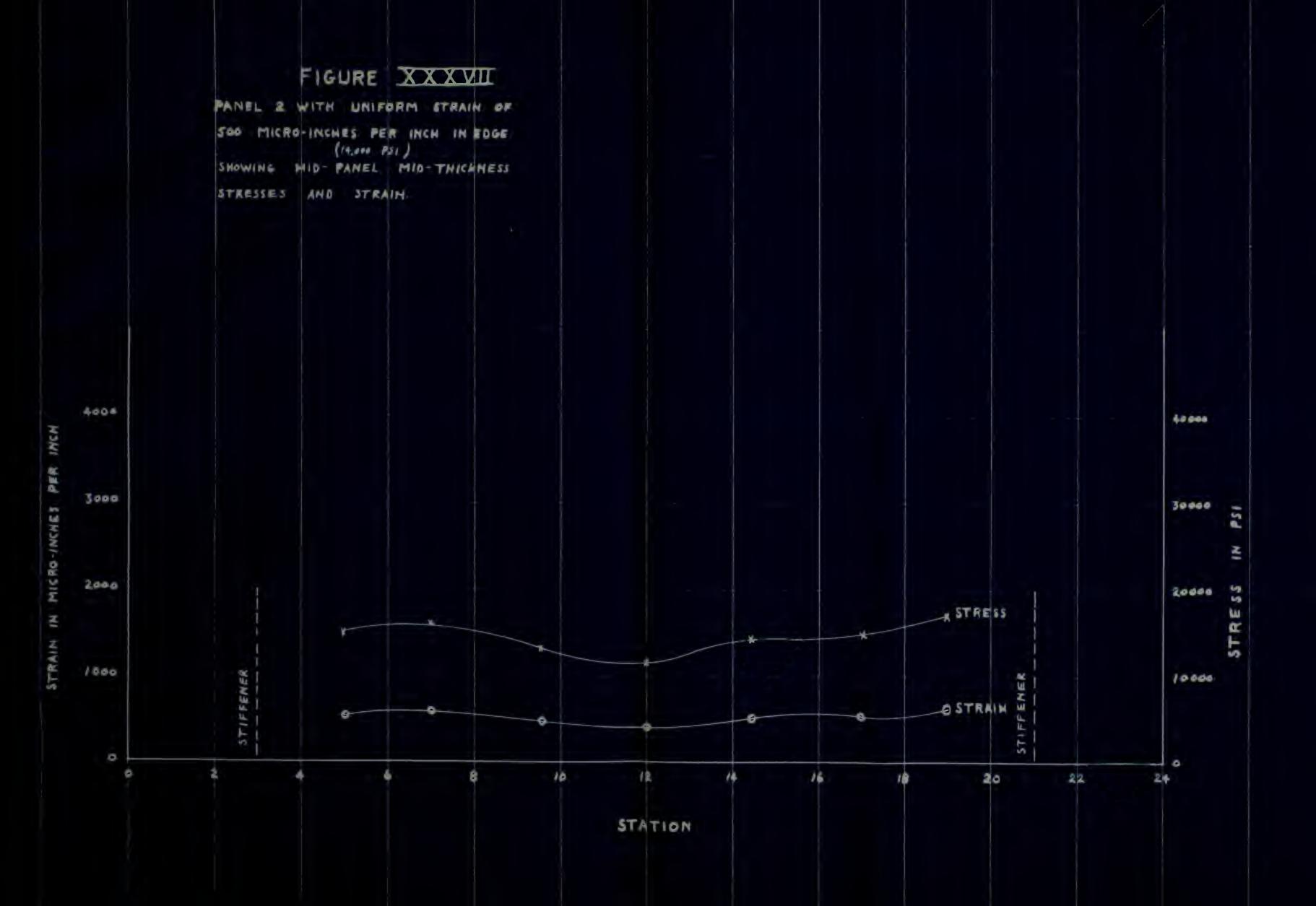


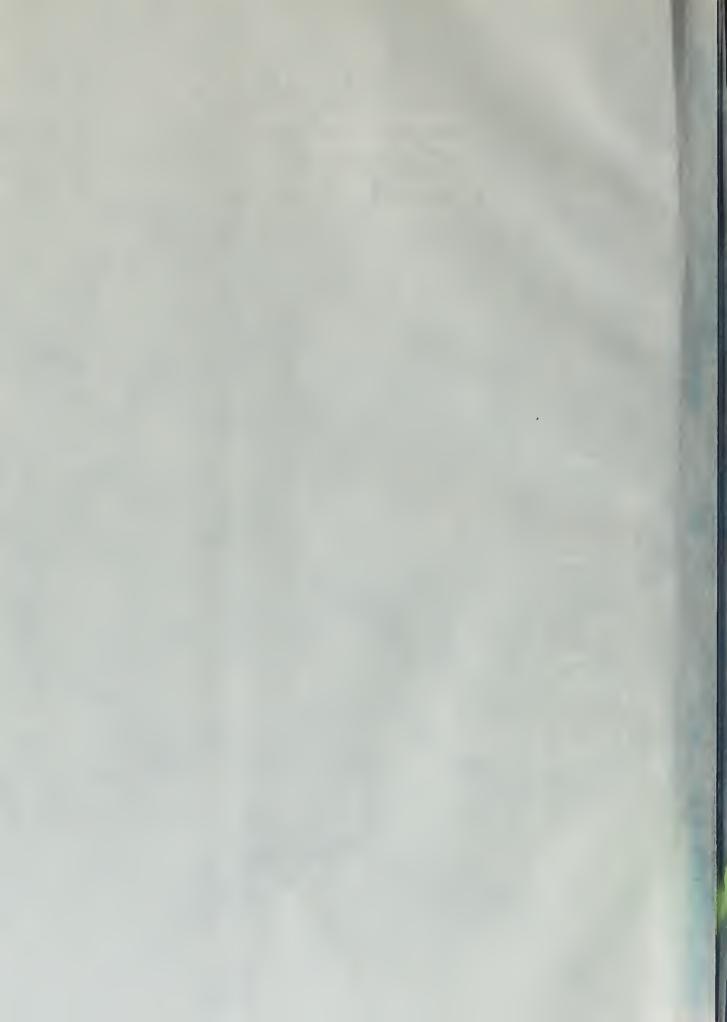


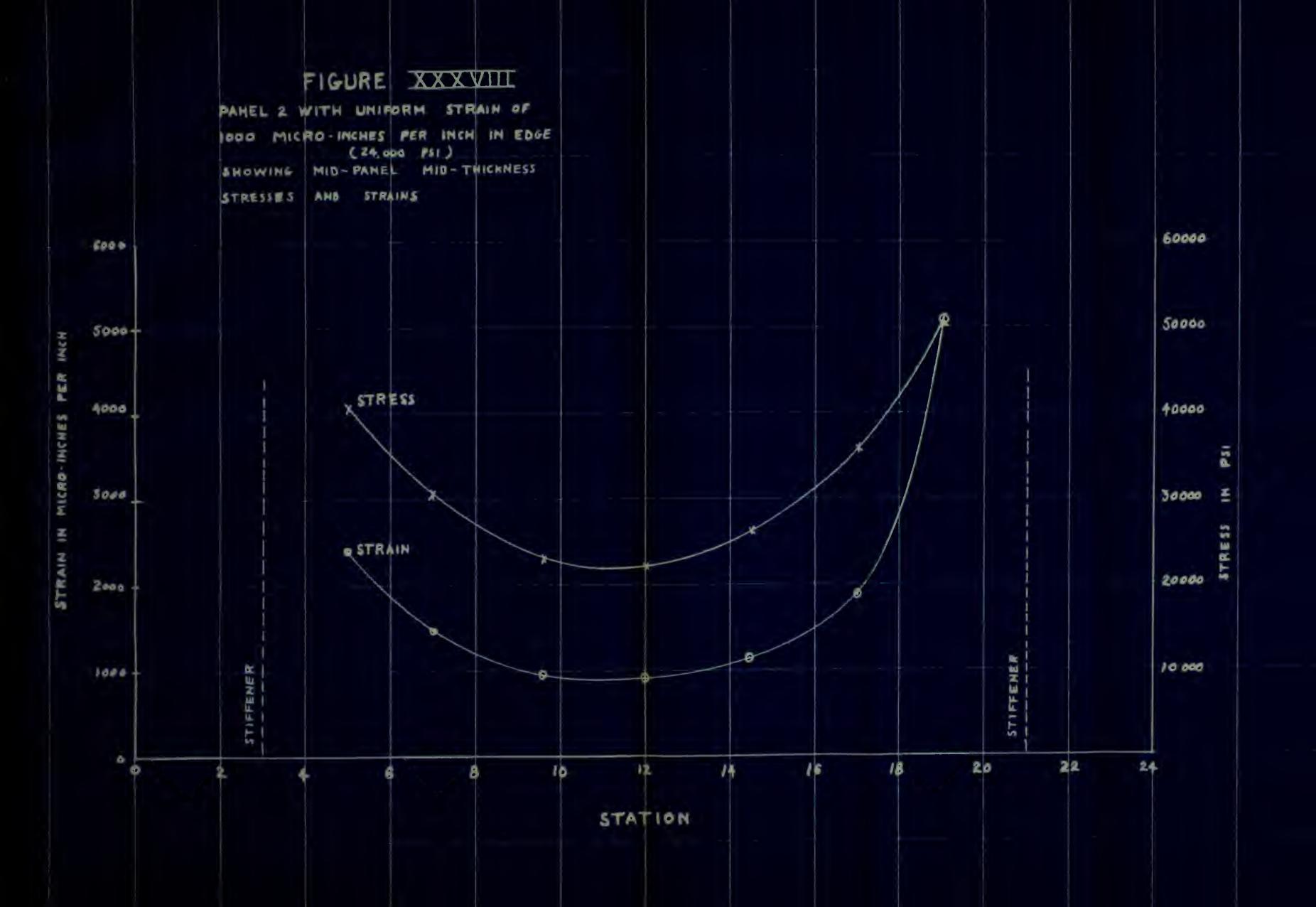


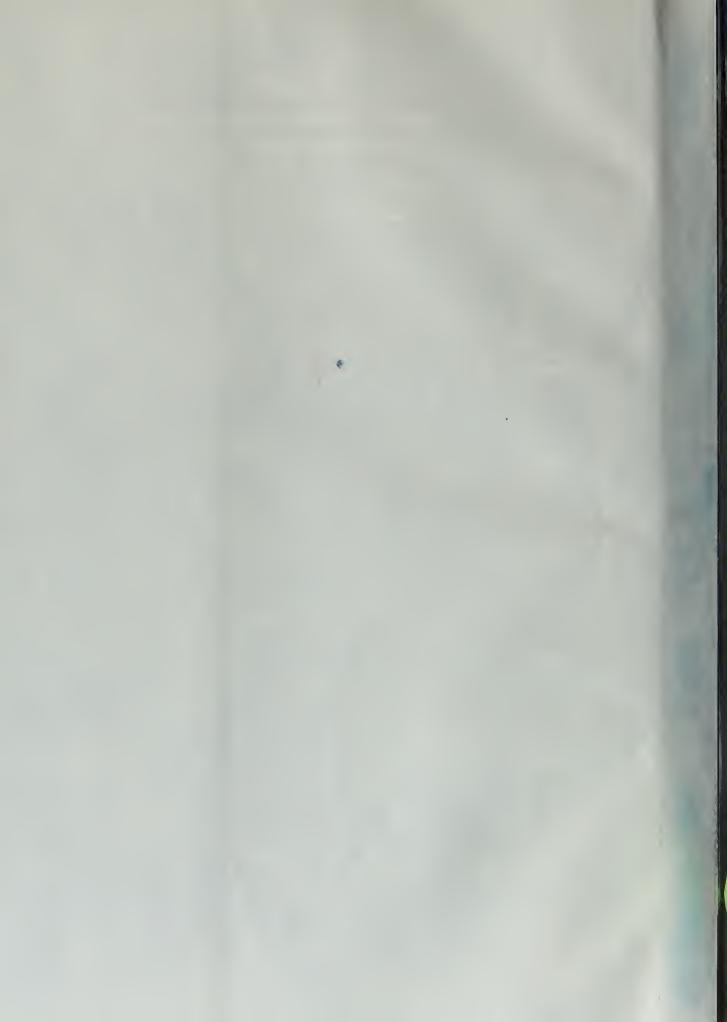














III MESULTS

The results of this investigation are summarized by the uniform strain curves, Figures XXXIII - XXXVI for Panel 1 and Figures XXXVII - XL for Panel 2.

3.1 Results of Test on Panel 1

The curves depicting the lower values of uniform strain

(Figures XXXIII and XXXIV) show a fairly uniform strain dis
tribution across the center of the panel. This strain is about

1.5 times the uniform strain at the edge.

At 1500 micro-inches per inch uniform strain (Figure XXXV) the strain distribution across the panel is uniform with the exception of the large strain at station 18. The average strain across the center (excluding the reading at station 18) is about twice the edge strain.

At 2000 micro-inches per inch (Figure XXXVI) the strain at station 18 is again higher than the strain at the other stations.

Station 20 is not plotted since the cross-curve did not give a value corresponding to this edge strain.

3.3 Results of Test on Panel 2

At 500 micro-inches per inch uniform strain (Figure XXXVII) the center section shows a fairly uniform strain pattern about equal in magnitude to the edge strain.

The strain in the center section corresponding to 1000 microinches per inch uniform edge strain shows a decided variation from a

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uniform pattern (see Figure XXXVIII). The highest strain is observed closest to the stiffeners where it reaches a value of five times the edge strain.

Figures XXXIX and XL (corresponding to 1500 and 2000 microinches per inch strain respectively) show similar strain patterns.

The strain is high near the longitudinal stiffener, goes to a
minimum, rises at the center, hits another lew point, and rises to
another high as it approaches the other longitudinal stiffener. The
value of the maximum strain point plotted, at station 19, is about
four times the 1500 micro-inch per inch uniform edge loading and five
times the 2000 micro-inch per inch uniform strain.

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IV DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

There are two points that should be mentioned before embarking on a general discussion of the strain patterns determined corresponding to uniform tensile loading.

4.1 Surface Strain Considerations

All of the strain curve drawn represent average, or heart-ofplate, values for the panels concerned. A study of the strain patterns as determined on the panel surfaces themselves is necessary to the understanding of the phenomena which occurred during the tests. The strain gages on the edges of the plate generally showed correspendence for both panels. The strain for both sides increased in proportion to the increasing load and the gages in corresponding positions indicated strains close enough in magnitude to indicate that tension and not bending was the principal condition. In the same fashion the center of plate strain on opposite sides of Panel 1 showed good correspondence. On Panel 1 gages 4 and 22, 5 and 21, and 6 and 20 were in corresponding locations on opposite sides of the panel. At the 120,000 pound load, for example, the ratio of the principal strains at those three locations was 1.27:1, 1.17:1 and 1.17:1 respectively. This indication of a primarily tensile load is evident throughout the test of Panel 1.

Rovever Panel 2 shows a wide difference in strain readings at corresponding locations on opposite sides of the panel in the center section. On Panel 2 gages 10 and 29, 11 and 30, 12 and 31, 13 and 32, and 14 and 33 were located in corresponding locations on opposite sides

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of the plate. Reference to Figures XII and XIII will show that these gazes were located in the siddle section of the span between the calitudinal stiffeners. The strains on the concave side of the penal (see 10 - 14) reached very high strain values (up to 10,000 cicro-inches per inch at 140,000 pounds load) while the gaves on the convex side to ed compressive strains at first and eventually tendile strain of small magnitude (see Table XVIII). A re leal re re-entation of the ituation can be seen on FigureXVIII where these rincipal strain readings are plotted as crosses in the un tiffened side and triangles on the tiff ned side. These extremes of strain, particularly evident on Panel 2 ere not con idered in the pre ar tion of the uniform strain curves. Torefore we sust conclude that strains in a cess of the e determined for Panel 2 do exist on one surface of the plate. These strains are in the region of the unsupported s an between logituding tiffeners on the concave side. However the region of lighest train were stormined to be near the long tudinal stiffeners where it was found that the strin readings on both lies of the part were of the same order of a mitude. We may then regard the cross-sectional area through the plate over which high strains were obtained as being triungular in shape. The two slees of the penel near the log itudinal differers provide two vertices of the triangle and the concave side of the mel in the siddle section of the san between longitudinal stiffeners provides the third.

4.2 Boving of Tren verse stiff ners

The bowing of the tran verse stiffeners of Panel 1 as described in paragraph 2.7 is believed to have been or used by the action of the sulling members under load. The bowing of the sorisontal portion of the pulling

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member caused the ends of the test section to love toward one another, thus forcing the transverse stiffeners to bow. During the test of Panel 2 the horizontal portion of the pulling member did not bow as much as on Panel 1 and the resulting bowing of the transverse stiffeners was noticeably less. It is considered that more uniform loading could be obtained by redesign of the pulling members so as to reduce the amount of bowing in the horizontal portion.

4.3 Discussion of Uniform Str in Curves

4.3.1 The 500 micro-inch per inch uniform strain curves.
(Figures XXXIII and XXXVIII).

At low magnitudes of train any effect that the distortion of Panel 2 had on the strain pattern is not discernible. train patterns for Panels 1 and 2 appear to be about the same, as entially a uniform strain across the center of the panel.

4.3.2 The 1000 micro-inch per inch uniform strain curves. (Figures XXXIV and XXVIII).

Panel 1 continues to indicate a uniform strain pattern across the center of the plate. The unfairness of Panel 2 appears to have commenced to markedly affect the strain distribution. The plotted strain nearest to stiffener increased to 5000 micro-inches per inch and to 4000 nearest to the other stiffener.

4.3.3 The 1500 micro-inch per inch uniform strain curves.
(Figures NAXV and NAXIX).

Figure XXXV still continues to show uniform strain across the

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center except for the point at station 18. Reference to Figures XXIV and XVI shows the possibility of an error in obtaining this point. The value of the center of plate point would be greatly altered by a slightly different mean strain curve drawn through the known points. Because of the paucity of points the curve is not known with much accuracy so it was not considered justifiable to alter the previously constructed curve.

The strain pattern of lanel 2 (Figure XXXIV) assumes an extremely interesting shape when compared with the transverse section through the center of the panel (Figure XI). The similarity of the two curves is quite noticeable. The points of minimum strain correspond to the points of maximum deflection, and the highest strains are found adjacent to the longitudinal stiffeners.

4.3.4 The 2000 micro-inch per inch uniform strain curves. (Pigures XXXVI and XL).

The uniform strain curve for Panel 1 reaches a high point at station 18. Since a value for station 20 corresponding to this value of edge strain was not available (see Figure XXV), the impression is gained that strain is increasing as it approaches the stiffener at atation 21. It is probable that station 20 would be more in line with the other stations, and thus expose the point at station 18 as being in error, as was indicated in paragraph 4.3

The strain pattern for Panel 2 retains the same shape and similarity to Figure XI as was noted for the 1500 micro-inches per square inch uniform strain curve.

Hete the extremely high strain, and correspondingly large stress near the stiffeners while the bulged portion still does not carry its full share of the load.

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any quantitative conclusions on the basis of the two samples tested.

Panel 1 was tested to obtain general information and to help find the most suitable location for gages for future tests. The gage locations for Panel 2 are considered to have given information to more accurately prepare the plots needed for the analysis. The results appear to confirm that strain and stress distribution is related to the plate distortion as was hypothesized at the commencement of this work. This relationship is particularly emphasized by the results of the test of Panel 2. The irregular contour of the panel and the strain picture at high loads which follows that contour lend credence to the hypothesis. It is hoped that future investigations will quantitatively develop the relationships which appear to exist.

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VI RECOMMENDATIONS

The work on this project has only begun if the type of results envisioned are to be achieved. Therefore the following recommendations for future work are suggested:

- 6.1 A plane sample should be tested with more strain gages
 located in the center section and along the edge. The results of
 the test of Panel 1 indicate that symmetry was not present and that
 bending did occur. In addition more points are needed in order to plot
 the variation of strain across the plane panel with sufficient accuracy
 to prepare the cross-curves.
- 6.2 More samples, with varying degrees of bulge, and eventually varying aspect ratios, should be tested.
- 6.3 The possibility of modifying the design of the pulling members to obtain a more uniform load condition at the edges should be investigated. The possibilities of using thicker gusset plates and/or a stiffer horizontal member are suggested. It should be realized however, that the basic problem of obtaining uniform tension along the edge of a plate, using a machine which essentially gives a point load source may never be fully solved.
- 6.4 The use of an overall strain measurement, such as can be obtained by use of a Berry Gage (or similar mechanical strain indicator) is suggested. This reading should be taken over the length of the test section in the longitudinal direction. This strain can then be compared to the strains obtained by the SR-4 gages. The possibility of using these Berry Gage readings to construct the uniform strain curve should be considered.

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- 6.1 A plus smale should be test of the contest in results of located in the contest and located in the results of the test of the court of addition or points research in order to lot the verition of train scross the lane perhaps a with sufficient accuracy to records.
 - 6. or s -ples, ith varyin a of bulge, id vertully verying senset ratio, should be to to d.
- o. osiality of modifying the last nof the pulling moderate obtained and conditions of the last the last should be layed the total. On ibilities of the thirt result is and/or stiffer orizontal ob rar or stiffer orizontal obtained however, the basic roblem of oot in the last the long the ene of the tangent solution as not layer to the ourse of the pully solved.
- 5.4 he use of m o roll et in euro ut, such as cen b obtimed by use of a Berry Gogs (or i il rechical trin indictor) is

 subsettle in the longitudinal direction. At trin central course
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Berry Gage readings were taken during the test of Panel 2 at stations 3, 12, and 21 between points located on the norisontal portions of the pulling embers using a gage length of 14-1/4 inches. The strains determined from these readings were consistently larger than corresponding strains obtained from SR-4 gage readings. It was felt that these inaccuracies were introduced by the strain in the weld metal joining the test section and pulling member so the Berry Gage data was not used.

- tudinal stiffeners is also recommended. Verification of the test data could then be made by integrating the stress curves for both the center and loaded edge portions of the test section. The resulting values of load should correspond and should agree with the load imposed by the testing machine. Such data taken only on the outside of the flanges was insufficient to make this procedure possible for the test of Panel 2.
- 6.6 The ultimate form of the results is seen as a plot of dimensionless bulge (bulge magnitude divided by mate thickness) verus a stress concentration factor. This factor would be the eximum stress existing in the plate divided by the uniform stress along the edge. A third parameter could conceivably be assect ratio.

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VII. APPENDIX

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APPENDIX A

Test Data

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Table I SR-4 Indicator Readings
(Micro inches per inch)

			Panel No	. 1			
	Zero	Readi	ng	20.0	20,000 Pounds		
Gage No.	A Axis	B Axis	C Ax1s	A Ax1s	B Ax1s	C Ax1s	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 27	5900 5970 6220 5950 6220 4990 3780 6580 6580 5200 6900 5920 5110 7080 7090 8315 3440 4300 7460 7460 7280 4840 5780 6600 4125	7360 6410 7390 7050 6880 4710 5750 6215 7130 6070 7570 5900 7140 4950 7140 6780 6780 6780 6780 6780 6780 6780 678	6410 7390 8080 8220 7110 6650 5370 5030 6290 6950 7020 7080 6650 5420 7950 4380 5680 5820 7180 5625 4260 6790 5550 6260 4890 4400 6490	6005 6250 6380 6320 6620 5430 3990 6800 5460 7150 6000 5280 7350 7400 7340 8410 3600 4480 7660 7800 4670 7430 4930 5870 6900 4200	7420 6575 7440 7210 7010 4910 4835 5790 6290 7290 6170 7600 5940 6040 7300 4990 7150 4780 6810 6110 7290 6890 5660 6910 5510 5510 6180	6380 7350 8010 8100 7020 6570 5260 5010 6270 6850 6950 7060 6600 5370 7830 4310 5645 5790 7150 5560 4130 6700 5520 6200 4865 4340 6470	

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(Micro inches per inch)

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Gage No.	Axis	B Axis	C Ax1s	A Axis	Axis	C Axis
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	6150 6580 6550 6840 7400 6070 4170 6440 7060 5640 7475 6110 7620 7835 7600 8560 3710 4640 8140 80 5010 5010 5970 7260 4280	7520 6735 7510 7420 7320 5130 4910 5850 6370 5435 6240 7610 5995 6170 7520 4990 7210 4840 6850 6300 7530 7000 5760 6910 5550 5610 6210	6350 7280 7980 7920 6890 6340 5200 4990 6220 6760 6805 7040 6580 7695 4210 5610 5770 7160 5770 7160 5430 4020 6550 6170 4840 4200 6460	6290 6880 6710 7520 8280 6830 4340 6530 7280 5910 6220 5530 7810 8250 7850 8720 3820 4800 8830 9150 5660 7800 5080 6070 7640 4370	7620 6890 7600 7620 5230 4970 5940 6300 7620 6050 6310 7750 5000 7295 4910 6900 6430 7810 7160 5910 6910 5580 5740 6270	6300 7190 7970 7600 6490 5950 5140 4980 6170 6670 6690 7020 6560 5200 7570 4120 5570 5750 7180 5030 3630 6250 5610 6150 4810 4080 6450

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Table I SR-4 Indicator Readings
(Micro inches per inch)

			Panel N	0. 1		
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Gage	Axis	B Ax1s	C Ax1s	A Axis	B Ax1s	C
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 32 4 25 6 27	6450 7190 6910 8160 9730 7670 4530 6630 7490 6120 6350 5655 8230 8760 8900 3950 5000 9560 10440 6170 8050 5150 6200 7950 4490	7750 7050 7710 7900 8180 5490 5050 6490 7780 6330 7620 6490 8020 5060 7400 4970 6990 6710 8370 7300 6940 5630 5900 6340	6270 7120 7970 7460 5720 5550 5110 4950 6120 6410 6600 7000 6540 5110 7450 4070 5530 5750 7250 4710 2880 6160 5690 6150 4790 4000 6430	6620 8310 7140 7630 11900 9600 4730 6740 7750 7580 8420 6510 5810 9520 9290 8430 9100 4090 5220 11170 A-2900 6490 8350 5240 6360 8210 4610	7910 7930 7840 8300 8810 6750 5130 6180 6500 8260 6340 7610 6160 7520 5060 7520 5060 7515 8970 7570 6950 5710 6950 6430	6220 6740 7850 7650 5010 4620 5080 4950 6160 6520 6870 6530 4690 7380 4690 5735 7320 3980 6160 4760 3980 6420

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23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	6020 5690 5450 5350 5370 4180 4280 4980 7400 4270 4550 3980 5940 6930 6640 6680 4410 0.443" 0.415"	4690 6230 6330 4450 5350 5810 6490 4950 7110 6000 6800 4360 4300	7130 7770 8320 5550 6430 5900 8030 7980 7150 6870 6360 6790 7240	6 1 7 0 5 6 5 0 0 5 6 6 0 0 5 5 2 0 0 5 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4330 6160 6330 4430 4350 5700 6490 4780 5980 5980 5980 4840 4420	7070 7710 8280 5510 6360 5750 7930 7800 6760 6760 6760 7140

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(Micro inches per inch)

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Gage No.	A	Axis	C Axis	Axis	Ax1s	C Ax18
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 22 22 23 24 24 25 26 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	7850 7570 8540 8680 6710 9440 8600 8030 7690 A-1790 9050 A-2180 9630 10270 10570 6600 7470 8600 A-3180 7320 5540 6460	7000 3740 7950 7670 6280 6860 5430 6920 6180 9400 7880 9330 7270 6710 8190 7040 6840 8140 8580 5280 7630	4720 5590 5940 4680 3360 6580 4730 7150 4810 6310 6230 4480 4850 6190 4860 4920 5650 6060 6130 6100 6010 8340	8040 7750 10110 9250 7400 9630 8790 8430 9160 A-3460 9430 A-1330 A-3110 A-2550 7160 7600 8850 A-5200 7530 6620	7080 3840 5820 8070 6340 6910 5480 7000 6860 10200 8000 10470 7910 7330 8750 7180 6850 8200 9780 5460 5410 7700	4720 5580 8480 4620 3120 7610 4710 6970 4710 6320 5890 4370 4780 5840 4680 4740 5620 6090 5840 6090 6040 8340
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 31 23 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 41 82 83 83 83 83 83 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84	7410 6590 6100 6010 5530 3820 4750 4670 7120 5500 7450 4380 7380 5910 6080 7450 6730 6510 4650 0.265" 0.249"	5560 6210 6420 4580 5380 5310 6680 4460 6180 6280 8450 4850 4760	6940 7370 8180 5500 6120 5210 7690 7220 7380 6270 6060 6650 6650 6630	7660 6910 6210 6130 5680 3870 5160 5160 7400 7690 9080 4470 8360 5920 6030 7570 6750 6490 4750 0.335" 0.216"	5850 6090 6460 4590 5420 5250 6910 4560 5970 7230 9450 4830 5010	6950 7110 8180 5540 5930 4900 7680 6920 7160 5940 5980 6620 6210

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Table II SR-4 Indicator Readings
(Micro inches per inch)

	1 4	20,000 P	ounds	34	140,000 Pounds			
Cage	A	B	C	A B C				
No.	Axis	Ax1s	Axis	Axis	Axia	Axie		
1234556739101123145617819021222	8260 7990 A-2680 10180 8830 9910 9030 8920 A-1320 A-5000 9990 A-8160 A-2450 A-7120 A-7120 A-790 7780 9140 A-6860 7790 5950 6830	7200 3930 9950 8600 6870 7020 5510 7070 7560 10780 8320 A-2520 8440 9080 9450 7320 6860 8270 A-0300 5630 5580 7690	4720 5550 5380 4510 3040 7640 4650 6180 4590 6370 5510 4050 4780 5140 4490 4520 5570 6130 5450 6140 8280	8500 8190 A-4980 A-2870 10600 10120 9370 9520 A-2500 A-6170 A-2100 A-4470 A-9930 A-5360 8390 8040 9490 A-8720 8130 6200 7490	7330 3960 11800 9540 7610 7150 5710 7150 8040 A-1870 9190 A-3820 9280 9980 9980 9980 7430 6890 8390 10310 5820 5790 7790	4720 5460 A-950 3950 2780 7680 4530 6570 4490 4300 4250 5500 6190 4960 5990 6260 8070		
234 256 278 290 1234 567 890 121 231 231 231 231 231 231 231 231 231	8110 7750 6420 6290 6100 4330 6320 6620 8040 A-2030 10610 4540 9350 5980 6020 7770 6850 6520 4920 0.294* 0.140* 0.171*	1	6890 6950 8160 5590 5690 4650 7610 6370 7100 5400 5890 6600 5830	9780 9030 6940 6450 7080 5470 9270 10570 9930 A-4830 A-2500 4600 10580 6080 6080 8020 7040 6610 5220 0.244** 0.043** 0.122**	6760 6410 6510 4670 5670 6000 8650 7290 6560 9860 10510 4690 5730	6410 6750 8070 5610 5440 7630 5870 6850 5740 6580 5410		

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APPRODIX B

Calculations of Principal Strains

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TABLE III Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	8	C	D	E
Gage No.	A sais strain	B axis strain	C axis		
				₹(A+B)	A-D
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 22 23 24 27	0105 0280 0160 0370 0400 0440 0210 0090 0220 0260 0250 0080 0170 0270 0400 0270 0400 0250 0160 0180 0200 0150 0240 0150 0090 0300 0300 0075	0060 0165 0050 0160 0130 0200 0065 0075 0160 0100 0030 0070 0140 00160 0040 0030 0070 0030 0070 0030 0070 0030 0070 0050 0060 0060 0070 0060	-0030 -0040 -0070 -0120 -0090 -0080 -0110 -0020 -0020 -0120 -0050 -0050 -0050 -0050 -0035 -0030 -0035 -0030 -0035 -0030 -0055 -0130 -0090 -0025 -0060 -0025	37.5 120 45 125 155 180 50 35 100 80 90 30 60 110 140 90 30 65 75 67.5 10 75 60 15 32.5 120 27.5	67.5 160 115 245 245 260 160 160 160 160 260 160 65 95 105 132.5 140 165 90 75 57.5 180 47.5

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TABLE III (continued) Calculation of Principal Strains

		Panel No.	1 Load	20,000	pounds	
	F	G		Angle rincipal Strain	Major Principal Strain	Minor Principal Strain
Gage No.	B-D	(E ² F ²)	Aro Tan F/E	} H	D+G	D-G
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	22.5 5 35 -25 20 15 5 -25 80 10 0 10 30 20 -50 0 5 -25 0 -50 0 -50 -25 0 -7.5	71.4 166 115 248 245 260 160 55 123 197 160 50 110 163 268 168 65 95 113 135 140 167 90 75 66.3 18.7 48.2	18.4 15.7 2.5 8.1 -6.0 4.4 5.2 -11.75 23.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0	9.2 7.8 1.2 4.0 -3.0 2.2 2.7 2.6 -5.9 12 .4 0 2.6 5.3 2.2 -8.6 0 1.5 -11.7 4.8 0 -147 -7.8 -4.5	109 286 160 373 400 440 210 90 223 277 250 80 170 273 400 258 85 160 188 203 150 242 150 90 99 307 76	-34 -46 -70 -123 -90 -80 -110 -20 -23 -117 -70 -20 -50 -53 -120 -78 -35 -30 -38 -67 -130 -92 -30 -60 -34 -67 -20

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TABLE IV Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	В	C	D	E
Gage	A Axis strain	B Axis strain	C Axis strain		
				1 (A+B)	A-D
012234	0250 0610 0330 0890 1180 1080 0390 0160 0480 0440 0575 0190 0300 0540 0835 0245 0270 0340 0680 0760 0650 0330 0170 0190 0660 0155	0160 0325 0120 0370 0440 0140 0140 0100 0155 0305 0170 0040 0125 0270 0380 0040 0090 0130 0090 0130 0070 0280 0250 0160 00160 00160 00170 0050	-0060 -0110 -0100 -0300 -0220 -0310 -0170 -0040 -0070 -0190 -0215 -0040 -0070 -0140 -0255 -0170 -0050 -0020 -0195 -0240 -0090 -0050 -0050 -0050 -0050 -0050 -0050 -0050	95 250 115 295 480 385 110 60 205 125 180 75 115 200 290 170 88 110 160 242 260 205 165 40 70 230 62	155 360 215 595 700 695 280 100 275 3155 185 345 160 180 438 504 165 130 430 430 430 430

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TABLE IV (continued)
Calculation of Principal Strains

	F	G	Н	I	J	К
Gage				Angle Principal Strain	Major Principal Strain	Minor Principal Strain
	B-D	(E ² F ²)	Arc Tan F/E	h H	D+ G	D-G
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 22 22 23 24 25 26 27	65 75 75 75 75 75 70 180 -135 10 70 90 -130 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -30 -	167 368 215 600 700 695 282 108 280 363 395 120 186 348 554 157 161 202 438 500 449 165 133 124 435	22.7 11.8 1.3 7.2 -3.3 2.9 6.1 21.8 -10.3 29.7 -1.5 -16.9 5.7 11.6 -20.9 1.5 7.1 -26.5 -1.2 -5.8 -1.3 -1.3 -1.3 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5 -1.5	11.4 5.9 0.7 3.6 1.0 3.0 10.9 -5.6 14.8 -8.4 2.8 4.7 -10.8 -13.2 -2.5 -2.9 -6.5 -7.0 -4.0 -3.7	262 618 330 895 1180 1080 392 168 488 575 195 301 548 843 534 245 271 362 680 760 654 330 173 194 665 156	-72 -118 -100 -305 -220 -310 -172 -48 -75 -238 -215 -45 -71 -148 -263 -194 -69 -51 -42 -196 -240 -244 -240 -244 -25 -32

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TABLE V Calculation of Principal Strains

Gage No.	A axis strain	B axis strain	C axis strain	D	E
				⅓ (A+B)	A-D
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	0390 0910 0490 1570 2060 1840 0560 0700 0710 0910 0300 0420 0830 1250 0760 0405 0380 0500 1370 1500 1230 0520 0240 0290 1040 0245	0260 0480 0210 0510 0740 0520 0200 0190 0225 0440 0230 0050 0180 0410 0610 0050 0175 0200 0120 0410 0530 0320 0310 0010 0070 0300 0110	-0110 -0200 -0110 -0620 -0620 -0620 -0700 -0230 -0050 -0120 -0280 -0330 -0060 -0090 -0220 -0380 -0260 -0110 -0070 -0000 -0595 -0630 -0540 0060 -0110 -0080 -0320 -0040	140 355 140 475 720 570 165 100 290 215 290 120 165 305 435 250 148 155 250 388 435 345 290 65 105 360 102	250 555 350 1095 1340 1270 395 150 495 620 180 255 525 815 257 225 282 1085 175 185 680 143

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20050111211148	- 11 - 7 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	-0110 -0200 -0520 -0750 -0	0200 0210 0210 0210 0210 0210 0210 0210	250 0770 0750 0750 0770 0770 0750 0750 0	252222222222222222222222222222222222222

TABLE 7 (continued)
Calculation of Principal Strains

	Panel No. 1 Load 60,000 pounds						
Gage	F	G	5	Angle incipal train	J Major Principal Strain	Kinor Principal Strain	
	B-D	(E2 F2)	Arc Tan F/E	1 H	D+ G	D-G	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	-120 125 70 35 20 -50 35 225 -60 -70 15 105 175 -200 27 45 -130 22 95 -25 -60 -75 -8	278 569 357 1095 1340 1270 395 175 415 545 620 194 255 536 835 548 258 230 282 982 1065 885 230 184 189 680 143	-25.6 12.7 11.3 1.8 -2.3 5.1 30.9 -9.0 24.4 -5.6 -21.2 3.4 11.3 12.1 -21.4 6.0 11.3 -27.4 1.3 5.1 -1.6 5.0 -17.4 -10.7 -5.1 3.2	-12.8 6.4 5.6 .9 -1.2 2.6 15.4 -4.5 12.2 -2.8 -10.6 1.7 5.6 6.0 -13.7 2.6 -13.7 2.6 -8 2.5 -8.7 -5.4 -2.6 1.6	418 924 497 1570 2060 1840 560 275 705 760 910 314 420 841 1270 798 406 385 532 1370 1500 1230 520 249 294 1040 245	-138 -214 -217 -620 -620 -700 -230 -75 -125 -330 -74 -90 -231 -400 -298 -110 -75 -32 -594 -630 -540 60 -119 -84 -320 -41	

Value V (continue)

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TABLE VI Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	В	C	D	F
Gage	A axia strain	B axis	C axis		
				1 (A+B)	A-D
123456789012234567	0550 1220 0690 2210 3510 2680 0750 0350 0910 1560 1220 0430 0545 1150 1760 0980 0585 0510 0700 2100 2790 1740 0770 0310 0420 1350 0365	0390 0640 0320 0850 1300 0780 0280 0300 0275 0650 0260 0050 0230 0590 0880 0110 0280 0210 0690 1090 0460 0120 0460 0120 0460 0180	-0140 -0270 -0110 -0760 -1390 -1100 -0260 -0080 -0170 -0540 -0420 -080 -0110 -0310 -0500 -0310 -0500 -0310 -0150 -0915 -1380 -0630 0140 -0110 -0100 -0400 -0400 -0400	205 475 290 725 1060 790 245 135 370 510 400 175 218 420 630 335 218 220 315 598 705 555 315 100 160 475 152	345 745 400 1485 2450 1890 505 215 540 1050 820 255 327 730 645 367 2985 1502 2085 1185 210 260 875 213

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TABLE VI (continued) Calculation of Principal Strains

	F	G	Н	I	J	K
Gage				Angle Principal Strain	Major Principal Strain	
	B-D	(E2 F2)	Arc Tan F/E	h H	D+ G	D-G
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	185 165 30 125 240 -10 35 165 -95 140 -125 170 250 -225 40 -105 92 385 -95 175 -40 -15 28	392 763 400 1485 2450 1890 505 271 546 1060 834 284 327 751 1160 684 372 294 399 1502 2120 1185 488 219 263 875 215	28.2 12.5 4.3 4.9 5.6 0 4.0 7.5 -10.0 7.6 -9.7 -26.2 2.1 13.1 12.5 -19.2 9.8 -15.9 -8.8 -15.9 -8.8 -15.9	14.1 6.3 2.4 2.8 0 18.8 -5.8 -13.1 1.0 6.2 -9.8 -9.6 8.2 -9.8 -9.6 1.8 -9.6 1.8 -9.6 1.8 -9.6 1.8 -9.6 1.8 -9.6 1.8 -9.6 1.8 -9.6 -9.6 -9.6 -9.6 -9.6 -9.6 -9.6 -9.6	737 1238 610 2210 3510 2680 750 406 9116 1570 1234 459 545 1171 1790 1019 590 514 714 2100 2825 1740 803 319 423 1350 367	-47 -288 -110 -760 -1390 -1100 -260 -136 -176 -550 -434 -109 -139 -109 -331 -530 -349 -154 -74 -84 -904 -1415 -630 -173 -119 -103 -400 -63

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TABLE VII
Calculation of Principal Strains

		9	G	D	7
Gage	A axis strain	B axis strain	C axis		
				1 (A+B)	A-D
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	9720 2340 9920 2680 5680 4610 9150 9460 1170 2580 1520 9790 9790 2440 2290 1340 9785 9650 9920 3710 4710 2060 1070 9400 9485	0550 1520 0450 1250 1930 1540 0360 0430 0285 1130 0270 0040 0290 1600 1120 0210 0400 0350 0350 0350 0350 0705 0705 0050 0200 0610 0270	-0190 -0650 -0130 -0570 -2100 -2030 -0290 -080 -0290 -0500 -0110 -0120 -0730 -0570 -0190 -0190 -0190 -0190 -0465 0230 -0100 -0130 -0420 -0770	265 845 395 1055 1790 1290 330 190 470 895 510 240 290 855 585 515 298 282 530 992 1300 798 650 150 225 595 208	1495 1495 525 2150 3890 3320 620 270 700 1685 1010 350 410 1585 1705 825 487 368 390 2720 3410 1262 420 250 355 1015

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TABLE VII (Continued) Calculation of Principal Strains

_		Panel No.	1 Load	100,000	pounds	
Gage No.	F	G		Angle rincipal Strain	J Major Principal Strain	Minor Principal Strain
	B-D	(E ² F ²)	Aro Tan F/E	† H	D+G	D-G
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	285 675 55 195 140 250 30 240 -185 235 -240 -200 0 1215 535 -305 102 68 -230 503 390 -68 55 -25 -25 -25 -25 -25 -25 -25 -25 -25	538 1640 529 2150 3890 3320 620 361 724 1710 1040 404 410 1750 1790 881 499 375 453 2770 3450 1262 424 270 355 1015 284	32.0 24.3 5.96 5.2 2.1 4.3 2.8 41.6 -14.8 7.92 -13.35 -29.7 0 25.2 17.4 -20.25 11.8 10.45 -30.5 10.45 6.5 -3.1 7.45 -21.8 -4.0 .85 12.6	16.0 12.2 3.0 2.6 1.0 2.2 1.4 20.8 -7.4 4.0 6.7 14.8 0 12.6 8.7 -10.1 5.9 5.2 -15.2 5.2 -1.6 2.7 -10.9 -2.0 .4 6.3	803 2485 924 3205 5680 4610 950 551 1194 2605 1550 644 700 2605 2375 1396 797 657 983 3762 4750 2060 1074 420 580 1610 492	-273 -795 -134 -1095 -2100 -2030 -290 -171 -254 -815 -530 -160 -120 -895 -1205 -366 -201 -93 -77 -1778 -2150 -464 -226 -120 -130 -420 -76

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TABLE VIII
Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	7	C	D	Ε
Gage No.	A axis	3 axis strain	C axis		
				à (A+B)	A-D
	0940 4440 1450 4680 6810 8150 1310 0630 1550 3590 2080 0830 0930 4370 3160 3230 1065 09900 1270 6920 5820 3750 1450 0590 0820 2170 0685	0720 3220 0580 2380 2380 2340 0480 0600 0285 1760 0360 0360 2850 1390 0530 0500 0490 0500 2340 2110 1410 0900 0280 0860 0370	-0230 -0940 -0170 -1260 -2335 -3530 -0460 -0110 -0130 -1140 -0560 -0140 -0140 -1250 -0620 -0440 -0240 -0190 -0230 -2955 -2260 -0770 0310 -0140 -0190 -0190 -0190	355 -1750 640 1710 2238 2310 425 260 710 1225 760 335 395 1560 1270 1395 412 355 520 1982 1780 1490 570 225 315 885 292	585 2690 810 2970 4572 5840 885 370 840 2365 1320 4955 2810 1895 535 750 4938 4040 2260 880 365 505 1285 393

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TABLE TIII (continued) Calculation of Principal Strains

		Panel No.	1 load	120,000	pounds	
	F	G	н	I	J	K
Gage No.				Angle rincipal Strain	Major Principal Strain	Principal Strain
	B-D	(E ² F ²) ¹ / ₂	Arc Tan F/E	h H	D+ G	D-G
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 22 23 24 25 26 27	365 1470 -60 670 62 30 55 340 -425 535 -400 -285 -35 1290 120 -865 88 135 -20 358 330 -155 -25 78	690 3060 810 3040 4572 5840 885 502 933 2420 1373 570 535 3150 1890 2030 660 750 4938 4040 2260 940 397 505 1285 400	32.0 28.7 -4.3 12.7 0.8 0.8 12.8 -26.8 12.8 -30.0 -3.8 24.7 3.6 -25.2 7.7 13.9 -1.5 4.7 -2.0 20.5 -23.0 -1.1 11.2	16.0 14.4 -2.2 6.4 0.4 0.4 1.8 21.3 -13.4 -8.4 -15.0 -1.9 12.4 1.8 -12.6 3.8 7.0 -0.8 2.4 -1.5 -0.6	1045 4810 1450 4750 6810 8150 1310 767 1643 3645 1533 905 930 4710 3160 3425 1072 915 1270 6920 5820 3750 1510 622 820 2170 692	-335 -1310 -170 -1330 -2334 -3530 -242 -223 -1195 -613 -335 -140 -1590 -620 -635 -248 -2956 -2956 -2260 -770 -370 -172 -190 -400

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TABLE IX Calculation of Principal Strains

Gage No.	A axis	B axis strain	C axis	D	E
				1 (A+B)	A-D
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 27	1260 6870 2150 6640 8770 9500 2090 0880 2320 6290 3760 1210 1230 6190 4510 5700 1585 1290 1860 8790 7830 6170 1110 0940 1270 3690 0975	0910 4380 0770 3030 2950 2950 0660 0780 0435 2500 1210 0110 0430 3320 1790 1230 0600 0510 0780 3210 2880 2210 0970 0030 0310 1120 0420	-0260 -1080 -0320 -1630 -2770 -3710 -0870 -0150 0040 -1480 -0650 -0230 -0180 -1480 -0810 -0460 -0270 0240 -3285 -2600 -1260 0385 -0250 -0360 -0450 -0160	500 2895 915 2505 3000 2895 610 365 1180 2405 1555 490 525 2375 1665 2445 562 510 1050 2752 2615 2455 748 345 455 1620 408	760 3975 1235 4135 5770 6605 1480 515 1140 3885 2205 720 705 3815 2845 3255 1023 780 810 6040 5215 3715 362 595 815 2070 567

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TABLE IX (Continued) Calculation of Principal Strains

		Panel No.	1 Load	140,000	pounds	
Gage	F	G		Angle rincipal Strain	J Major Principal Strain	Minor Principal Strain
	B-D	(E ² F ²) ^{1/2}	Aro Tan F/E	→ H	D+G	D-G
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	410 1485 -145 525 -50 55 6415 -745 95 415 -380 -95 945 125 -1215 38 0 -270 458 265 -245 222 -315 -500 12	865 4240 1250 4170 5770 6605 1570 662 1360 3890 2230 814 713 3930 2845 3470 1023 780 856 6040 5215 3720 425 674 826 2130 567	28.3 20.5 -6.69 7.22 -5.0 4.8 18.6 38.8 -33.2 1.4 -8.88 -27.8 -7.66 13.9 2.5 -20.5 2.1 0 -18.4 4.4 2.9 -3.8 31.5 -27.9 -10.1 -13.55 1.2	14.2 10.2 -3.3 3.6 -2.5 2.4 1.3 19.4 -16.6 0.7 -4.4 -13.9 -3.83 7.0 1.2 -10.2 1.0 0 -92 2.2 1.5 -1.9 15.8 -14.0 -5.0 -6.8	1365 7135 2165 6675 8770 9500 2180 1027 2540 6295 3785 1304 1238 6305 4510 5915 1585 1290 1906 8792 7830 6175 1173 1019 1281 3750 975	-365 -1345 -335 -1665 -2770 -3710 -960 -297 -180 -1485 -675 -324 -188 -1555 -1180 -1025 -461 -270 194 -3288 -2600 -1265 323 -329 -371 -510 -159

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TABLE I
Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	В	C	D	R	
Gage	A Axis strain	B Axis strain	C Axis strain			
No.				à (A+B)	A_D	
1	50	40	0	25	25	
2	120	90	-40	40	80	
3	320	170	-70	125	70	
4	310	130	-100	105	205	
5	300	50	-50	125	175	
6	230	50	-30	95	125	
7	160	40	-30	65	95	
8	140	10	-80	30	110	
9	320	130	-60	130	190	
10	500	220	-60	220	280	
11	540	220	-110 -100	315 315	325 415	
12	730 580	330 39 0	-100	240	340	
13 14	420	150	-80	170	250	
15	250	50	-90	80	170	
16	150	10	-90	30	120	
17	70	-10	-20	25	45	
18	170	20	0	85	85	
19	470	250	-60	205	265	
SO .	-20	30	0	-10	-10	
21	150	140	-10	70	80	
22	150	140	-20	65	85	
23						
24	350	140	-60	145	205	
25	270	30	-6 0	105	165	
26	210	0	-40	135	75	
27	170	10	-40	115	55	
88	30	0	-7 0	-20	10	
29	-110	-110	-150	-130	20	
30	20	0	-100	-40 -170	60 10	
31	-160 -130	-170 -180	-180 -160	-145	15	
32 33	80	-20	-110	-15	65	
34	170	50	-40	65	105	
35	80	-20	-30	25	55	
36	180	120	-100	40	140	
37	-10					
38	110					
39	430					
40	230					
41	110					
12	200					

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				-10 110 430 230	6:

TABLE X (continued)
Calculation of Principal Strains

		G	H	1	J	K
Gage				Angle Principal Strain	Major Principal Strain	Minor Principal Strain
			Arc	041044	501414	941648
	B -D	(12+12) j	Tan F/E	} H	D+G	D_G
1	15	29	30.7	15.4	54	-4
2	50	95	31.8	15.9	135	-55
3	45	84	32.5	16.2	209	41
4	25	209	6.9	3.4	31.4	-104
5	-75	192	-23.0	-11.5	31.7	-67
5	-75	147	-30.7	-15.4	242	-52
7	-25	99	-14.2	-7.1	164	-34
8	-20	113	-10.2	-5.1	143	-83
9	0	190	0	0	320	-60
10	0	280	0	0	500	-60
11	5	325	0.9	.4	540	-110
12	15	415	2.1	1.0	730	-100
13	50	347	8.3	4.2	587	-107
14	-20	250	-4.6	-2.3	420	-80
15	-30	174	-9.9	-5.0	254	-94
16	-20	123	-9.4	-4.7	153	-93
17	-35	57	-37.6	-18.8	82	-32
18	-65	107	-37.2	-18.6	192	-22
19	-45	271	-9.6	-4.8	476	-66
30	40	42	104.0	52	32	-52
21	70	107	40.9	20.4	177	-37
22 23	75	114	41.2	20.6	179	-49
24	-5	205	-1.4	-0.7	350	-50
25	-75	183	-24.2	-12.1	288	-78
26	-135	156	-61.2	-30.6	291	-21
27	-105	120	-62.6	-31.3	235	-5
88	30	26	67.5	33.8	6	-46
29	20	28	45	22.5	-102	-158
30	40	73	33.4	16.7	33	-113
31	0	10	0	0	-160	-180
32	-35	38	-67	-33.5	-107	-183
33	-5	65	-4.4	-2.2	50	-80
34	-15	107	-8.0	-4.0	172	-42
35	-45	71	-39.0	-19.5	96	-46
36	80	162	29.5	14.8	202	-122

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	B-D	(ST+E)	Tao	7 A	D+0	D-II
			5/3			
	15	28	7.0	15.4	54	<u>A</u>
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		84	a.se	18.2	208	00-
	45		6.9			101-
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	3 12-	147	-20.7	-25.4	2 2	-23
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	-20	250	-4.8	8.5-	0	-00
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	08-	123	-9.4	-4.7	153	6.6 m
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	-75	183	-24.3	1.81-	887	37-
	-135	156	-61.3	3.3	Ter	r
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	3-	65	4.4	8.6-	04	084
	21-	107	0.0-	-4.0	121	F
	-25	17'	-37.0	-19.5	36	200-
	08	162	29.6	14.8	FDS	661-

TABLE XI
Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	В	C	D	E
Gage	A Axis	B Axis strain	C Axis		
No.				1 (A+B)	A-D
1	190	130	-10	90	100
2	300	210	-90	105	195
3	710	330	-140	285	425
4	730	350	-190	270	460
5	610	130	-110	250	360
6	450	90	-60	195	255
7	320	90	-50	135	185
8	340	40	-190	75	265
9	700	300	-120	290	410
10	1050	480	-120	465	585
11	1050	450	-240	405	645
12	1440	670	-190	625	815
13	170	570	-180	-5	175
14	850	290	-180	335	515
15	550	130	-190	180	370
16	360	50	-210	75	285
17	170	0	-40	65	105
18	400	80	0	300	200
19	1400	760	-90	655	745
SO	80	110	10	45	35
21	350	290	-20	165	185
22	310	260	-60	125	185
23	~				400
24	730	370	-120	305	425
25	500	50	-140	180	320
26	370	20	-80	145	225
27	360	50	-60	150	210
88	70	0	-150	-40	110
29	-180	-210	-310	-245	65
30	120	10	-220	-50	170
31	-240	-260	-340	-290	50
32	-220	-370	-330	-275	55
33	220	-40	-240	-10	230
34	380	130	-100	140	240 135
35	180	-20	160	45	250
36	340	240	-160	90	250
37	-70				
38	30				
39	530				
40 41	210 50				
42	280				

TARLE II
Calculation of Principal Strains

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H	O.	0	5.	Λ	
		C Axis	B Axis	A Axie	
		nistia	strain	niarja	
Q-A	j (A+B)	and the second second second second			des - derive
		i kalan enganggapakanan enderkalan dapakanten der			
100	90	-10		190	
195	105	06-		300	
425		-140	330	200	
	285				
097	270	-190	350	730	
360	250	-110		610	
255	195	00-		450	
185	135	-50		320	
265	75	-190		340	
410	290	-120		700	
585	465	-120	480	1050	
645	4.05	-240	450	1050	
815	625	061-	670	1440	
175	-5	-180	570	170	
212	335	-180		850	
370	180	-190		550	
285	75	-210	50	360	
105	65	-40	0	170	
200	200	0.	08	400	
745	655	06-	760	1400	
35	45	10	110	08	
185	165	084-	000	350	
185	125	08-	260	310	
401	-			-	
4.25	305	-120		730	
OSE	180	-140	50	500	
225	145	08-	08	370	
013	150	08-		360	
110	-40	-150	0	70	
65	-245	-310			
170	-50	-220		120	
50	062-	-340		-240	
55	-275	-330	-370	-220	
230	-10	-240		220	
240	140	00t-		380	
135	45	-70		180	
250	06	-160	240	340	
				-70	
				30	
				530	
				210	
				50	
				280	

TABLE XI (continued) Calculation of Principal Strains

	F	0	H	I	J	K
				Angle	Hajor	Minor
Gage				Principal	Principal	Principal
No.				Strain	Strain	Strain
		2 2 3	Arc			
	B_D	(E2+F2)3	Tan	业 田	D+G	D_G
			F/E			
1	40	109	21.6	10.8	199	-19
2	105	223	28.1	14.0	328	-118
3	45	431	6.0	3.0	716	-146
4	80	471	9.8	4.9	741	-201
5	-120	383	-18.3	-9.2	633	-133
6	-105	278	-22.2	-11.1	473	-83
7	-45	191	-16.6	-6.8	326	-56
8	-35	270	-7.4	-3.7	345	-195
9	10	410	1.4	0.7	700	-120
10	15	585	1.5	0.8	1050	-120
11	45	645	4.0	2.0	1050	-240
12	45	815	3.2	1.6	1440	-190
13	575	605	73.2	36.6	600	-610
14	-45	515	-5.0	-2.5	850	-180
15	-50	376	-7.6	-3.8	556	-194
16	-25	285	-5.0	-2.5	360	-210
17	-65	124	-31.5	-15.8	189	-59
18	-120	234	-30.8	-15.4	434	-34
19	105	760	7.8	4.0	1415	-105
50	65	74	61.9	31.0	119	-29
21	125	225	33.8	16.9	390	-60
23	135	230	35.9	18.0	355	-105
24	65	434	8.6	4.3	739	-129
25	-130	348	-21.9	-11.4	528	-168
26	-125	259	-28.8	-14.4	404	-114
27	-100	234	-25.3	-12.6	384	-84
88	40	118	19.8	9.9	78	-158
29	35	74	28.1	14.0	-171	-319
30	60	182	19.3	9.6	132	-232
31	30	58	30.8	15.4	-232	-348
32	-95	111	-60.2	-30.1	-164	-386
33	-30	234	-7.4		224	-244
34	-10	240		-1.2	380	-100
35	-65	151	-25.5	-12.8	196	-106
36	150	293	30.8	15.4	383	-203

TABO I (control)

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	-12	18%	<u> </u>	-9-		
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	45	645		1.5	1030	025-
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	-10	340	ram .	8. [-	OP!	-100
	150	151	2	3." <u>[</u> _	3F 7,	-106

TABLE YII
Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	В	C	D	E
lage	A Axis strain	B Axis strain	C Axis strain		
				1 (A+B)	A_D
	340	210	-10	165	175
	500	310	-130	185	315
	1130	500	-180	475	655
	1190	610	-270	460	730
	930	190	-190	370	560
	670	160	-80	295	375
	480	140	-70	205	275
	560	90	-310	125	435
	1100	450	-200	450	650
0	1630	740	-200	715	915
1	1560	670	-380	590	970
2	2430	1150	-260	1085	1345
3	2050	1080	-240	905	1145
4	1100	390	-570	265	835
5	1340	360	-350	495	845
5	670	120	-310	180	490
,	290	50	-70	110	180
3	670	160	0	335	335
9	2740	1430	-220	1260	1480
0	260	220	-30	115	135
1	550	430	-20	265	285
S	500	360	-100	200	300
3					
4	1080	600	-160	460	620
5	710	50	-240	235	475
6	530	50	-120	205	325
7	530	100	-70	230	300
8	130	0	-230	-50	180
9	-220	-320	-480	-350	130
0	280	70	-310	-15	295
1	-320	-370	-500 -540	-410 -420	90
2	-300	-630		60	470
3	530 1070	0 550	-410 -210	430	640
5	290	-20	-110	90	200
E	700	350	-320	140	560
7	-130		-020	2-10	000
8	-100				
9	530				
0	140				
	-50				
S	260				

TABLE 'II Calculation of Principal Strains

200		Load 60,000			
 Œ	α	5	.3	A	
		C Axis	B Axis	A Axis	
		strain	nisrje	strain)age
A-D	∲ (A+B)				
175	165	-10	210	340	ا
315	185	-130	310	500	9
655 730	475 460	-180 -270	500 61 0	1130	3
560	370	-190	190	930	2
375	295	08-	160	670	2
275	205	-70	140	480	5
435	125	-310	90	560	8
650	450	008-	450	1100	6
915	715	-200	740	1630	0.1
970 1345	590 1085	-380 -260	670	1560 24 30	11
1145	905	-240	1080	2050	23
835	265	-570	390	1100	4
845	495	-350	360	1340	.5
490	180	-310	120	670	9.
180	110	-70	OS	068	7.
335	335	. 0	160	670	8.
1480 135	115	-220 -30	1430 220	2740 260	67
285	265	08-	430	550	15
300	200	-100	360	500	SS
000	42.0	00.0			23
620	460	-160	600	1080	24
475 325	235 205	-240 -120	50 50	710 530	25 26
300	230	-70	100	530	75
180	-500	-230	0	130	85
130	-350	-480	-320	088-	68
295	-15	-310	70	08\$	30
90	-410	-500	-370		18
120	-420	-540		-300	38
470 640	60 430	-410 -210	550	530 1070	33 34
200	06	-110	08-		35
560	140	088-	350		36
				-130	78
				-100	88
				530	89
				140	40
				260	S.I

TABLE 'II (continued)
Calculation of Principal Strains

	7	G	H	I	J	K
				Angle	Hajor	Minor
Gage				Principal	Principal	Principa
No.				Strain	Strain	Strain
		2 2.1	Arc			
	B-D	$(\mathbb{E}^2 + \mathbb{F}^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	Tan	計 田	D+0	D_G
			J/Z			
1	45	182	14.3	7.2	347	-17
2	125	342	21.5	10.8	527	-157
3	25	655	2.2	1.1	1130	-180
4	150	753	11.5	5.8	1213	-293
5	-180	592	-17.7	-8.8	962	-223
6	-135	403	-19.6	-9.8	698	-108
7	-65	285	-13.2	-6.6	490	-80
8	-35	435	-4.6	-2.3	560	-310
9	0	650	0	0	1100	-200
10	25	915	1.6	0.8	1630	-200
11	80	970	4.7	2.4	1560	-380
12	-35	1345	-1.5	-0.8	2430	-260
13	175	1170	8.6	4.3	2075	-265
14	125	850	8.45	4.2	1115	-585
15	-135	863	-9.0	-4.5	1358	-368
16	-60	498	-6.9	-3.4	678	-318
17	-90	203	-26.4	-13.2	31.2	-92
18	-175	381	-27.4	-13.7	716	-46
19	170	1500	6.5	3.2	2760	-240
80	105	172	37.6	18.8	287	-57
21	165	332 342	29.8	14.9	597	-67
33 32	160	398	27.9	14.0	542	-142
24	140	642	12.6	6.3	1102	-182
25	-185	514	-21.1	-10.6	749	-279
36	-155	363	-25.3	-12.6	568	-158
27	-130	330	-23.2	-11.6	560	-100
88	50	188	15.4	7.7	138	-238
29	30	134	12.9	6.4	-216	-484
30	85	310	15.9	8.0	295	-325
31	40	99	23.8	11.9	-311	-509
32	-210	243	-60.4	-30.2	-177	-663
33	-60	480	-7.2	-3.6	540	-420
34	120	656	10.5	5.2	1086	-226
35	-110	230	-28.6	-14.3	320	-140
36	210	604	20.4	10.2	744	-464

Jalculation of Time al "tries a

	5	a	E	I	T	2
				or Employee	TOF	iner
- 67) 11				Laciania	ricelpui	nei l
.0		- Stephane tyle-priliter to applie from a mineralizar that	gana andrándo váquenço Millighijo v	trin	risti	ateru
		1, ST +31)	or			
	W.mb	(元十三)	u,	H (DHII	(44)
		the despisate storing super-storing			an allestitusetti. direktityteristasidesidesidesidesidesidesidesidesideside	deligration on a discontinuous and
	ELA	0.5	PAR	73 89	242	57.6
5	4.5	16	1.3		347	71-
3	ر (عد	658	2.5		0 11	9 5-
1	150	753	11.5		1.13	862-
2	08I-	592	7.75-	8.3-	58	(1) 12 m
6	ORI-	40	-19.	8.8-	896	B/1.[_
	88-	१ ८०	9.71-	0.0-		(//-
8	-30	- 655A	3.4	// · // ~	0.5	-310
1	0	CE3	6		200.17	010-
0.		818	1.6			600
I.	OR	070	5.5			JES-
S.	1310-	1548	-1-	0.0		00"-
11,	17-	117	8.9	P.A	9205	-265
4	135	001	0.46		2110	255-
.5	-2.78	n. 8 :	0.0-	6	1.29	8,37-
8.	08-	000	F		678	- 18
lo.	00-	503	-76.4	-12.2	31:	6.6-
87	-175	SI	-27.	-12.7	716	31-
8	170	1500	3.5	S."	2760	040-
01	105	172	37.6	18.8	287	73-
Ī	165	SU.	80		450	4,0 -
0	160	542	6.73	0.11	6948	-2 ()
2	44.4					
	140	643	16.5	.0	211.0	231-
5	681-	51 4	1.1G-	-10.6	49	~
9	-155	763	-1.5. %	8.01_	808	825-
4	-130	08.	5.30-		583	(O)
8	00	188	10.		1.3	8 -
6	30	1.74	17.0	3	5.01- 099	
J.	86 40	86 0Tz	8.7S		1.001	800-
5.	01		4.03-		441-	200-
13	09-	243	2.00-			5084
	1.0	156	10.0		1086	00
C)	-110	250		8. 5.	500±	D) [_
8	OTZ	604	0.4		3	15.
(7)	Con School St	2.00	7 40	n w olo		

Table XIII
Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	В	C	D	E
Sage	A Axis	B Axis strain	C Axis		
lo.				1 (
				1 (A+B)	A_D
	510	300	-30	240	270
3	710	-410	-160	275	435
3	1870	750	-240	815	1055
6	1730	970	-350	690	1040
	1360	220	-340	570	790
5	860	230	-40	410	450
7	640	190	-80	280	360
	850	150	-440	205	645
	2070	910	-300	885	1185
10	2880	1390	-270	1305	1575
1	2070	880	-600 720	735	1335
13	4470 3190	2050	-320	2075	2395
4	1680	1710 520	-300 -390	1445 645	1745
5	3220	770	-550	1335	1885
6	1160	270	-440	360	800
7	430	50	-100	165	265
8	940	240	10	475	465
9	4530	2050	-500	2015	2515
20	460	360	-50	205	255
21	760	560	-20	370	390
32	690	450	-130	280	410
3					
34	1390	870	-190	600	790
5	910	-20	-400	255	655
26	650	90	-140	255	395
7	660	130	-50	305	355
88	160	30	-310	-75 535	235
9	-360 47 0	-500	-690 -340	-525 65	165 405
50 51	-310	-490	-76 0	-535	225
3	-280	-930	-770	-525	245
3	1230	280	-600	315	915
4	2900	1650	-300	1300	1600
5	400	-10	-140	130	270
16	1440	460	-610	41.5	1025
7	-160	100		220	2000
8	-240				
9	520				
Ю	90				
1	-170				
2	240				

Calculation of Piri i i to

dagadiradjan sain wakifikanasi	nhauna a	000 (8 5=0	IS .o. Lag	g ú	
	nacionale de la constitución de		a	A	
Agraphydydydydd galaidd myrir dawr i'r ac yr ar yr y charf y dyr y glychiadd y gyllyddiol y gymraeth y gyllyn ad		nlyA nlyA	si ni rje	elsa A glerj	9340
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(7)	00.	0.5	008		
4,				510	7
	77	-160	410	710	2
3.055	83.6	-040	750	1870	3
1040	000	0	970	17:0	4
0.2	570	0.5%	028	1780	0
Oct	.10	Oz	230	850	9
0.90	08	08-	ORI	640	La
9/19	305	(1-2-	150	G.8	8
11.5	285	030-	ots	CTCSA "	6
1575	1305	-270	1030	0855	10,
1.55	654	-600	088	OVER	11
2335	3075	OS"-	2050	4-x70	12
1745	1445	COE -	1710	23.90	13
1025	CA.S	038-	CCA	1680	14
1885	1	078-	770	0888	15
008	035	40	270	1160	18
88	165	-100	50	430	17
611	27	10	240	940	18
تعلق	Tue	-500	7050	02.39	1.8
6.00	9.3		0 38.		
		05		460	08
no,	077	05-	560	760	18
40	0	-130	4,00	069	32
w arts			0.000		33
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df 5	100	00 -	05	Olb	50
295	2 6	-140	0.8	088	36
958	905	-50	200	630	27
Wille.	11/2-	-310	30	160	81.
105	R533-	069-	-500	-360	53
405	TA.	(JVE -	1.00	070	30
230	680-	094-	-490	0.13-	SL
BAG	050-	05.4-	-930	036-	SIL
are	21.5	008-	089	1220	33
1000	1.0	300	1650	COES	34
270	CL	-140	-10	400	35
Sout	41.5	-510	460	1440	87
		240	001	-160	37
				0 ,-	85
					39
				520	
				06	40
				-170	17
				240	Co

TABLE XIII(continued) Calculation of Principal Strains

	F	Q.	H	I	J	K
				Angle	Kajor	Minor
Gage				Principal	Principal	Principal
No.				Strain	Strain	Strain
		(E2+ F2)	Arc	1 -	710	-
	B-D	(E+ F)	Tan	H	D+G	D_0
			I/E			
1	60	280	12.4	6.2	520	-40
2	135	460	17.1	8.6	735	-185
3	-65	1055	-3.5	1.8	1870	-240
4	300	1090	16.0	8.0	1780	-400
5	-350	870	-23.7	-11.8	1440	-300
6	-180	490	-21.6	-10.8	900	-80
7	-90	375	-13.9	-7.0	655	-95
8	-55	645	-4.9	-2.4	850	-440
9	25	1185	1.5	0.8	2070	-300
10	85	1575	3.1	1.6	2880	-270
11	145	1350	6.2	3.1	2085	-615
12	-25	2395	-0.6	-0.3	4470	-320
13	265	1780	8.6	4.3	3225	-335
14	-125	1050	-6.8	-3.4	1695	-405
15	-565	1990	-18.5	-8.2	3325	-655
16	-90	814	-6.8	-3.4	1174	-454
17	-115	291	-23.2	-11.6	456	-126
18	-235	5 25	-26.6	-13.3	1000	-50
19	35	2515	0.8	0.4	4530	-500
20	155	301	31.0	15.5	506	-96
21	190	437	25.8	12.9	807	-67
22	170	448	22.3	11.2	728	-168
23						
24	270	843	18.7	9.4	1443	-243
25	-275	716	-22.6	-11.3	971	-461
26	-165	432	-22.5	-11.2	687	-177
27	-175	400	-26.0	-13.0	705	-95
28	105	260	23.9	12.0	185	-335
29	25	168	8.5	4.2	-357	-693
30	125	428	17.0	8.5	493	-363
31	45	232	11.2	5.6	-303	-767
32	-405	476	-59.0	-29.5	-49	-1001
33	-35	915	2.2	1.1	1230	-600
34	350	1660	12.2	6.1	2960	-360
35	-140	305	27.4	13.7	435	-175
36	45	1025	2.5	1.2	1440	-610

Caral tion of ringel teriod

	All property and the second	000,00	LANT S	Family do.		
	2	ľ	-	- B	100	
Touli	TOLEH	9.09.04°				Mit one of the subject of the same
	rimeiral					19,40
2// 55/5		1.758				.01
-			27/	1		De contracto de destre establismo
out.	()4()	8 6	noT	是(100)	17-12	
			1-/5		militar-illians sopi-blaster dilliplime	
C	OS.C	6.0	12,4	038	60	I
	020		1.71	(° 7)	351	i.
4105			1			
000-	5.70	1.3		1000	-65	5,
0004	1760	0.8	15.0	1000	8.0	4
500 m	1440	8.11-	7.50-	870	-350	5
00-	000	-1.7.8	8. 5-	1000	-1.0	8
60-	684	0.5-	6.11-	372	00-	60
U.ry-	250	£	· 70	ala	-55	8
C.E	1070	8.0	-	118	25	6
012-	0800	3.1	1.5	157	85	IO
HERE!	1402	5.15	5.8	1 0	IAI	31
(CER)	06.7	-0.3	0.0-	PAGE C	21-	SI
("1-	3.225		8.6	3780	78.	13
300	1695		8.8.	1000	-1 5	14
0.80	3325		-16.5	1990	- 505	15
\$100 m	1174	س ره .		110	00-	16
G	MAN		0.35-	Ĭ.c	-110	17
05-	0001	6.8.1.	-28.	8:1	272	81
00-	0.547	4.0	1.0	212	33	
No.	888					19
		1.1.	32.0	303	3.50	03
-67	705	1.9	B.8.	62.5	100	21
707-	927	11.8	22.3	584	170	85
						88
	1 47		18.7	842	020	24
100-	971	-11.3	8.00-	212	- 575	2.
bake -	687		6.05-	L.Z.	-1.00	85
C	207	C.C.I-	0.45-	400	-170	55
68 jan	195	0.01	22.1	CES	301	85
C Sept	725-	8.3	8.8	Idla	375	68
lig an	400		27.0	423	1	03
61-11-	1,000	0.6	11.7	C_C	25	EL.
IDMI-			0.80-	12 V	67 -	15%
056-	1530	1.1	5.3	, is	ā"-	35
0000		6.1	2.01	1660	07	34
-175	_ #	2:.7	- 625.2	305	0 -	7/4
0.02-	1 442	1 . I	2.5	10_5	25	87
0.30-	7	- + 4	0.0	6-01	Com	GO

Table XIV
Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	В	C	Q	E
Gage	A Axis strain	B Axis strain	C Axis		
No.				1 (A+B)	A_D
1	700	380	-30	335	365
1 2	890	510	-170	360	530
3	3440	1280	-360	1540	1900
3 4	2300	1370	-410	945	1355
5	2060	280	-580	735	1315
6	1050	280	-10	520	530
7	830	240	-100	365	465
8	1250	230	-620	31.5	935
9	3540	1590	-400	1570	1970
10	4550	2190	-260	21 45	2405
11	2450	1000	-940	755	1695
12	6970	3190	-430	3270	3700
13	4350	2350	-370	2140	2210
14	3980	1140	-1740	1120	2860
15	4660	1330	-730	1965	2695
16	1720	410	-620	550	1170
17	560	60	-130	215	345
18	1190	300	40	615	575
19	6550	2650	-790	2880	3670
20	670	500	-60	305	365
21	950	690	10	480	470
33	850	520	-130	360	490
23				400	
24	1640	1160	-180	730	910
25	1230	-140	-660	285	945
26	760	130	-140	310	450
27	780	140	-10	385	395
28	310	70	-500	-95	405
29	-310	-560	-1000	-655	345
30	880	420	-350	265	615
31	180	-390	-1060	-440	620
32	0	-1140	-990	-495	495
33	3420	1230	-930	1245	2175
34	4530	2650	-380	2075	2455
35	490	-30	-170	160	330
36	2420	710	-1030	695	1725
37	-150				
38	-290				
39	640				
40	110				
42	-190 3 4 0				

Talculation of right of trins

more halfs are d	A			L	
	afzA A	aimA F	3520 9		
elli	atent	ateris	5 - 4 2		
• 0				(84-1)	tink "
	700	085	reported to the property of the control of the cont	101/4	31.5
	068	610	-170	0.85	003
	34 0	1280	O7/5-	0.01	C 7.4
	007	1370	012-	TIAG	1888
	2050	576	230	733	C Prog P
	1050	030	-10	O'SB	COL
	930	210	-1/10	2073	GC
	1750	385	C Pro	25	33-
	7540	3.00	OC#-	3.570	C. S
0	450.0	00.00	1188-	To.	2005
1	2 50	0000	CUAR -	75	1.3
S	0259	06.05	Oz -	3.70	0075
8	4220	27 60 60	086-	71.40	0.00
1	OBOE	1140	0.67-	Lall	0098
118	4600	1320	026-	1965	5536
S.	172	0.	0-8-	5.0	11.79
2	033	00	081-	G.S.º	200
1.10	1180	707	- 0.0	cl!	1. Vc
0	6.5100	0088	-7-	0386	1. 1. 3
10	67.	0.00	03-	307	or or
3	0.05	(,9	1.0	03	120
8	002	520	-120	777	N.S.
3		400.00	400.00	C + 49	0.70
P	1 40	1180	001-	6.6	010
2	1 50	-240	-660	0.60	510
1 6	787	120	0 (-	or	088
1	085		-30	285	505
8	O.FU		000-	95~	TA 13
7 %	01	-880	-1000	-655	2/3
0	0.5	088-	080		C.9
1	190	-11.40			080
8	3 20	1230	0.1-		gate
T	08. 4				0.3141
Č	0	00 -	-170	100	36-
	0216	Ofv	01.0	069	1753
5	01114	OIV	960024	1060	1612
8	C6 ~				
1	0.8				
0	0.1				
3	-190				
5	340				

TABLE XIV (continued) Calculation of Principal Strains

	7	G	H	1	J	K
Gage No.				Angle Principal Strain	Major Principal Strain	Minor
- AVE	B _D	(12+ 12)	Arc Tan F/E	ł H	D+0	D-G
1	45	368	7.0	3.5	703	-33
2	150	550	15.9	8.0	910	-190
3	-260	2000	-7.6	-3.8	3540	-460
4	425	1420	17.5	8.8	2365	-475
5	-455	1390	-19.1	-9.6	2125	-655
6	-240	581	-24.4	-12.2	1101	-61
7	-125	480	-15.1	-7.6	845	-115
8	-85	935	-5.1	-2.6	1250	-620
9	20	1980	5.8	2.9	3550	-410
10	45	2405	1.0	0.5	4550	-260
11	245	1710	8.2	4.1	2465	-955
12	-80	3700	-1.3	-0.6	6970	-430
13	210	2210	5.5	2.8	4350	-70
14	30	2860	4.0	2.0	3980	-1740
15	-635	2770	-13.2	-6.6	4735	-805
16	-140	1180	-6.9	-3.4	1730	-630
17	-155	378	-34.2	-12.1	593	-163
18	-315	665	-28.7	-14.4	1280	-50
19	-230	3670	-3.6	-1.8	6550	-790
20	195	413	28.2	14.1	718	-108
21	210	515	24.1	12.0	995	-35
22 23	160	515	18.1	9.0	875	-155
24	430	1005	25.3	12.6	1735	-275
25	-425	1035	-24.2	-12.1	1320	-750
26	-180	485	-21.8	-10.9	795	-175
27	-245	475	-31.8	-15.9	860	-90
28	165	438	22.2	11.1	343	-533
29	95	347	15.9			-1002
30	155	634	14.2	7.1	899	-369
31	50	620	4.6	2.3		-1060
32	-645	813	-52.5	-26.2		-1308
33	-15	2175	0	0	3420	-930
34	575	2510	13.1	6.6	4585	-435
35	-190	380	-30.0		540	-220
36	15	1725	0	0	2420	-1030

Colculation of river to trus

	2.	-0	H	1	3	A
	-treeth (fillionisetti), pulpagadissississ	approximation and the second s		f T'	rot	2027/
Age					Princip 1	- Priocia
. 0				at est.	a Tr	257050
		100	Arc			
	E-D	(5+ 32)	TOIL	E	Acar	3-0
		annaliikilisest. Alemperioriselii roomaa olema alema alema alemaa olemaa olemaa olemaa olemaa olemaa olemaa olemaa	1	narradheirre araaqid disse nidendaraahilijiiniga aadiqab qaabaqqqa	Proposition of the State of the	nganggan dagan da gyadapada
	SA	368	7.0	8.0	202	222
	001	50	25.9	0.8	0.10	-1'5
	CLE-	2008	7.6	0.5-	C S	-000 m
	4.5	1400	17.5	8.8	28 5	-475
	2002	1.290	-19.1	0.9-	125	73-
	0.5-	531	1.40-	S.3.J	1101	50-
	701-	0	1.1-	9.6	845	711-
	38-	9 8	1	8	13.0	Ç
	25	1910	3.6	e.s.	0305	01,-
-	45	2013		8.0	(100.	015-
9			0.1	1.	2330	£ , _)
4	245	1710				() ma
2	06-	7.0	5.2-	8.	07£.	,
8	or	0.00	5.6			
4	O.	03.5	4.0	0.0		-170
3	-6	0446	R.51-	7.8-	47.75	.08-
4	-0.00	1180	7.3-	.5-	17.0	-630
1	-155	878	17 a S an	1.81-	593	-15
8	122	585	7.02-	-1.4	120	06-
8	.78-	3670	2.6	8.1-	05:31	C27-
(105	ر ليله	9.85	1.15	718	COI-
	210	51.5	1.4.1	2.2.0	66	i i i
5	160	515	15.1	0.0	278	col-
8		The same of				-
-	430	1005	25.3	8.01	7735	0.15-
<	(6,37 -	1035	2.15-	La la La	CEEL	-7,0
1	GAI-	4.35	7.5-	-10.9	200	The L
	2 5-	475	8. I	-15.0	032	02-
8	1.5	1127	22.3	1.11		53
	1500	347	15.7	0.8		5102-
(156	63	(° .),	7.2	660	810 -
	00	029	9 . X.	2.3		0901-
5	-64:	81.5	-57.	0.8		Ban T-
3	71-	2175	0	0	0 3/8	TOTAL -
1	575	2510	I.TI	8.6	15-5	- 4.
1	035-	380	0.05	0.55-	540	· -
8	CI	1725	0	- 6	08.49	-1030

TABLE XV
Calculation of Principal Strains

	<u> </u>	В	C	D	E
Jage	A Axis	B Axis	C Axis		
No.				1 (A+B)	A_D
	920	500	-30	445	475
5	1130	600	-800	465	665
3	5470	2750	-800	2335	3135
	3230	1900	-520	1355	1875
5	3480	810	-660	1410	2430
5	1330	390	20	675	655
7	1070	330	-160	465	615
3	1740	300	-810	465	1275
9	5160	2290	-520	2320	2840
10	6090	2770	-210	2940	3150
1	3010	1320	-1320	845	2165
12	10450	4700	-75 0	4850	5600
.3	5470	2880	-370	2550	2920
4	7990	2890	-1440	3275	4715
.5	6050	2030	-920	2565	3485
6	2350	5 50	-840 -180	75 5 280	1595 460
.7	740 1480	370	80	780	700
.8	8210	3230	-1180	3515	4695
30	930	670	-90	420	510
21	1170	860	110	640	530
2	1060	510	-190	435	625
23	2090	1500	-240	925	1165
25	2070	-80	-820	625	1445
36 36	970	160	-160	405	565
7	940	180	40	490	450
28	730	120	-740	-5	735
9	150	-340	-1250	-550	700
30	2040	890	-420	810	1230
31	1640	270	-1610	15	1625
32	640	-1060	-1050	205	435
3	7220	2930	-1470	2875	4345
34	6060	3350	-470	2795	3265
55	560	-80	-190	185	375
36	3410	1050	-1410	1000	2410
57	-90				
38	-300				
59	840				
40	210				
u	-160				
2	510				

query leader of fraction of fraction

Trink Fo. 2 Lond 120,000 nounded								
	-	(0	er - Charles and the State of t				
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- Charles			T	106	44.016.5	40		
	U	()						
	704	201.1	A 22	003	CHO			
	- 72	445	0" \$-	500	07.6			
	C . 13				1120			
				027	5470			
	92,32			1900	2 2			
	01,35		087-	810				
	3 (3)		OR	390	150			
	125		-160	330	1970			
	3.22		10	000	170			
	(57)		0%-	TOSS	6160			
	1.0		-210	2770	61120	C		
	LaT.		0021-	1, 20	5010	4		
	0993		(, L,-	4700	10450	S		
	CELL		07.7	0346	5470	3		
	715	3077	ON I-	OPEC.	0684	Þ		
	55	3.55	0.1-	20.0	6050	5		
	1595	755	0 8-	55	017	â		
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	700	7.50	08	370	1 80	- 8		
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	01	0.0%	0 -	570	920	C		
	0 3	640	110	089	1170	1		
	583		-190	610	1060	8		
			- 100	4.00		3		
	1165	5	062-	1560	0.03	4		
	, I	34.0	038-	08-	5625	Č		
	100	405	-160	0.05	970	ě		
	Car		40		040	5		
	92.4	8-	-740		730	8		
	700	-550	-1760	-240	1.50	6		
	(N-1-1)	OI	0.1 -	038	CAOS	(
	1896		-1310	270	1640	J		
	234		-1050	-1.06	са	6		
	2 2 2 £	2775	-1 0	0//62	7220	3		
	This .	30 50	-470	5,550	6060	1		
	1 km		-1.90		560	Č		
	241		-1410		7420	ê		
					0 -	4		
					-300	8		
					048	6		
					0.5	C		
					-160	1		
					610	S		

TABLE XV (continued) Calculation of Principal Strains

	T	G	H	I	J	K
				Angle	Hajor	Minor
Gage				Principal	Principal	Principal
No.				Strain	Strain	Strain
		, 2 2.1	Arc			
	B-D	(B2+ F2)	Tan	h H	D+0	D_G
			F/E			
1	55	479	6.6	3.3	924	-34
2	135	678	11.5	5.7	1143	-213
3	415	31.60	7.5	3.8	5495	-825
4	545	1950	16.2	8.1	3305	-615
5	-600	2500	-13.7	-6.8	3910	-1090
6	-285	715	-23.5	-11.8	1390	-40
7	-125	628	-11.5	-5.8	1083	-173
8	-165	1280	-7.4	-3.7	1745	-815
9	-30	2840	-0.6	-0.3	5160	-520
10	-170	31.50	-3.0	-1.5	6090	-210
11	475	2210	12.4	6.2	3055	-1365
12	-150	5600	-1.5	-0.8	10450	-750
13	330	2940	6.5	3.2	5490	-390
14	-385	4715	-4.7	-2.4	7990	-1440
15	-535	3520	-8.8	-4.4	6085	-955
16	-205	1605	-7.3	-3.6	2360	-850
17	-210	506	-24.5	-12.2	786	-226
18	-410	813	-30.4	-15.2	1592	-32
19	-285	4695	-3.5	-1.8	8210	-1180
30	250	567	26.1	13.0	987	-1.47
SI	220	574	22.5	11.2	1214	66
22	75	630	6.9	3.4	1065	-195
23						
24	575	1300	26.3	13.2	2225	-375
25	-705	1610	-26.0	-13.0	2235	-985
26	-245	615	-23.5	-11.8	1020	-210
27	-310	548	-34.5	-17.2	1038	-58
28	125	745	9.7	4.8	740	-750
29	210	730	16.7	8.4	180	-1280
30	80	1230	3.8	1.9	2040	-420
31	255	1650	8.9	4.4	1665	-1635
32	-1265	1335	-71.0	-35.5	1540	-1095
33	55	4345	0.7	0.4	7220	-1470
34	555	3300	9.7	4.8	6095	-505
35	-265	459	-35.3	-17.6	644	-274
36	50	2410	1.3	0.7	3410	-1410

XV (c)=1°=10) VX

	PW .	Ð	R	I	J	
	a		@d-fillingsqir-s vepidy-Villin	n l	Total	TOAL
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. 91				MARRITA	at = /	-i mi
		100	272			
	DUE	(+2)	gov	0.6	C+C	s and
			12	po portugalis, prime constitutiva represiput	-washing-distributed the samples and the sampl	
	-68	476	3.	6.8	CU	45 -
	2 5	070	12	7.2	1143	21 -
1	112	31.00	Cie	3.5	2 5	
	5.46	-0091	2.31	8.1	7 7	<u></u>
3	0011-	2500	Y L-	8.5-	7910	0.01
	388-	717	3,50-	-11.6	1.820	03-
	-123	978	-11.0	A.0-	1083	- 17 F_
	-165	7891	4.1-	-5.7	17.5	21/4
- 6	0/1-	SAO	3.0-	8.0-	Sigo	0.3-
0	-170	ar in	0.5-	-1.5	0607	01
I	38	. <u>S</u>	4.11	8.4	2006	5-
5	41-	5100	-1.5	8.0~	10 0	7.5-
3	5,00	0 88	6.8	2.2	001-	000-
4	402-	715	-4.7	4.8-	7990	-3.440
ā	-5/2	0 02	9.8-	4.4	1,803	20.4
a	104	1605	7.12	-3.6	0818	-050
5	01-	506	-24.5	6.5.5-	756	875-
8	0.00-	818	1.0 -	1.6/-	1592	F. 72
6	-2'	69	-1.5	-1.8	SELO	-1189
0	715	567	I.S	2.2.0	937	13 F-
1	57	274	22.5	11.3	214	(3.5)
12	5	630	6.8	2.4	1065	FM) In
3						
34	575	1300	25.3	3.08	0.5	-575-
5	07-	1610	0.18-	-23.0	8.18	2015
7	-24E	616	8.25-	-11.3	10.0	05-
7	-D10-	543	-51. F	-17.8	8001	-5 ¹
8	150	7.15	9.7	8.6		0372
6	0.50	730	3.0.7	0.6	180	DE 18-
0	0.9	1730	3.8	2.1	01/05	0 -
E	7,50	1600	0.1	A .	1565	B*, c I
	-1.565	1000	-72.0	3435-	1 40	200E-
3	. 8	745	0.7	4.0	7-0	75 7-
A	5.5	0077	9.7	A. A	6000	808
5	4133	459	-35.11	-27.6	204	-274
8	(18)	OTAC	5.	5.0	003	-1/10

TABLE XVI (continued)
Calculation of Principal Strains

	P	Q.	H	I	3	K
				Angle	Hajor	Minor
Gago				Principal	Principal	
No.				Strain	Strain	Strain
		(E2+ F2)	Arc	, -		
	B-D	(E-+ L-)"	Tan	油 田	D+G	D-G
			7/2			
1	65	600	6.2	3.1	1165	-35
2	110	815	7.8	3.9	1335	-295
3	1330	4690	16.5	8.2	7960	-1420
4	690	3300	12.1	6.0	5450	-1150
5	-615	31.40	-11.3	-5.6	5305	-975
6	-280	790	-20.7	-10.3	1590	10
7	-95	850	-6.6	-3.3	1410	-285
8	280	1700	9.5	4.8	2360	-1040
9	-90	3480	-1.5	-0.8	6340	-620
10	-550	3720	-3.4	-1.7	7260	-180
11	-1060	1700	-38.6	-19.3	4950	1550
13						
13	145	3915	2.0	1.0	7490	-340
14	-665	6346	-6.0	-3.0	10801	-1891
15	-620	4330	-8.3	-4.1	7510	-1150
16	-360	2050	-7.3	-3.6	2970	-1130
17	-275	683	-23.8	-11.9	1058	-308
18	-495	980	-30.4	-15.3	1965	5
19	-420	5870	-4.1	-3.0	10070	-1670
50	305	775	23.3	11.6	1330	-270
51	245	643	22.4	11.2	1468	182
23 23	-50	1060	-2.6	-1.3	1720	-400
24	550	2300	13.8	6.9	3820	-780
25	-985	2400	-24.3	-13.3	3565	-1235
26	-440	975	-26.8	-13.4	1595	-355
27	-360	633	-34.7	-17.4	1213	-53
28	-40	1350	-1.6	-0.8	1710	-990
29	285	1410	11.6	5.8	1315	-1505
30	-85	27 45	-1.8	-0.9	4990	-500
31	600	3900	8.9	4.4	5640	-2160
32	1165	2340	31.3		2855	-1625
33	-225	5935	-2.2		10020	-1850
34	315	4015	4.5	2.2	7410	-620
35	-375	511	-47.1	-23.6	716	-306
36	25	3235	0	0	4640	-1830

Culcul tion of Fring tring

~004		1 000	140,000	6 . Oct 8 .	Physol No.		
Allebarration can be	-	- 4	I	R	<u> </u>	1	
	TOPY	"oi 3"	0.00				
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	Dud	044	8 4	95	(T + T)	77	
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# glottle and artists of	the same of the sa	nin etmolysisky spretrymer stills, die Styrmelsen espe		13			
	0.0-	1185	1.3	18.0	600	-00	£
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	10	0952	-10,2	7.00-	U 62	030-	8
	256-	0.051	F .8 -	0.0-	0.68	-95	9
	-1600	00 5		345	1700	2.0	8
	058-	624O	3.0-	0.5-	CARD	- 310	12
	-210	7,50	7. F.	2.50	US 62	0100-	OT
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	00%-	10001	O.E.E.	(, " J	408	Llic-	Li
	8	gret	L. I-	-33.	630	0.35 -	9.5
	-1 C70	10.70	0	J. Jahr	Car	021-	3.9
	n	7 20 50	11.6	C . W. 1-4	062	300	(30)
	COI	1468	11.2	22.4	300	245	F.
	0.18	1750	8.1-	0.8-	1060	00-	6.6
				200			100
	J. 11/2	2202	7.2	16-81	C. C.	003	Vc.
	John I	داللة	U.E.S	8.05-	243	391-	36
	,) w	1	-12.6	8. 0.	678	044-	26
	, me	I I.	-17.5	-3.7	E57	~3	440
	C1 -	I/L		0.1-	132	0 -	911
	-1 (0)	177		71.6	1110	3	103
	C72,-	(4/6)	-0-	0 . £-	2740	8-	00%
	3.91-	5370		9.0	W105	11.2	1
	W131-	0 [CL. 3	2 2	9 6-	33
	.3-	L .	es de la companya de		402	ST.	- G
	8/85-	93.0		1.7 -	2 20	378-	81)
	0501-	03.55	0	0	35.0	616-	83
	Contract of the Contract of th	1		0	سد فادا	G 1	00

TABLE XVI Calculation of Principal Strains

	A	В	C	D	E
Gage	A Axis strain	B Axis strain	C Axis		
No.				} (A+B)	A-D
				g (x12)	<i>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i>
1	1160	630	-30	565	595
2	1330	630	-290	520	810
3	7770	4600	-1230	3270	4500
4	5380	2840	-1080	2150	3230
5	5250	1550	-920	21.65	3085
5	1540	520	60	800	740
7	1410	470	-280	565	845
8	2340	380 '	-1020	660	1680
9	6340	2770	-620	2860	3480
10	7260	3320	-180	3540	3720
11	4580	2190	1920	3250	1330
12	off scale	6000	-1550		
13	7490	3720	-340	3575	3915
14	10800	3790	-1890	4455	6345
15	7470	2560	-1110	31.80	4290
16	2950	660	-1110	920	2030
17	1000	100	-250	375	625
18	1830	490	140	985	845
19	10070	3780	-1670	4200	5870
30	1270	860	-160	555	715
S1	1420	1070	230	825	595
33	1720	610	-400	660	1060
23					
24	3760	2070	-720	1520	2240
25	3350	180	-1020	1165	2185
26	1490	180	-250	620	870
37	1100	220	60	580 360	520
28 29	1710	320 190	-990 -1480	-95	1350 1385
	1290	2160	-500	2245	2745
30 31	4 990 5 590	2340	-2110	1740	3850
		-55 0	-1300	615	1915
32 33	2530 10020	2860	-1850	4085	5935
34	7410	3710	-620	3395	4015
35	620	-170	-210	205	415
36	4640	1430	-1830	1405	3235
37	10	1430	-1000	1400	0000
38	-240				
	1090				
39 40	400				
41					
13	_70 810				

THE PLAN acatalis of an analysis

TABLE WII

AND MAGNITUDE OF PRINCIPAL STRAINS AS SEEN BY AN OBSERVER LOOKING AT AND THROUGH THE PANEL FROM THE UNSTIFFENED SIDE.



ROBETTE			LOAD	IN POUND	5		
NUMBER	20,000	40,000	60,000	80,000	100,000	120,000	140,000
1	3.2 109	11.+ 262	12.8 418	14.1 -47	16.0 273	15.0 -335	14.2 1365
2	7.8 291	5.9 -118	6.4 -214	6-3 -298	12.2 -705	14.4 4810	10.2 -1345
3	1.2 -70	0.7 100	5.6 -217	2.2 -110	3.0 -134	2.2 -170	3.3 -735
4	4.0 -125	3.8 -305	0.9	2.4	2.6 -1095	\	
5	3.0 400	1.6 4.220	0.4 2060	2.8 -1390	1-0 2000	0.4 6810	/8770
6	2.2 40	1.5 -310	1.2 -700	2630	2.2 4610	0.03530	2.4 9500
7	2.7 \110	3.0 392	2.6 -250	2.0 -240	14 -290	1.8 1310	1.3 - 360
8	2.6 20	10.9 -48	15.475	18.8 -136	20.8 -171	21.3 -242	19.4 -297
9	5.9 -23	5.1	4.5 -125	5.0 -176	7.4 1194	17.4 -123	16.6 -180
10	12.0 217	14.8 488	12.2	3.8 1.570	40 -815	6.4 -1195	0.7 6295
H.	0.4 250	0.0 \\-215 8.4 \\-45	2-3 210	4.8 -434	6.7 -530	8.4 1553	44 -675
12	0.020	8.4 195	10.6 -74	13.1 459	14.8 64+	15.0 305	13.9 1304

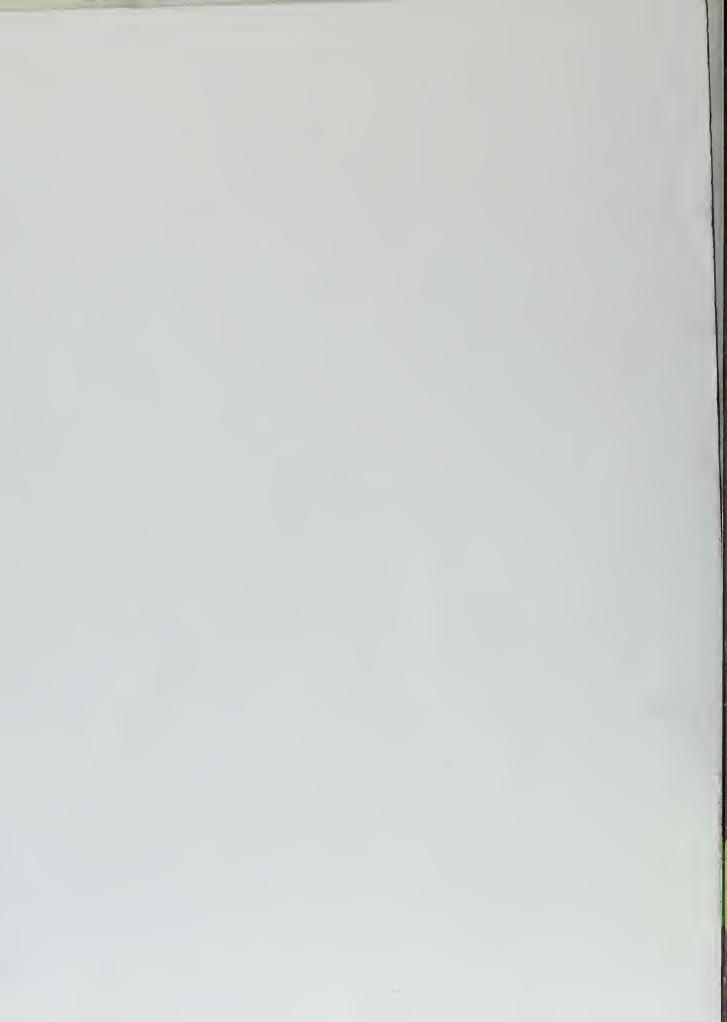


TABLE XVII (CONT'D)

RESULTS OF ROSETTE CALCULATIONS FOR PANEL ONE SHOWING DIRECTION AND MAGNITUDE OF PRINCIPAL STRAINS AS SEEN BY AN OBSERVER LOOKING AT AND THROUGH THE PANEL FROM THE UNSTIFFENED SIDE.

ROSETTE			LOA	D IN PO	See and		
NUMBER	20,000	40,000	60,000	80,000	100,006	120,000	140,000
13	2.6 -50	2.9 -71	1.7 420	1.0 -100	0.0 -120	1.9 -140	3.8 238
14	5.3 273	5.8 548	E.6 -231	6.6 -331	12.6 2605	12.4 -1500	7.0 -1555
15	2.2 400	4.7 843	6.0 -400	6.2 -530	B.T12.05	1.8 -620	1.2 4510
16	8.6 -78	10.4 534	10.7 4 -298	9.6 - 149	10.1 _ 366	12.6 -635	10.2 -1025
17	0.0 85	0.8 -69	3.0 406	68 -154	5.9 -201	3.8 - 248	10 -461
18	1.5 160	3.6 271	5.6 -75	3.9 -84	5.2 -93	7.0 205	00 -270
19	11.7 -38	13.2 -42	13.7 532	7.6 - 84	15-2 983	0.8 -230	9.2 1906
20	18 203 -67	2.5 680	0.6 1370	1.8 - 904	5.2 -1778	2.0 -2956	2.2 -1298
21	0.0	F.1 -240	2.6 1500	5.2 2825	3.2 -2150	24 5820	1.5 7830
22	43 242	2.9 -244	#.8 \\- 540	2.3 -630	1.6 -464	1-0 -770	118 -1265
23	0.0	0.8	2.5 520	10.5 803		10.2 -370	15.8 +323
24	1.9 -60	6.5 173	8.7 -119	8.0 -119	10.3 -120	11.5 -172	1410 -329
25	14.7	7.0 4 -54	5.4 294	44 423	2.0 / 180	2.0150	5.0 -37/
26	7.8 -67	4.0 -205		015 -400	0.4 1610	0.4 400	6.8 -510
27	45 -20	3.7 -32	1.6 245	3.8 4 -63	6.3 492	5.6 692	0.6 -159



TABLE XVIII

RESULTS OF ROSETTE CALCULATIONS FOR PANEL TWO SHOWING DIRECTION AND MAGNITUDE OF PRINCIPAL STRAINS AS SEEN BY AN OBSERVER LOOKING AT AND THROUGH THE PANEL FROM THE UNSTIFFENED SIDE.



ROSETTE			LOAD	IN POUNDS			
NUMBER	20,000	40,000	60,000	80,000	100,000	120,000	140.000
1	15.1 -4	10.8	7-2 -17	4.2 SZO 735	3.5 -33	7.3 -34	3.1 -35
ż	15.0 4 -4	14.0118	10.9157	8.6195	8.0 -190	5.7 -213	3.9 -295
3	/6.E -41	3.0 -146	1130	18 -240	3.9 -460	3.8 - 825	B.Z -1420
4	3.A -104	4.9 201	6.8 -233	9.0 -400	2365		5.0 -1150
5	105 -67	9.2 -133	88 -222	11.8 -300	3.6 655		5.6 -975
6	15.4 -52	473	9.8 -108	900	12.2 \61	11.840	10.3 + 10
7	7.1 -34	6.8 -56	6.6 -80	7.0 -05	7.6 -115	5.8 -173	3.3 /4/0
8	51 -83	3.7 195	2.3 -3/a	2.4 -440	2.6 -620	3.7 -815	4.8 2360
9	320	0.7 -120		0.9 -300	2.9 -4/0		0.8 -620
10	500	0.8 -120	0-8 -200	1.6 2880	0.5 -260	1.5 -210	1.7 -180
u	546 0.4 L110	20 -240	2.4 -380	3.1 Z085	4.1 2465	6.2 / 3055	183 +1550
12	1.0	1.6 -190	0.8 -260	0.3 / +110	0-6 -430	0.8 -750	SCALE



RESULTS OF ROSETTE CALCULATIONS FOR PANEL TWO SHOWING DIRECTION AND MAGNITUDE OF PRINCIPAL STRAINS AS SEEN BY AN OBSERVER LOOKING AT AND THROUGH THE PANEL FROM THE UNSTIFFENED SIDE.

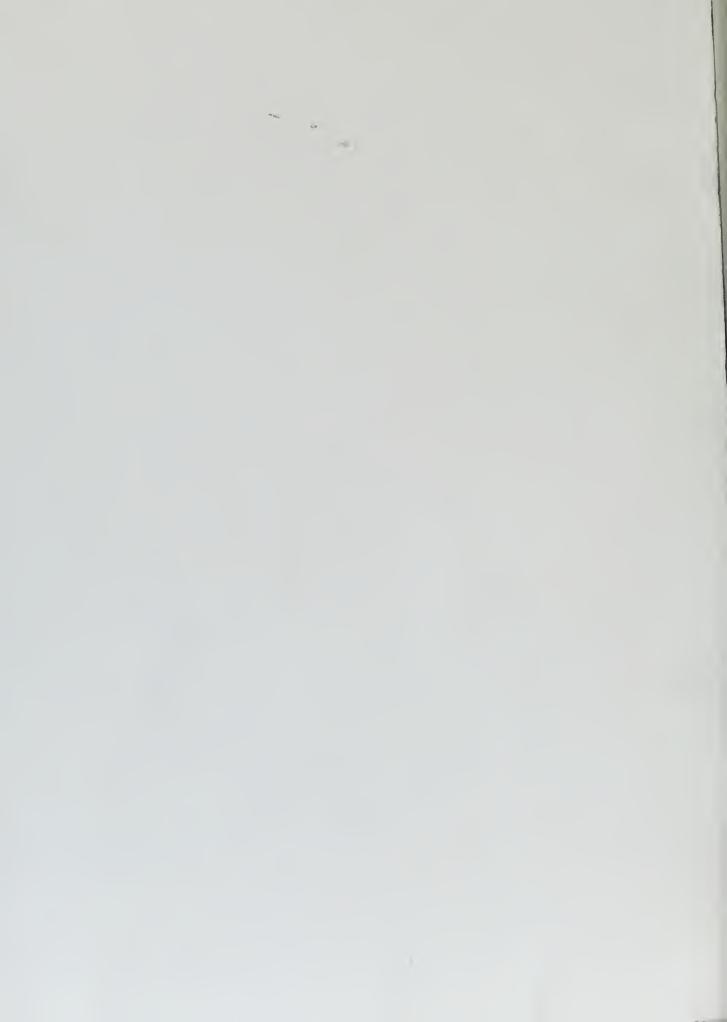
ROSEITE			LO	AD IN POUND	S		
NUMBER	20,000	40,000	60,000	80,000	100,000	140,000	160,000
13	42 L -107	36.6 - 610	2075	4.3 -335	2.8 4350	3.2 - 390	1.0 2 -34
14.	23 -80	2.5 -180	4.2 -585	3.4	2.0 -1740	2.4 7990	3.0 -18
15	5.0 254	3.8 -194	4.5 -368	8.2 3325	6-6 -805	4.4 -965	41 -115
16	47 -93	2.5 -210	3.4 -318	3.4 -454	3.4	3.6 2360	3.6 -113
17	18.8 -32	15.8 -69	13.2 -92	11.6 -126	12.1 -163	12.2 -226	11.9 -30
18	18.6 -22	15.4 -34	13.7 -46	13.3 -50	14.4 -50	15.2 -32	15.2 1965
10	48 -66	4.0 1415	3.2 -240	0.4 4530	1.8 -750	1.8 -1180	2.0 10 070
20	52.0 -52	31.5	18.0 -57	15.5 - 96	14.1 -108	13.0 -147	11.6 -22
21	20.4 (177	16.9 -60	14.9 -67	12.9 807	120 2 -35	11.2 4 + 66	11.2 / 1468
22	20.6 -49	18.0 -105	14.0 -142	11-2 -168	3.0 -155	3.4 -195	113 -41
24	0.7 -50	4.3	6.3 -102	9.4	12.6 -275	13.2 -375	6.9 -78
25	12-1 208	11.4 528	10.6 -279	11.3 371	12-1 1320	13.0 2235	12.2 -12:
26	30.6 - 21	14.4 -114	12.6 -158	11.2 687	10.9 795	11.8 1020	13.4 1505
27	31.3 235	12.6 -144	11.6 560	13.0 705	15.9 860	17.2 -58	17.4 12.13



TABLE XVIII (CONT'O)

RESULTS OF ROSETTE CALCULATIONS FOR PANEL TWO SHOWING DIRECTION AND MAGNITUDE OF PRINCIPAL STRAINS AS SEEN BY AN OBSERVER LOOKING AT AND THROUGH THE PANEL FROM THE UNSTIFFENED SIDE.

POSETTE			LOA	IN POUND	S		
NUMBER	20.000	40,000	60.000	80,000	100,000	120,000	140,000
28	33.8 -46	9.9 L -158	7-7 -238	12.0 / -335	11.1 2 -533	4.6 4.750	0.8 - 390
29	225 -158	14.0 2-310	6-4 -216	42 -693	8.0 -1002	8.4 -1280	5.8 _ 1505
30	16.7 4 -113	0.6 -232	8.0 295	8.5 493	7.1 2 -369	1.9 2040	0.9 1990
31	0.0 -180	15.4 -340	11.9 -509	5.6 -767	23 -1060	4.4 -1635	4.4 2160
32	33.5 \163	30.1 -316	30.2 -603	29.5 -1001	26.2 -1308	35.5 -1095	15.6 -1625
33	2.2 -80	3.7 -244	3.6 -420	1.1	0.0	0.4 -1470	1.1 1850
34	4.0 -42	1.2 -100	5.2	6.1 2960	6.6 4585	4.8 -505	2.2 -620
35	19.5 -46	12.8	14.3	11.7 -175	15.0 -220	17.6	23.6 - 3,86
36	148 202	15.4	10.Z -464	1.2 -610	2420	0.7 2-1410	0.0 -1630
37	1-10	-78	-130	~160	-150	- 90	+10
38	110	30	-100	- 240	-290	1-300	1-240
39	430	530	530	520	640	840	1000
40	230	210	/40	90	110	210	400
41 42	1110 200	50 280	-50 260	1-170 240	1-190 340	1-160 510	-70 810



APPHEDIX D

References

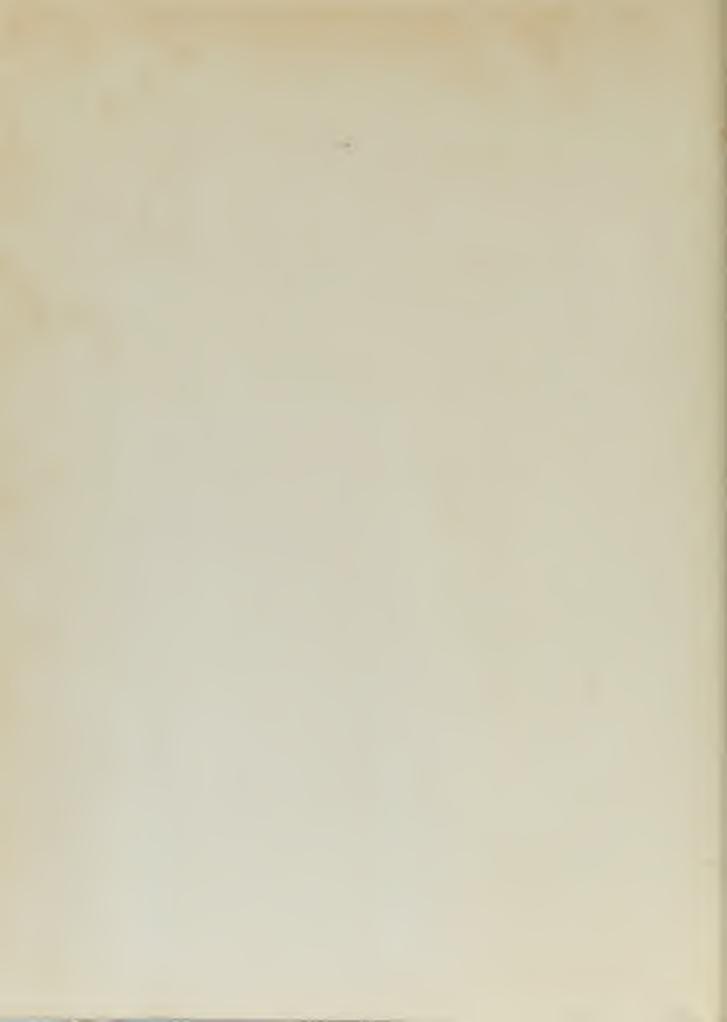
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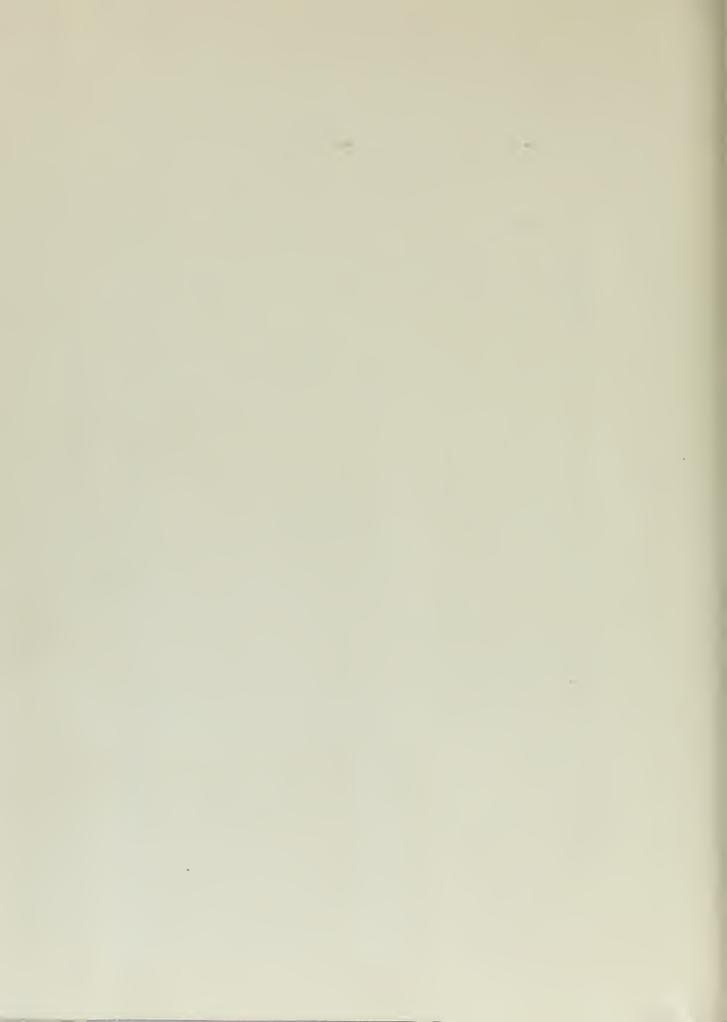
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